

- Owaho** (ō-wa'-ho), adj. Pertaining to the outside.
- Owaho** (o-wa'-ho), prep. Of or belonging to the outside; out of; external.
- Owai** (o-wa'i), pron. int. Who? what person? It refers only to persons.
- Owaiku** (o-wa'i-ku), n. [Literally, (Newa) o Waiku, the sickness or weakness of Waiku.] The worst form of asthma.
- Owaka** (o-wa'-ka), adj. Open; spread open, as a flower; open, as the mouth for speaking.
- Owaka** (o-wa'-ka), v. To open, as a flower; mohola; ua hamama, ua owaka ka pua o ka laau.
- Owakawaka** (o-wa'-ka-wa'-ka), n. Daybreak; the breaking or opening of daylight; o ka wehe ana o ke alaula ame ka malamalama o ke kakahiaka.
- Owakawaka** (o-wa'-ka-wa'-ka), v. To be somewhat light, as the light of the moon. See wakawaka.
- Owala** (o-wa'-la), v. 1. To throw a somersault; to turn upside down. 2. To throw by bucking, as a horse his rider. 3. To move one way and the other, as if about to throw; to brandish.
- Owali** (o-wa'-li), adj. Weak; infirm; flexible. Syn: Nawali, wali.
- Owaowa** (o'-wā-ō-wa'), adj. Divided; cleft.
- Owaowa** (o'-wā-ō-wa'), v. [Owa, to be split.] To be full of cracks, rents or longitudinal fissures.
- Owaowaka** (o-wa'-o-wa'-ka), n. 1. A species of marine shell fish of the clam kind. See papaua. 2. A species of limu or sea moss, also called huluhulu-waena.
- Owau** (o-wa'u), n. 1. A cat; so called from her noise. Also called popoki. 2. A species of oopu, a fish found in fresh water. Same as oau; also called okuhekuhe.
- Owau** (o-wa'u), pron. Word used by speaker of himself; I. See au, oau, and wau.
- Owau** (o-wa'u), v. To answer I, in obedience to a call or a question; Owai ka mea papale ie o oukou? Owau aku la no hoi au, owau, Who among you has a straw hat? I replied to him, "I."
- Owawa** (o-wa'-wa), n. A ditch; a furrow; e hana owawa, e auwaha. Syn: Awaa.
- Owe** (o-wē'), n. 1. A continued indistinct sound; an echo. 2. The sound of surf; of a ship passing through water, of an army at a distance; the murmur of water.
- Owehewehe** (o-we'-he-we'-he), n. A clearing; an opening.
- Owehewehe** (o-we'-he-we'-he), v. To open quietly; to disclose.
- Owela** (o-we'-la), n. [Wela, hot.] 1. A blighting heat that destroys vegetation. 2. A countless number of individual units, as men covering a field. 3. A tract of land burnt over by fire. 4. A blister.
- Owene** (o-we'-ne), n. 1. The first crop of taro taken from new land. 2. A species of taro whose tuber has a yellowish tinge.
- Oweowene** (o-we'-o-we'-ne), n. A small tuber of the taro plant, a little larger than the onihinihi.
- Owewene** (o-we'-we'-ne), n. Same as oweowene.
- Owi** (o-wi'), n. A small shrub (*Verbena nariensis*), a nuisance to farmers. Also called oi.
- Owili** (o-wi'-li), n. 1. A roll, as of cloth or of paper; a skein of thread; a roll of a mat: he owili palapala, the roll of a book. Koi owili, a koi (ax) made gougelike for working the inside of canoes. 2. A very thick surf-board made of wiliwili wood.
- Owili** (o-wi'-li), v. 1. To roll up; to twist; to fold up, as the hands. 2. To roll together, as a roll of paper that has been opened. 3. To twist a thing to make it crooked.

P

P, the tenth letter of the Hawaiian alphabet. It represents, as in English, a labial sound. Hawaiians sometimes use it erroneously for

B in words derived from English, as pipi for bipi. It is often used also for "f" as in the word piku for fiku, a fig, etc.

Pa (pā). 1. A distributive particle prefixed to other words, as nouns, adjectives and verbs; mostly, however, to numeral adjectives; as, pakahi, one by one, each one; palua or papalua, two by two, two-fold, double; pakolu, each of the three, three-fold; pahiku, by sevens, seven-fold, etc., and so on to any number. These words are sometimes constructed in the sentence as verbs, and thus become verbs: Ua pahiku mai la oia i ka ia ia makou, he divided to us the fish by sevens; E pau-mi aku ia lakou, give them ten each. 2. As a particle, pa, like ka, ma, na, etc., is prefixed to a great many words, but the definite meaning of such particles is not apparent.

Pa (pā), adj. Barren, as a female; applied to mankind or animals.

Pa (pā), n. An material having a flat surface, as a board (see papa), a plate, a server, a pan; pa wili ai, a poi board; pa holoi, a basin to wash in; pa hao, an iron pan. (With this meaning, pa takes ke for its article.) 2. A wall or fence; an inclosure.

Pa (pa), v. 1. To divide out to individuals, as several things to two or more: E pa lima ae oe ia lakou, divide out five apiece to them (used only with numerals). 2. To inclose with a fence. 3. To be barren or childless; applied to females of animals or mankind. 4. To be touched; to be hit. 5. To blow, as the wind.

Paa, (pa'a), adj. Tight; fast; secured; immovable; finished.

Paa (pa'a), adv. Steadfastly; perseveringly.

Paa (pa'a), n. 1. A pair; a suit, as of shoes, socks or other clothes. Lunk. 14:12. Paa lole komo, a suit of clothes. Lunk. 17:10. 2. In geometry, a solid. See paaili.

Paa (pa'a), v. 1. To be tight; to be fast; to be completed; to be established. 2. To hold; to retain; to keep.

Paaa (pā-ā-ā'), adj. [Aa, stony.] 1. Stony, as land; full of stones. 2. Burnt; scorched.

Paaa (pā-a'a), n. Fiber of any vegetable growth as distinguished from

the pulp; outer covering of fibrous plants.

Paaalaha (pā'-a'a-lā'-ha), n. A memento; a keepsake. Syn: Pau-maunoonoo, paaloha.

Paahana (pa'a-ha'-na), n. One busily engaged; a workman; a mechanic; an artificer; a tradesman.

Paahana (pa'a-hā'-na), n. Instruments, fixtures, or what belongs to or accompanies other instruments requisite to an end; utensils.

Paahana (pa'a-hā'-na), v. [Paa, steadfastly, and hana, to work.] To be busy; to work constantly.

Paahao (pa'a-hā'o), adj. Made fast; iron bound; bolted; halepaahao, wahi paahao, a prison; lua paahao, a dungeon.

Paahao (pa'a-hā'o), n. [Paa, fast, and hao, iron.] 1. One bound; a prisoner. Epes. 4:1. 2. One bound to work; a servant by constraint. 3. The system of work under the Hawaiian government in which the common people worked out their taxes; he koele, he hana aupuni.

Paahao (pa'a-hā'o), v. [Paa, fast, and hao, iron.] To be iron bound; to be a prisoner.

Paahi (pā'-ā'-hi), n. [Pa, pan, and ahi, fire.] A fire pan.

Paahihi (pa'a-hī'-hī'), v. [Paa and hihi, to spread out.] To work here and there; to extend one's operations.

Paahono (pa'a-hō'-no), v. [Paa, fast, and hono, to stitch.] To be fastened by patching; to be repaired as patchwork.

Paaili (pa'a-ī'-li), n. [Paa, a solid, and ili, side; surface.] A solid with sides according to the number specified: Paailiha, a pyramid, etc.

Paailiha (pa'a-ī'-lī-hā'), n. [Paaili, a solid, and ha, four.] A solid inclosed by four triangular sides; a pyramid.

Paailihalike (pa'a-ī'-lī-hā'-lī'-ke), n. A solid inclosed by four equal and similar triangular sides.

Paailiwakalua (pa'a-ī'-lī-i-wā-kā'-lū'a), n. [Paaili and iwakalua, twenty.] A twenty-sided solid, the sides being triangles, equal and similar.

- Paalikaulikehio** (pa'a-i'-li-kā'u-lī-kē-hī'-ō'), n. An oblique parallelo-piped.
- Paalikupono** (pa'a-i'-li-kū-pō'-no), n. A cube or rectangular parallelo-piped.
- Paailiono** (pa'a-i'-li-ō'-no), n. [Paa, ili and ono, six.] A solid having six sides.
- Paailionolike** (pa'a-i'-li-ō'-nō-lī'-ke), n. A solid with six equal sides; a cube.
- Paailiumikumamalua** (pa'a-i'-li-ū'-mī-kū'-mā'-mā-lū'a), n. [Paaili and umikumamalua, twelve.] A twelve-sided solid, the sides being equal, that is, five-sided polygons.
- Paakahili** (pa'a-kā-hī'-li), n. [Paa and kahili, a fly-brush.] An officer of a high chief who took care of the kahilis: ma kahi e noho ai na 'lii e noho pu no ka paakahili.
- Paakai** (pa'a-kā'i), n. [Paa and kai, sea water.] Salt; that which gives sea water its taste; ke kumu o ke kai.
- Paakai** (pa'a-kā-i'), n. A variety of the taro plant.
- Paakea** (pa'a-kē'a), n. 1. The hard coral formation usually found under the surface on the leaside of the Hawaiian islands. 2. A stone out of which maika stones were made.
- Paakiki** (pa'a-kī'-kī'), adj. Hard; compact; difficult to do; perverse; disobedient; unbelieving.
- Paakiki** (pa'a-kī'-ki), n. Hardness; compactness; applied to the heart, stubbornness; perverseness. Syn: Oolea.
- Paakiki** (pa'a-kī'-kī'), v. [Paa, solid, and kiki, intensive, very, exceedingly.] 1. To be very hard, as a stone or any solid substance. 2. Fig. Applied to the will, to be obstinate; to be self-willed; to be disobedient; to be unyielding to the will of another. 3. Applied to the heart, to be hard-hearted; to be unbelieving through perverseness of disposition; to turn away from the influence of truth.
- Paakuku** (pa'a-kū'-kū'), adj. [Paa, firm, and kuku, to stand.] 1. Firmly fixed; immovable; constant. 2. Applied to persons, parsimonious; avaricious. 3. Stiff, as hard poi.
- Paalalo** (pa'a-lā'-lo), v. To serve as a favorite or in any manner in the presence of the chief: paalalo malalo ae o ke alii. Paalalo malalo ae o ke Akua, or paalalo o ke Akua.
- Paalaumania** (pa'a-lā'-u-mā-nī'-a), n. [Paa, solid, and laumania, smooth.] A regular or smooth solid; that is, a plane solid figure.
- Paalii** (pā'-ā-li'i), n. A medicine made from the leaves of the alii tree.
- Paaloha** (pa'a-lō'-ha), n. [Paa and loha, love.] A keepsake; a memento.
- Paaluhi** (pa'a-lū'-hi), v. [Paa and luhi, fatigue.] To be overcome with weariness.
- Paamaunoonoo** (pa'a-mā'-u-no'o-no'o), n. A keepsake; a memento. Paumaunoonoo is more generally used.
- Paamua** (pa'a-mū'-a), n. 1. A movement of wind in the bowels. 2. A rushing; an opposition to some movement. Syn: Opihapiha. 3. One who continues daily in prayer.
- Paani** (pā'-ā-ni), adj. Belonging to play or amusement; trifling; hale paani, a theater.
- Paani** (pā'-ā-ni), n. A play; a sport; a playing, as among children enjoying a pastime; a general name for play, sport, exercise; the enjoyment of a pastime; he paani pono kekahi, he paani pono ole kekahi. (The Hawaiians anciently spent much of their time in paani, games or lealea, sensual gratifications.)
- Paani** (pā'-ā-ni), v. To play; to sport; to have the enjoyment and pastime of children; to wrestle; to box; to run races, etc.
- Paaoao** (pā'-ā'o-ā'o), adj. [Pa and aoao, side.] Lit. by sides; side-ways; on one side; one-sided; hit on side.
- Paaoao** (pā'-ā'o-ā'o), n. A sickness; a weakness; mostly of children; want of strength; mai paaoao, hemo ke kino e.
- Paaoaoa** (pā'-ā-oā-oā'), adj. Not properly fitted; loosely put together.
- Paapaa** (pa'a-pa'a), n. 1. A disputing; oral disputation. 2. Variant of papaa, a species of fish, also called pakii.

- Paapaaina** (pa'a-pa'a-i'na), n. Same as papaaina.
- Paapaaina** (pa'a-pā'a-i-na), v. Same as papaaina.
- Paapani** (pa'a-pā'-ni), adj., n., v. Same as papani.
- Paapoepoe** (pa'a-pō'-ē-pō'-e), n. [Paa, a solid, and poepoe, round.] A circular solid; a globe.
- Paapu** (pa'a-pū'), adj. 1. Consisting of a great number of individual objects closely joined. 2. Encircled; covered; overspread.
- Paapu** (pa'a-pū'), adv. Thickly; numerously; all together; in great numbers.
- Paapu** (pa'a-pū'), v. 1. To be crowded; to be numerous. 2. To be overspread; to be overwhelmed.
- Paau** (pā'-āu), n. [Paaa, the outside covering of fibrous plants.] The skin of a banana stalk.
- Paaua** (pā'-ā-ū'a), adj. Hired; working as a hired man.
- Paaua** (pā'-ā'-ūa), n. A laborer; a workman; a hired man.
- Paauma** (pa'a-ū'-ma), adj. [Paa, fast, and uma, to push or draw.] Fast to the breast, or pulled towards the breast: pahi paauma, a drawing knife; a shave.
- Paauma** (pa'a-ū'-ma), n. 1. A game which exercised the muscles of the arm. Same as uma. 2. The clutch of the uma game.
- Paawaha** (pa'a-wā'-ha), n. [Paa, tight, and waha, mouth.] A bridle. Syn: Kaulawaha.
- Paawela** (pa'a-wē'-la), adj. Burnt; scorched, as the skin by the fire; paawela kona ili i ke ahi.
- Paawela** (pa'a-wē'-la), n. [Paa, burnt, and wela, heat.] A burning; a scar from burning.
- Pae** (pa'e), n. 1. A cluster, a group; a grouping of similar inanimate objects: he pae hau, a group of hau trees. 2. A margin or border.
- Pae** (pā'-ē'), n. A rolling or reverberating sound.
- Pae** (pā'-ē'), n. 1. A bunch of cleaned tissues of plants consisting of ten layers of clean fiber, applied to the olona bark. 2. Branch of the olona.
- Pae** (pa'e), v. To be put on shore from the sea or from any body of water. 2. To lift, to raise a little. See paepae.
- Pae** (pā'-ē'), v. To peel; to take off outer covering of a plant.
- Pae** (pā'-ē'), v. To strike upon the ear, as a distant sound.
- Paea** (pā'-ē-a), adj. [Mod., probably the Hawaiian pronunciation for the word fire in connection with flint.] Flinty; hard, as a rock: pohaku paea, a carbuncle.
- Paea** (pā'-ē-a), n. A flint; a fire stone; he pohaku ahi.
- Paeaea** (pā'-e'a-e'a), adj. Smooth; unruffled, as a smooth sea. Syn: Kaipaeaea.
- Paeaea** (pā'-e'a-e'a), n. 1. Hardness; severity; cruelty. 2. Conduct contrary to uprightness; ka hana ku like ole me ka pono.
- Paeaea** (pā'-ē'-ā-ē'-a), n. 1. A signaling with the arms. 2. The act of fishing with hook and line. Syn: Kaipaeaea.
- Paeaea** (pā'-ē'-a-ē'-a), v. To fish with hook and line; to angle.
- Pae** (pā'-ē'-ē'), v. To be indistinct; to be vague of sound or sight.
- Paeae** (pā'-ē'-e'e), n. [Pae, to support.] 1. A lying down upon, as one lies down on his surf-board to swim. 2. The resting of the head on a pillow. 3. Harvesting the breadfruit.
- Paehia** (pa'e-hi'a), v. To fasten the aho, or small sticks to which the thatching is tied, on a building.
- Paehumu** (pā'-e-hū'-mu), adj. Confining; restraining: e hoopaaia iloko o ka hale paehumu, that he should be confined in a prison house. Laleik, p. 163.
- Paekii** (pa'e-ki'i), n. Low clouds; clouds lying on the horizon.
- Paele** (pā'-ē'-le), adj. Dirty; besmeared with dirt; black; blackened.
- Paele** (pā'-ē'-le), n. 1. A black skin; blackness; a dark color. 2. A negro.
- Paele** (pā'-ē'-le), v. [Pa and ele, black.] To be covered with dirt; to besmear; to blacken, as with charcoal; to color the skin black; ua paeleia ka hapalua hookahi o ke kanaka a eleele loa; to paint black: a paele i ka waa.
- Paepae** (pā'-ē-pā'-ē'), adj. Indistinct, confused, said of sound.

- Paepae** (pā'-ē-pā'-ē'), n. Confused noises; confusion in sounds.
- Paepae** (pā'-e-pā'-e), n. Any substance upon which another lies to keep it from the ground; a stool; a threshold; a supporter; a prop; the plate of a house on which the rafters rest; a pavement of stones; a platform.
- Paepae** (pā'-e-pā'-e), v. To hold or bear up; to support; to sustain.
- Paepaekomo** (pā'-e-pā'-e-kō'-mo), n. The axle or axle-tree of a wheel: *paepaekomo i na pokakaa.*
- Paepaepuka** (pā'-e-pā'-e-pū'-ka), n. [Paepae, a platform, and puka, a doorway.] A threshold.
- Paepaewawae** (pā'-e-pā'-e-wā'-wā'-e), n. [Paepae, a support, and wawae, foot.] A footstool.
- Paepu** (pā'-ē-pū'), n. [Pae, to strike, as a sound, and pu, together.] The deafening roar of the surf.
- Paepuu** (pā'-e-pu'u), n. A group of small hills; several small hills or hillocks standing in a row. Syn: Lalanipuu.
- Paewa** (pā'-ē-wā), adj. [Pa and ewa, to crook.] Bent; twisted; too short; out of shape; not in a straight line.
- Paewa** (pā'-ē-wā), v. To be crooked; not right; not according to rule.
- Paewaewa** (pā'-ē-wā-ē'-wā), adj. Uneven; irregular; crooked.
- Paewaewa** (pā'-ē-wā-ē'-wa), n. The fantastic and irregular cutting of the hair.
- Paewaewa** (pā'-ē-wā-ē'-wa), v. To be erroneous or partial in judging or in dealing; to be erroneous, unmethodical or one-sided in telling a story or making a report; *ma ka paewaewa o ka ke alii olelo ana.* Laieik. p. 51.
- Paha** (pā'-ha), adv. Perhaps; it may be so, etc.; expressive of doubt. [Paha is often used when there is very little or no doubt; a frequent expletive: *ae paha, yes perhaps, a polite way of assenting to one's opinion while the speaker withholds full belief, or even holds to an opposite opinion.*]
- Paha** (pā'-hā'), adv. and adj. Four times; by fours.
- Paha** (pā'-ha), n. Same as pala, a plant of the amau class, the leaf of which is used for food during a scarcity; in some places it is called kapala. 2. A surf board; *he papa heenalu.*
- Paha** (pā'-ha), n. Pride; haughtiness of bearing.
- Paha** (pā'-ha), v. To be proud; to boast; to be lofty in one's bearing. Syn: Pahapaha.
- Pahaa** (pā'-ha'a), adj. Short; of low stature.
- Pahaahaa** (pā'-ha'a-ha'a), adj. 1. Very short. 2. Humble.
- Pahaahaa** (pā'-ha'a-ha'a), n. Shortness; bluntness; rotundity.
- Pahaha** (pā'-hā'-ha), adj. Broad, full and plump, as the neck when one has the mumps.
- Pahaha** (pā'-hā'-ha), n. 1. A large broad swelling of the neck. 2. Scrofulous swelling.
- Pahaha** (pā'-hā'-hā'), n. Mullet next in size above the pua.
- Pahaha** (pā'-hā'-ha), v. [Pa and haha, to strut.] To strut; to walk about proudly; to play the cock-turkey.
- Pahale** (pā'-hā'-le), n. [Pa and hale, house.] An inclosure in front of a house; a court yard; the space around the house inclosed by a fence.
- Pahaneri** (pā'-hā'-nē'-ri), distrib. adv. [Pa, distributive particle, and haneri (Eng.), a hundred.] By the hundred; a hundred fold; a hundred times.
- Pahao** (pā'-hā'-o), n. [Pa, pan, and hao, iron.] 1. An iron pan or plate. 2. Iron fence. 3. An ancient game; game of touch and guess.
- Pahaohao** (pa'-ha'o-ha'o), adj. 1. Changed in appearance; transfigured; having another external form. 2. That which cannot be laid hold of; not material; not substantial, as a ghost: *he mea pahaohao, a bodiless thing.* 3. Wavering; fickle; unsteady, as in feeling or conduct; in doubt or suspense; undecided.
- Pahaohao** (pā'-ha'o-ha'o), v. [Pa and haohao, to wonder at.] 1. To have another form; to be transfigured. 2. To be changed in appearance or character.
- Pahapaha** (pā'-hā'-pā'-ha), n. A boasting; display; parade.
- Pahapaha** (pā'-hā'-pā'-ha), n. A long broad-leaved sea-grass or limu, also

- called lipaha when prepared for food.
- Pahapaha** (pā'-hā-pā'-ha), v. To brag; to display one's self.
- Pahau** (pā'-hā'u), n. 1. A class of servants that kept the food and clothes of a chief. 2. A cluster of hau trees.
- Pahau** (pā'-hā'u), v. To filch; to steal in a small way, taking a little at a time.
- Pahauna** (pā'-hā'-ū-na), n. The name of a heiau or temple near Lamaloa in Hamakua, Hawaii: he heiau kahiko kela mai ka po mai, a hiki i keia manawa. Laieik, p. 27.
- Pahe** (pā-hē'), adj. 1. Soft; easy; flexible. 2. Fluent; flowing.
- Paheahea** (pā'-hē'-ā-hē'-a), n. [Pa and hea, to call.] The voice of whispering like a ghost; a small, thin voice just audible.
- Pahee** (pā-he'e), adj. Smoothed; polished; slippery; shining, as a polished surface; smooth, as a person without hair.
- Pahee** (pā'-he'e), n. 1. A game which consists in sliding on a stick or board. 2. A sliding on any smooth surface. 3. A small shrub resembling the ilima but not so high.
- Pahee** (pā-he'e), n. 1. Slipperiness; smoothness. 2. A smooth place.
- Pahee** (pā'-he'e), v. To play at the game called pahee: ua pono ka pahee, no ka mea me ka ikaika nui e pahee ai, a ua pono no ke kino ma ia paani.
- Pahee** (pā-he'e), v. To slip; to slide.
- Paheehee** (pā'-he'e-he'e), adj. Slippery; liable to cause a fall; muddy, as a road.
- Pahēle** (pā-hē'-le), adj. In ensnaring manner or with intent to entrap: Kahī ki puka pahēle ma kahī ana i makemake ai e hei.
- Pahēle** (pā-hē'-le), n. 1. A noose for catching animals; a snare. 2. Deceit; treachery: e malama ia oe iho i na pahēle o ko Hawaii nei. 3. The deceit of an enemy.
- Pahēle** (pā-hē'-le), v. To take in a snare; to ensnare.
- Pahelo** (pā-hē'-lo), n. A slipping; a sliding.
- Pahelo** (pā-hē'-lo), n. An escaping out of confinement; a slipping out of hand.
- Pahelo** (pā-hē'-lo), v. To slip; to slide; to slip and fall.
- Pahemahema** (pā'-hē'-mā-hē'-ma), adj. [Pa and hemahema, awkward.] 1. Ignorant; awkward in the use of language; ungrammatical. 2. Lacking.
- Pahemo** (pā-hē'-mo), v. [Pa and hemo, to be loosened.] 1. To be loosened; to be set or let loose. 2. To slip, as one walking: o na-ele auanei kakou a pahemo auanei a haule ilalo. 3. To slip off, as an axe from the helve.
- Pahepahe** (pā'-hē-pā-hē'), adj. Soft; flexible; rotten.
- Pahi** (pā'-hi), n. 1. A knife; any cutting instrument of the knife kind: pahi kua, a sword; pahi pelu, a jack-knife. 2. [Tahitian.] A canoe or ship: no ka mea, aia malaila (ma Tahiti) ka waa nui. he pahi ka inoa. D. Malo, Hawaiian Antiquities, chap. 3, verse 20.
- Pahi** (pā'-hi), v. 1. Lit. To knife, that is, to cut a piece of meat thin as a knife: e oki lahilahi i ka io; e kulepelepe, e hoolepe, to cut thin. 2. To stand up on edge.
- Pahia** (pā'-hi'a), int. adv. [Pa and hia, how many?] How many fold? How many to each? How many in each group?
- Pahia** (pā'-hi'a), n. A slipping; a falling.
- Pahia** (pā'-hi'a), v. To jump in an oblique manner from a perpendicular height into the water, so that in rising to the surface the feet come up first.
- Pahiahia** (pā'-hi'a-hi'a), v. [Pahia, to slide.] To slip; to slide; to fall down in a sliding manner; to slip down; to fall feet foremost.
- Pahihahau** (pā'-hi-hā'-hā'u), n. [Pahi, a knife, and hahau, to strike.] A knife to strike with, that is, a sword.
- Pahikahi** (pā'-hi-kā'-hi), n. [Pahi, knife, and kahi, to cut.] A razor. Syn: Pahiumiumi.
- Pahikakiwi** (pā'-hi-kā'-ki'-wi), n. [Pahi, knife, and kakiwi, bent.] A crooked knife; a cutlass; a sickle.
- Pahikanikani** (pā'-hi-kā'-ni-kā'-ni), n. A knife made from a piece of hoop iron.
- Pahikaua** (pā'-hi-kā'-u-a), n. [Pahi, knife, and kua, war.] 1. A sword;

- a war knife. 2. Fig. Power; oppressive power.
- Pahiku** (pā'-hī'-ku), dist. adv. [**Pa** and **hiku**, seven.] Seven-fold; seven times; by sevens: he uku pahiku, seven-fold punishment.
- Pahilau** (pā'-hī'-lā'u), n. A falsehood; an untruth; o ka like ole o ka olelo me ka oiaio.
- Pahili** (pā'-hī'-li), v. [**Pa**, to blow, and **hili**, to turn; to twist.] 1. To blow on different sides, as a flickering wind: Ke pahili mai nei ka makani. Olepelepe ka pea i ka pahiliia o ka makani. 2. To be unsteady, said of variable wind.
- Pahilokea** (pā'-hī'-lō-kē'-a), n. [**Pahi**, knife, and **lokea**, white.] A long knife with a white handle.
- Pahilolo** (pā'-hī'-lō'-lo), adj. 1. Tall; strutting; proud in one's movements. 2. Boastful; given to overstatement; bragging.
- Pahilolo** (pā'-hī'-lō'-lo), n. 1. Deceit; falsehood. 2. Actions that belie professions.
- Pahimakalua** (pā'-hī'-mā'-kā-lū'-a), n. [**Pahi**, knife; **maka**, edge, and **lua**, two.] A double-edged sword or knife.
- Pahio** (pā'-hi'o), adj. Tall and slender, as a man; leaning over, as a house; stooping, as a person.
- Pahio** (pā'-hī-ō'), v. **Pa** and **hio**, to lean.] To lean over; to bend over in walking; to move as a weak person.
- Pahioi** (pā'-hī-ō'i), n. [**Pahi**, knife, and **oi**, sharp.] A sharp knife.
- Pahioilua** (pā'-hī-ō'i-lū'-a), n. [**Pahi** and **oilua**, two edged.] A two-edged knife or sword.
- Pahiolo** (pā'-hī-ō'-lo), n. [**Pahi**, knife, and **olo**, to vibrate.] A saw, so called from its motion in using.
- Pahipa** (pā'-hī'-pa), n. [**Pa**, yard, and **hipa** (Eng.), sheep. A yard for sheep; a sheep fold.
- Pahipahilima** (pā'-hī-pā'-hī-lī'-ma), n. An ancient game which consisted in scoring points with a pointed stick.
- Pahipaipai** (pā'-hī-pa'i-pa'i), n. [**Pahi**, knife, and **paipai**, to prune.] A pruning knife.
- Pahipelu** (pā'-hī-pē'-lu), n. [**Pahi**, a knife, and **pelu**, to double over.] A jackknife; a penknife; any shut knife.
- Pahipoomuku** (pā'-hī-po'o-mū'-ku), n. [**Pahi**, knife; **poo**, head or end; **muku**, cut off.] A knife like a razor; a butcher's knife; a knife with shortened blade.
- Pahiuhiu** (pā'-hi'u-hi'u), n. A game similar to konane or Hawaiian checkers.
- Pahiuhiu** (pā'-hi'u-hi'u), v. To move, as in moving a piece in a game of konane.
- Pahiumiumi** (pā'-hī-ū'-mī-ū'-mi), n. [**Pahi**, knife, and **umiumi**, beard.] A beard knife, that is, a razor. Syn: Pahikahi.
- Pahiwakawaka** (pā'-hī-wā'-kā-wā'-ka), n. [**Pahi**, knife, and **wakawaka**, shining.] A polished blade, as a saw, a sword; a flaming sword.
- Paho** (pā-hō'), adj. Sinking; settling down; emi, piho.
- Paho** (pā-hō'), v. Same as poho. To sink; to sink down, as in water or mud; to be out of sight under water; e nalo iloko o ka wai; to settle down in a miry place; e napoo i kahi nenelu.
- Pahoa** (pā'-hō'-a), n. 1. A sharp stone; a broken piece of a stone with a sharp edge. 2. A short wooden dagger: Oo iho la laua ia ia i ka pahoa, they two pierced him with a pahoa (short wooden sword). Hookokoke ia Lono me ka pahoa, he drew near to Captain Cook with a pahoa.
- Pahoe** (pā'-hō'-e), n. 1. A fleet of canoes. 2. A method of fishing by a cast.
- Pahoehoe** (pā'-hō'-ē-hō'-e), n. Smooth shining lava; flat unbroken lava: he pahoehoe a Pele.
- Pahoehoepele** (pā'-hō'-ē-hō'-ē-pē'-le), n. The hooks used in catching the sea-turtle.
- Pahola** (pā'-hō'-la), n. That which is made useless, ineffectual or of no account: ua hoolilo i ka olelo a ke Akua i pahola, a i pawelu, a i mea ole, i mea lapuwale.
- Pahola** (pā'-hō'-la), v. 1. To spread over; to cover. 2. To make known; to promulgate.
- Paholahola** (pā'-hō'-lā-hō'-la), v. [**Pa** and **holahola**, to drug fish.] To stupefy fish with the auhuhu or the akia.
- Pahole** (pā'-hō'-le), v. 1. To peel off, as the skin. 2. To rub; to polish

- Paholehole** (pā'-hō'-lē-hō'-le), n. 1. A break in the epidermis leaving the under surface raw. 2. Slight bruise on the skin of the neck or face caused by pinching.
- Paholehole** (pā'-hō'-lē-hō'-le), v. To be raw; to be deprived of skin.
- Paholo** (pā'-hō'-lo), v. 1. To sink in the water or mud. 2. To plunge down out of sight; to drown; to be overwhelmed. 3. To fall down out of sight. 4. To slip off the handle, as an axe, or from the finger, as a ring or thimble.
- Paholoholo** (pā'-hō'-lō-hō'-lo), v. 1. To be loose, not close fitting, not tight. 2. To slip out of place.
- Pahono** (pā'-hō'-no), v. [Pa and hono, to stitch.] To sew up, as a rent; to join two pieces of tapa or cloth by sewing; to stitch together.
- Pahonoia** (pā'-hō'-nō-i'a), adj. [Hono, to stitch.] Sewed; mended, as old garments.
- Pahoola** (pā'-hō'-o-la'), n. A tapa which is not whole; what remains of a blanket (native) after a portion has been removed; tapa damaged by a rent.
- Pahoolapalapa** (pā'-hō'-o-lā'-pā-lā'-pa), n. [Mod., Pa, pan, and hoolapalapa, to boil or fry.] A sauce pan.
- Pahu** (pā'-hu), adj. 1. Round and smooth, as a bald head. 2. Pertaining to the pahu or large drum. Hula pahu, a kind of dance.
- Pahu** (pā'-hu), n. 1. Wild taro. 2. A particular kind of net used in fishing around coral reefs. 3. The catch taken in a pahu net.
- Pahu** (pā'-hu), n. 1. A barrel, cask, box, chest, etc. (A pahu was originally a hollow coconut or other tree with a shark skin drawn over one end and used for a drum: hence anything hollow and giving a sound when struck is a pahu.) 2. A coffin. 3. Stake, stick or post set in the ground for a land mark.
- Pahu** (pā'-hu), v. 1. To push; to drive forward. 2. To pierce with a pointed instrument. 3. To hurl the spear; to strike with a pushing force. 4. To cut in short pieces. Syn: Apahu.
- Pahu** (pā'-hū'), v. 1. To burst; to explode. 2. To fall suddenly with a thud.
- Pahua** (pā'-hu'a), n. To dance; to go through the sidelong evolutions of dancing.
- Pahuaniani** (pā'-hū-ā-ni-ā-ni), n. [Pahu, box; aniani, glass.] A contrivance used in fishing; a box fitted with glass to enable the fisherman to see under water. He wades or swims, holding the box with his teeth, and takes the fish with a spear.
- Pahuberita** (pā'-hū-bē-rī-ta), n. [Mod., pahu, box, and berita (Heb.), a covenant.] The ark of the covenant among the Hebrews.
- Pahuhoike** (pā'-hū-hō-i'-ke), n. [Mod. pahu, box, and hoike, to show.] The ark of the testimony, so translated from the Scriptures.
- Pahuhopu** (pā'-hū-hō-pu), n. The goal at the end of a race-course opposite to the pahuku, where the race commenced; a kukuluia ka laau me ka lepa ma ka pahuhopu.
- Pahuhu** (pā'-hū-hu), n. The young of the uhu fish or the uhu during the second stage of its growth.
- Pahuhu** (pā'-hū-hū'), v. [Pahu, to pierce.] To gush or ooze out, as blood from a wound: Hahau iho la ka moli, pahuhu ae la ke koko, the instrument strikes, the blood flows out.
- Pahuhula** (pā'-hū-hū-la), n. A drum covered with shark skin, used at hulas in former times.
- Pahuihui** (pā'-hu-i-hu-i), adj. Same as pahuihū.
- Pahuihui** (pā'-hū-i-hū-i), n. A game or pastime.
- Pahukala** (pā'-hū-kā-la), n. 1. A mock fight formerly practiced in keeping up the war spirit: he kua pahukala kahi inoa o keia kua. A sham battle. 2. Title of a herald who calls to war, or who summons to a preparation for war.
- Pahukala** (pā'-hū-kā-lā'), n. A safe; a safe-deposit box for money.
- Pahukanawai** (pā'-hu-kā-nā-wā-i), n. [Mod., pahu, box, and kanawai, law.] The ark of the testimony. See pahuhoike.
- Pahukani** (pā'-hū-kā-ni), n. [Pahu, box, and kani, to sound.] A drum; a bass viol; a music box; any musical instrument of the percussive kind.

Pahukapu (pā'-hū-kā'-pu), n. [Pahu, box, and kapu, prohibited.] 1. Lit. A sacred box. A sanctuary; a place consecrated to a particular use. 2. Tabu stake; token showing a place where it was kapu or forbidden to go or to pass. Laieik. p. 101.

Pahuku (pā-hū'-ku), adj. Short; round. Same as pohuku.

Pahuku (pā'-hū-kū'), n. 1. The reserve of an army; a reinforcement that supports the vanguard party and repels the enemy. 2. A stick or goal erected at the beginning of a race; hele aku la ua mau kanaka elua a hiki i ka pahuku.

Pahuku (pā'-hu-kū'), v. 1. To turn back an enemy and make the pursuers retreat. 2. To be cut off short; to be round.

Pahula (pā-hū'-la), n. A place to dance.

Pahula (pā-hū'-la), v. [Pa and hula, to dance.] To learn to dance; to hula, that is, to sing and dance.

Pahulu (pā-hū'-lu), n. 1. Overwrought land; exhausted soil; a being made unfertile from continual cropping: Ua pahulu ka aina, the land is exhausted. 2. Name of an ancient god who lived in a cave of a certain rock on the island of Lanai; he was killed by Kaululaau, a Maui demigod.

Pahululu (pā'-hū-lū'-lu), adj. Somewhat rainy; a little cloudy and rainy or dripping; not entirely clear.

Pahululu (pā'-hū-lū'-lu), v. [Pahu, to strike; lulu, gently.] To strike softly, as the pressure of a light wind; to fall lightly, like the dripping of a somewhat rainy day.

Pahumanamana (pā'-hū-mā'-nā-mā'-na), n. 1. Point where several lines or roads meet. 2. The old market at Lahaina.

Pahuna (pā-hū'-na), n. [Pahu, to push, and ana.] A thrusting; a striking, as with a weapon.

Pahupahu (pā'-hū-pā'-hu), adj. Blunt; obtuse; dull; omuku.

Pahupahu (pā'-hū-pā'-hu), n. 1. Stinted taro growing among weeds. 2. A game played on a rectangular table, billiards.

Pahupahu (pā'-hū-pā'-hu), v. [Pahu, to strike.] To strike or pound; to bruise. Syn: paopao.

Pahupai (pā'-hū-pā'i), n. A drum for beating at a hula; o ka ili mano, he mea ia e hana ia i pahupai.

Pahupalapala (pā'-hū-pā'-lā-pā'-la), n. [Pahu, box, and palapala, writing.] 1. Originally, a container for the coloring liquid used in printing tapa. 2. A writing desk.

Pahuume (pā'-hū-ū'-me), n. [Pahu, box, and ume, to draw out.] A bureau; a chest of drawers; a drawer from a larger chest or box.

Pahuwai (pā'-hū-wā'i), n. [Pahu, box, and wai, water.] Barrel for holding water.

Pai (pa'i), adj. Tied up; bound together; connected with; mingled with. Used in the phrase, pai pu ia.

Pai (pa'i), n. 1. Any substance reduced in size by compression; a pad: pai ai, compressed food. 2. A blow with a flat surface, as the palm of the hand. 3. A striking or impressing, as in printing; a stamping. 4. A tie in a game or contest. 5. Word used at the close of a prayer.

Pai (pa'i), v. 1. To strike with the palm of the hand. 2. To treat harshly; to turn off the land. 3. To stamp; to print. 4. To mix two or more ingredients. 5. To cover permanently, as in thatching a house. 6. To guarantee.

Pai (pā'i), v. To urge on.

Paia (pā-i'-a), adj. Deaf; unable to hear.

Paia (pā-i-a), n. The sides of a house; the surroundings, that is, the inside walls of a house.

Paia (pā-i'-a), v. 1. To be walled round; to be inclosed with a fence. 2. To be protected by an inclosure.

Paiaa (pa'i-a'a), n. [Pai and aa, small roots.] 1. The appearance of something not fully developed; paiaa koko, the incipient arteries or veins of an embryo branching out from the heart. 2. The small branches of a tree. 3. The branches of the main root of a tree: e oki i ka mole ame ka paiaa.

- Paiai** (pa'i-ā'i), n. [Pai, a bundle, and ai, food.] A bundle of pounded taro done up in ti leaves into a round bundle.
- Paiauma** (pa'i-ā-ū'-ma), adv. Affectionately; piteously. Laieik. p. 140.
- Paiauma** (pa'i-ā-ū'-ma), n. 1. Strong affection; endearing attachment to one dead or long absent; a sorrowing or lamenting the absence of a loved one; a longing after the welfare of one. 2. Motions expressive of deep emotion, sorrow, love, etc.
- Paiauma** (pa'i-ā-ū'-ma), v. 1. To love strongly; to remember with deep and affectionate regret, as one dead; to mourn for; to love and long after the welfare of a friend or a beloved child; to express love strongly, as a wife for a husband: paiauma wale aku no i ke aloha i na kane; (the wives of the men who went with Boki) expressed unfeigned love for their husbands. 2. To express deep affection by gestures. 3. To wail from deep affection.
- Paiea** (pā'i-ē'-a), n. 1. A species of crab with a soft shell, found on sea-girt rocks. 2. An athlete. 3. A familiar name of Kamehameha I.
- Paihale** (pa'i-hā'-le), v. To thatch houses.
- Paihi** (pā'i'-hi), adj. Clear; unclouded, as the atmosphere.
- Paihi** (pā'i'-hi), n. The tree ohiaha, called paihi on Maui; the bark of the tree used in coloring tapa black; the wood is used for building houses and for fuel.
- Paihi** (pā'i'-hi), n. The same as ihi, a plant sometimes used for food.
- Paihi** (pā'i-hī'), n. Sudden fault or fall in the bed of a ravine where moisture percolates.
- Paihihi** (pā'i'-hī'-hī'), adj. Neat, tidy.
- Paiho** (pā'i-hō'), n. The flap of a malo or loin cloth that hangs loosely in front.
- Paiho** (pā'i-ho), v. 1. To project, as a broken bone through the flesh. 2. To be crooked outside and not inside.
- Paihua** (pa'i-hū'-a), n. [Pai, bundle, and hua, fruit.] A bundle of fruit.
- Paihuafiku** (pa'i-hū'-ā-fī'-ku), n. [Paihua, bundle of fruit, and fiku, figs.] A cake of figs.
- Paihuawaina** (pa'i-hū'-ā-wā'i-na), n. [Pai, bunch, and huawaina, grapes.] A bunch of grapes: paihuawaina maloo, a bunch of raisins.
- Paiaa** (pa'i-i'a), v. [Pai and ia, sign of the passive.] 1. Bound or mixed together. 2. Impressed; stamped; printed.
- Paiina** (pā'i-i'-na), v. Eat, a word used in declining an invitation to eat with others: Mai kakou e ai, come let us eat; response, Aole, paiina nui ia, no, thanks; go on with your eating.
- Paikau** (pā'i-kā'u), n. The act of drilling or exercising with fire-arms; Ao mai ia o Vanekouva i ko Kamehameha poe kanaka i ka paikau, Vancouver taught Kamehameha's men the manual exercise.
- Paikau** (pā'i-kā'u), v. 1. To exercise with fire-arms. 2. To march to and fro.
- Paikauhale** (pā'i-kā'u-hā'-le), adj. Wandering about, as a vagabond; having no home; aea wale.
- Paikauhale** (pā'i-kā'u-hā'-le), n. A going or marching from house to house.
- Paikauleia** (pā'i-kā'u-lē-i'-a), n. [Paikau, to go about, and lei, a wreath, and a for ia, passive.] 1. A woman who puts on a lei so as to signify that she is for sale; an abandoned woman going from place to place. 2. A tattler.
- Paiki** (pā'i-i'-ki), n. The hollow of the hand; ka poholima.
- Paiki** (pā'i-i'-ki), v. To be cramped; to be confined; to be held close; to be pressed into a small compass.
- Paikini** (pā'i-kī'-ni), adj. [Mod.] Bound up; girded; dressed in tight fitting clothes: Nani na haumana me na wawae paikini, fine looking are the scholars with tight fitting trousers.
- Paikoli** (pa'i-kō'-li), adj. Same as pokole. Short; cut off; low.
- Paikoli** (pa'i-kō'-li), v. To be cut close.
- Paikumu** (pā'i-kū'-mu), v. To ask one to go with one to a chief, the one asked to go being familiar with the chief.

- Paila** (pā'i-la), n. [Eng. pile.] A heap.
- Pailani** (pā'i-lā-ni), v. 1. To praise; to extol; to rejoice in; e hoo-nani. 2. To make a favorite of.
- Pailata** (pā'i-lā-ta), n. [Mod. Eng.] A pilot; one who directs vessels into ports and out of them. (Takes the article ke.)
- Palli** (pā'i-lī), n. The uncomfortable feeling produced by tattooing the face.
- Palli** (pā'i-lī), v. 1. To touch the skin; to slap with the hand. 2. To stick to the skin, as some animals in the sea when bathing: he aloha ka ia paili kanaka o Kawainui.
- Pailolo** (pā'i-lō-lo), n. The name of the channel between the islands Maui and Molokai.
- Pailua** (pa'i-lū-a), n. [Contraction of hoopailua.] Sickness; sea-sickness; nausea; sickness of the stomach. 2. Fig. That which causes disagreeable sensations; that which is disagreeable to one; an abomination.
- Pailua** (pa'i-lū-a), n. The name of contrary winds at Kamiloloa, Molokai.
- Pailua** (pā'i-lū-a), v. Contraction of hoopailua.
- Paimalau** (pa'i-mā-lā'u), n. 1. A creature of the sea having a sting in its tail, and floating on the ocean, the Portuguese man-of-war (*Physalia utricula*). Also called auwaalua. 2. A place in the ocean where the paimalau lives and the water is calm and clear, sought by those who are fishing for the aku. 3. A fleet of fishing canoes.
- Paina** (pā'i-na), adj. Rotten, as cloth; brittle; easily torn or broken. Syn: Pohaehae.
- Paina** (pā'i-na), n. 1. A call to eat; a meal; an eating. 2. The cape gooseberry or poha. 3. Crackling sound, as the snap of a breakage.
- Paina** (pā'i-na), n. [Mod.] 1. A pine tree. 2. Fine cloth; broadcloth.
- Paina** (pā'i-na), v. 1. To eat; to dine; to feed upon. 2. To break with a crackling sound.
- Painiki** (pā'i-nī-ki), v. [Pai, bundle, and niki, to tie a knot.] To dress one up with close fitting garment; to go buttoned up tightly, as a dandy.
- Paio** (pā'i-o), adj. Contentious; disputatious; quarreling.
- Paio** (pā'i-o), n. 1. A striving; a quarrel; a strife; a combat; a controversy. 2. A game.
- Paio** (pā'i-o), n. A special form of fish-hook with two barbs.
- Paio** (pā'i-o), v. 1. To speak back and forth like persons in a dialogue. Syn: Kike. 2. To strive with another. 3. To play the game of paio.
- Paioea** (pā'i-ō-ē'a), adj. Tall and thin; having long legs.
- Paipai** (pa'i-pa'i), adj. Pertaining to paipai or the act of trimming, cutting or clipping.
- Paipai** (pa'i-pa'i), n. 1. Correction; chastisement; trimming. 2. A process of staining tapa with the native dye. 3. A process of mixing or blending.
- Paipai** (pa'i-pa'i), v. [Pai, to strike.] 1. To strike with the palm of the hand; to clap. 2. To cut or break off superfluous parts, as in trimming plants. 3. To smite.
- Paipai** (pā'i-pā'i), v. [Pai, to urge on.] To encourage; to incite by speech; to advise; to press upon one's attention.
- Paipaikukui** (pa'i-pa'i-kū-kū'i), n. A species of tapa made on the island of Molokai; its color was pale yellow; he kapa ano like me ka paipaikukui.
- Paipailima** (pa'i-pa'i-lī-ma), v. [Paipai, to clap, and lima, hand.] To clap the hands as a sign of joy.
- Paipainaha** (pa'i-pa'i-nā-hā'), n. A cloak; a garment; a tapa, worn over the shoulders like a cape.
- Paipalapala** (pa'i-pā-lā-pā-la), n. [Mod. Pai, to print, and palapala, printed or written paper.] A printing press.
- Paipu** (pā'i-pu), n. [Mod.] Pipe, said of any long hollow body used to carry liquid; a water pipe.
- Paipu** (pā'i-pu), n. 1. A set of empty calabashes. 2. A calabash for packing tapa or clothes to keep them dry on a canoe. 3. Basins used as containers. 4. A bowl for containing food.
- Olepe waha paipu Kohala na ka Ino,
Me he wahine hili haehae la ka
makani

- Aole ui hele wale o Kohala,
Ipu hahao ka ipu haa na ka makani.
- Paipu** (pā'-ī'-pu), n. Name of a hula or dance, in which the gourd drum (ipu), is used.
- Paipunahele** (pa'i-pū'-nā-hē'-le), n. Name of a dance; a birthday dance.
- Paiula** (pa'i-ū'-la), n. 1. A calabash used as a receptacle for storing pa-u (loin skirts). 2. Cooked potato leaves.
- Paiula** (pa'i-ū'-la), n. A kind of tapa made by beating up welu or rags of red tapa with new wauke or mulberry bark, which formed a mixture of white and red: Kahiko aku la oia i kona mau hookele i na kihei paiula. Laleik. p. 12.
- Paiumauma** (pa'i-ū-mā'-ū-ma), v. [Pai, to strike, and umauma, the breast.] A dance in which one of the movements consisted in striking on the breast; he hula pai ma ka umauma.
- Paiwale** (pa'i-wā'-le), n. A drawn game, or battle when neither party conquers: ina like pu ka ikaika o na moa, he paiwale.
- Paka** (pa-kā'), adj. 1. Lean, as flesh; destitute of fat. 2. Old; aged.
- Paka** (pā'-kā), adv. Clearly; plainly; intelligibly; evidently. Syn: Lea, pono, maopopo: Ua oki paka, haalele i na mea ino a pau.
- Paka** (pā'-ka), n. 1. The sharp projections on the sides of the tail of certain fish, as the kala, the palani and the manini. 2. Tobacco.
- Paka** (pā'-kā'), n. 1. A round flat calabash. 2. Stone used by fishermen as a sinker.
- Paka** (pā'-kā'), v. 1. To cut at random; to cut in long slits. 2. To ride the surf with a canoe. 3. To turn, shoot or slide, as a surf-board or canoe.
- Paka** (pā'-ka), v. To call; to proclaim; to herald.
- Pakaa** (pā'-ka'a), n. Lean flesh.
- Pakaa** (pā'-ka'a), v. To peel off; to skin; to strip off the skin from a vegetable.
- Pakaawili** (pā'-ka'a-wī'-li), v. [Pa and kaawili, to writhe.] 1. To encircle; to twine around as a vine. 2. To turn this way and that. 3.

To turn round; to roll in upon itself like a curling flame.

Pakaha (pā'-kā'-hā'), n. A kind of shell-fish; the conch shell.

Pakaha (pā'-kā'-ha), n. Greediness after another's property; a seizing what is another's.

Pakaha (pā'-kā'-ha), v. To be greedy of property; hence, to oppress; to cheat; to be dishonest in any way.

Pakahi (pā'-kā'-hi), dist. adv. [Pa and kahi, one.] One to each; one in a place; one by one; pakahi i ka makahiki, once a year.

Pakahi (pā'-kā'-hi), v. To distribute to each one; to take turns; to do one at a time; to be numbered one by one.

Pakai (pā'-ka'i), n. A vegetable, the leaves of which are eaten; he mea ulu, he mea ai; a kind of herb used for food in time of scarcity. Same as pakaikai.

Pakaiea (pā'-kā'-ē'-a), n. A species of sea-weed, found in shallow seas and a favorite appetizer when prepared with raw fish.

Pakaiele (pā'-kā'-ē'-le), n. A beautiful fish of the coral reefs and warm currents (Thalassoma purpureum). Also called olani, olali, palaea, awela and hou as it reaches the different stages of its growth.

Pakaielelu (pā'-ka'-ē'-lē-lū'), n. Name of a wind; a strong wind off Waianae.

Pakaikai (pa'-kai-kai), v. Same as pakai, a variety of parsley.

Pakaikai (pā'-kā'-kai), v. To pound, as with a pestle, said of beating to a pulp material used in fishing.

Pakaka (pā'-kā'-kā'), adj. 1. Narrow; thin, as the back door of a house: aka, e komo oe ma ka puka pakaka. 2. Swelled; big, as one's person. 3. Short and wide.

Pakaka (pā'-kā'-kā'), v. 1. To glide with a canoe on the surf; to ride on the surf. 2. To flow off; to turn off, as a canoe is turned to avoid a sea; to shoot or slide, as a surf-board on a wave: e pakaka i, ka waa, to steer the canoe. Syn: Paka.

Pakakahi (pā'-kā'-kā'-hi), v. [Paka, drop, as rain, and kahi, one.] To drop scatteringly a little rain; to drop at intervals.

- Pakake** (pā'-kā-ke'), v. Same as hoopakake. To talk indistinctly, as a Hawaiian trying to speak English; to use the kake or secret language.
- Pakakeu** (pā'-kā-kē'u), v. To have the last word in scolding; to chide; to scold often; to act as a scolding woman; to exhibit an evil disposition.
- Pakaki** (pā'-kā-ki'), v. To talk irrationally; to act as in a revel; to contend, as a drunkard.
- Pakalakala** (pā'-kā-lā-kā'-la), n. A species of the kala fish; the little kala; he kala lili.
- Pakanaloa** (pā'-kā-nā-lō'-a), n. A fish. Same as pakaiele.
- Pakanaono** (pā'-kā-nā-ō'-no), dist. adj. [Pa and kanaono, sixty.] Sixty-fold.
- Pakanu** (pā'-kā-nu), n. [Pa, yard, and kanu, to plant.] A garden; a place where things are planted.
- Pakao** (pā'-ka'o), v. 1. To go about lazily; to live without object; to live solitarily; e hakao, e hele-wale. 2. To go naked.
- Pakapaka** (pā'-kā-pā'-ka), adj. 1. Coarse or large, as the lauhala leaves of which a mat is braided: he moena pakapaka. 2. Numerous, as men, said of rain drops. 3. Numerous; many, as fish, etc., in one's possession: pakapaka kanaka o mea; pakapaka ka ia a mea ma.
- Pakapaka** (pā'-kā-pā'-ka), n. 1. A heavy shower of rain. 2. The wrinkled skin of the eye. 3. An aged person, from his wrinkles. 4. Wrinkles.
- Pakapaka** (pā'-kā-pā'-ka), v. [Paka, to drop.] To drop, as large rain drops; to make the noise that such drops make on dry substances; to patter.
- Pakaua** (pā'-kā'u-a), n. [Pa, fence, and kaua, war. A fort; a place of refuge; a stronghold; a garrison; a palace; the residence of a king.
- Pakauakee** (pā'-kā'u-ā-ke'e), n. 1. A bend, curve or curl. 2. Hair so treated that it curls; artificial or natural ringlets.
- Pakaukama** (pā'-ka'u-kā'-ma), n. [Pa, yard, and kaukama (Eng.), cucumber.] A garden of cucumbers.
- Pakaula** (pā'-kā'u-la), n. [Pa, pair and kaula, rope.] A set of ropes for the rigging of a vessel.
- Pakaulei** (pā'-kā'u-lē'i), adj. 1. Unsteady; going from house to house. 2. Destitute of house and utensils. 3. Living in a loose way, as one who leaves his wife to follow one, then another.
- Pakaulei** (pā'-kā'u-lē'i), v. 1. To be continually changing one's residence: mai noho a pakaulei. 2. To move along step by step; to go by little and little; to go about without aim or purpose. 3. To sit upright.
- Pake** (pā'-kē'), adj. Brittle; easily broken.
- Pake** (pā'-ke), n. [Mod. from Eng.] Putty.
- Pake** (pā'-kē'), n. 1. Natural tapa; plain tapa fresh from the block, without ornament or dye. 2. Softness; weakness.
- Pake** (pā'-kē'), n. Chinese.
- Pake** (pā'-kē'), v. 1. To break suddenly with a sound like things that are brittle. 2. To strike or hit with a sharp sound.
- Pakea** (pā'-kē'-a), adj. Pale; gray, as from age or illness.
- Pakeai** (pā'-kē'-ā'i), v., adj., n. Same as pakelaai.
- Pakeke** (pā'-kē'-ke), n. [Mod., Eng.] Pail, bucket, pocket.
- Pakela** (pā'-kē'-la), adj. Excelling; in a greater degree; beyond or above in quality or condition of being.
- Pakela** (pā'-kē'-la), n. Excess; what is over and above; a superfluity: A no ka pakela loa i ke akamai i ka hoopuka ana i na olelo pahee, on account of the very great skill in uttering smooth words.
- Pakela** (pā'-kē'-la), v. [Pa and kela, to shoot out.] 1. To exceed; to go beyond; to go before. 2. To be over and above. 3. To excel; to surpass.
- Pakelaai** (pā'-kē'-lā-ā'i), adj. Gluttonous; eating to excess. Mat. 11:19. Pakela inu waina, a drunkard; pakela nani, excess of glory.
- Pakelaai** (pā'-kē'-lā-ā'i), n. A glutton; gluttony; the practice of eating to excess. 2. In natural history, the name of an animal, the glutton.

- Pakelaai** (pā'-kē'-lā-ā'i), v. [**Pakela**, excess, and **ai**, food.] To be a glutton; to be greedy in eating.
- Pakele** (pā-kē'-le), v. [**Pa** and **kele**, to slip.] To escape from some evil; to escape punishment; to be free from.
- Pakelo** (pā-kē'-lo), adj. Slippery; sliding; slipping up; slipping off.
- Pakelo** (pā-kē'-lo), n. An injection; an enema.
- Pakelo** (pā-kē'-lo), v. [**Pakele**, to escape.] To slip out of the grasp of a person or thing, as a fish from the hands.
- Pakeo** (pā-ke'o), adj. [**Pakelo**, slippery.] Slipped off; escaped by slipping out of hand.
- Pakeokeo** (pā'-kē'-ō-kē'-o), n. 1. The people who eat with the chief, as the **aialo**, in distinction from the **makaainana**. 2. The rank of the **aialo**; a class in distinction from the common people.
- Pakepake** (pā'-kē-pā-kē'), adj. [**Pake**, brittle.] Soft; limber; weak; flexible; brittle; easily broken.
- Pakeu** (pā'-kē'-u), v. [**Pa** and **keu**, to remain over and above.] To excel; to be more than was expected; to be over and above; to leave a remainder.
- Paki** (pā-kī'), n. The dividing of the water by a ship under sail; plowing the main.
- Paki** (pā-kī'), v. To leak out slowly.
- Paki** (pā'-ki), v. 1. To strew about by a violent stroke; to spatter, as water. 2. To dash in pieces, as one would break a melon by throwing it on the ground.
- Paki** (pā'-kī'), v. To smash or crush.
- Pakiai** (pā-kī'-ā'i), n. An adultress.
- Pakiai** (pā-kī'-ā'i), v. To forsake a husband and live in adultery; to be an abandoned woman.
- Pakihi** (pā'-kī'-hi), v. [**Pa** and **kihi**, border; edge.] To go lightly; to pass softly; to just touch in passing.
- Ke **pakihi** la i ke kai o Hula,
O ka hui maka wale no ka makou,
O ka honihoni ana i ke ululwi.
- Pakii** (pā'-ki'i), adj. Broad; spread out; fallen flat down; edging along, as one moving on his belly or side.
- Pakii** (pā'-ki'i), n. A species of flounder (*Platophrys pantherinus*). Also called **uiui** and **papaa**.
- Pakii** (pa'-ki'i), v. To lie with the face down, the belly unsupported, in order to enlarge the abdomen.
- Pakiikii** (pā'-ki'i-ki'i), adj. 1. [**Pakii**, broad.] Broad; extensively spread out; fallen down flatly. 2. Applied to a fish net, a small net: i ka upena **pakiikii**.
- Pakiikii** (pā'-ki'i-ki'i), n. Small net used for fishing in shallows.
- Pakiikii** (pā'-ki'i-ki'i), v. To be spread out flat; to be flattened.
- Pakika** (pā-kī'-ka), adj. Smooth; polished; slippery; smoothed, as a thing polished: e kalai a mai-kai, anai a **pakika**; alaila, hooma-ka ke kau.
- Pakika** (pā-kī'-ka), v. To slip; to slide in walking, as one walking on a slippery place.
- Pakike** (pā-kī'-kē'), n. A caviling; a reviling.
- Pakike** (pā-kī'-kē'), v. [**Pa** and **kike**, to speak back and forth.] 1. To make a pert, saucy reply to something said; to answer back. 2. To rail; to cavil; to talk impudently. 3. To answer roughly; to provoke in a controversy.
- Pakikekike** (pā'-kī'-kē-kī'-kē'), v. Same as **pakike**. 1. To answer back and forth frequently. 2. To be rough; to be uncivil towards one in conversation.
- Pakiki** (pā'-kī'-kī'), n. A species of poisonous crab, called also **kumimi**.
- Pakiki** (pā'-kī'-kī'), v. Same as **paakiki**. [**Pa** for **paa**, solid, and **kiki**, intensive.] 1. To be very hard; to be solid; applied to substances. 2. Applied to the mind, to be obdurate; to be inflexible. 3. To spatter water or mud; to throw any soft substance that splashes where it strikes.
- Pakiko** (pā'-kī'-ko), n. Temperance; regular habits of life.
- Pakiko** (pā'-kī'-kō'), n. Stone ax used as a weapon.
- Pakiko** (pā'-kī'-ko), v. [**Pa** and **kiko**, a little dot or mark.] 1. To be temperate; to be abstemious, frugal. (**Pakiko** is the opposite of **pakela**, spoken in reference to taking [**kiko** ana] here a little and there a little: **Pakiko** ai, to eat or drink temperately.)
- Pakikoele** (pā'-kī'-kō-ē-le), n. A rolling sound.

- Pakikoele** (pā-kī-kō-ē'-le), v. To make a round sound; to rumble slightly; e kamumu. Syn: Koele-ele.
- Pakio** (pā-kī'o), v. To rain continually in very small drops; to drizzle.
- Pakiokio** (pā'-kī'o-kī'o), v. To evacuate the bowels often.
- Pakipaki** (pā'-kī-pā-kī'), v. [Paki, to slip; to slide.] To sail along; to divide the water, as the keel of a ship; to move sideways; to spatter the water in rowing a canoe.
- Pakipakika** (pā-kī-pā'-kī'-ka), adj. [Pakika, to slip.] Slippery; muddy; liable to cause a fall in walking.
- Pakole** (pā-kō'-le), adj. Short. Same as pokole.
- Pakolekole** (pā-kō'-lē-kō'-le), adj. Short. Same as pokole and pakole. Elusive; cautious; not easily caught.
- Pakolekole** (pā-kō'-lē-kō'-le), n. A large deep sea fish resembling the hilu.
- Pakoli** (pā'-kō'-lī'), n. [Mod.] 1. Pa, ko and li, the first three notes in the Hawaiian scale of vocal music; he kumu leo himeni; the whole seven sounds are represented by the syllables pa, ko, li, ha, no, la, mi. 2. Singing by notes: he kumu pakoli, rudiments of vocal music.
- Pakolu** (pā'-kō'-lu), adj. Three-ply.
- Pakolu** (pā'-kō'-lu), v. [Pa and kolu, three.] To do three by three; to do three times.
- Pakoni** (pā'-kō'-ni), n. [Pa and koni, to beat, as the pulse.] An ache, as the toothache; a throbbing pain; a strong pulsating pain.
- Pakou** (pā-ko'u), adj. Short. Syn: Pokole.
- Paku** (pā'-kū'), n. 1. A partition, as of a house. 2. The wall of a small inclosure. 3. A defense; a place of security. Hal. 89:18. 4. A shield; a veil concealing something. Puk. 26:31. A hanging division; a curtain. Puk. 27:15. (The partitions or paku in the houses of former times, where the people had any at all, were nothing more than tapa or mats hung up.)
- Paku** (pā'-kū'), v. [Pa, a wall, and ku, to stand.] To partition off, to guard; to defend; to shield one from harm: manao iho la au e haliu ae i ko kakou Haku me ka i aku, e paku mai oe ia'u; to parry off; to defend by some means; a paku aku la na kanaka i ka moe-na no ka pu, and the people put up their mats as a defense against the guns.
- Paku** (pā'-kū'), v. To burst out, as grain from a bag, or as matter from a boil. Syn: Pahu.
- Pakua** (pā'-kū-ā'), v. To be weary of repetition; tired of doing over and over again.
- Pakua** (pā'-kū-ā'), v. 1. Accustomed; so accustomed as to become second nature: he mea pakua wale, a thing become common. 2. Over and over; indefinitely.
- Pakuei** (pā'-kū-ē'i), v. To finish or end before the time, hence to skimp; to lack thoroughness in the doing of.
- Pakui** (pā'-ku'i), adj. Added on; joined: hale pakui, a house joined to a house above, that is, a tower. Engrafted; united.
- Pakui** (pā'-ku'i), v. [Pa and kui, to join one thing to another.] 1. To splice, as timber or a rope. 2. To engraft, as one tree upon another. 3. To unite, that is, to add one story of a building to another; to heap one thing on the top of another; e hou i kekahi mea maluna iho o kekahi mea. 4. To beat against, as an opposing wind.
- Pakui** (pā'-ku'i), v. 1. To be unpleasant to the taste; to be sickishly sweet; to be odoriferous; e ala, e pakui, e kuhinia. 2. To be excessively odoriferous.
- Pakuikui** (pā'-ku'i-ku'i), adj. Contradictory; opposing: makani pakuikui, an opposing wind, or a head wind; he olelo pakuikui, a contradicting speech.
- Pakuikui** (pā'-kū'-i-kū'-i), n. A species of yellow fish living about coral reefs (Hepatus achilles).
- Pakuikui** (pā'-ku'i-ku'i), v. [Freq. of pakui.] 1. To splice or join together timbers that are not long enough for the purpose designed; to fasten together; e hookuikui, e panainai. 2. To beat against;

- to be contrary to, as a contrary wind: pakuikui mai ka makani. 3. To beat; to pound fine; to bruise.
- Pakuipai** (pā'-ku'i-pā'i), n. Net for taking shrimp, called also paloa.
- Pakukui** (pā'-kū-kū-i), n. Fishes that only nibble at a bait but fail to take the hook.
- Pakupaku** (pā'-kū-pā'kū'), v. To break open or leak in little drops.
- Pakupaku** (pā'-kū-pā'-ku), adj. Round; low; short. Syn: Poko-poko.
- Pala** (pā'-la), adj. Mellow; soft; ripe, as fruit; cooked soft.
- Pala** (pā'-la), n. 1. A plant of the fern class and its fleshy auricles. 2. The syphilis.
- Pala** (pā'-la), v. To be soft; to be ripe or mellow; to be cooked soft; to be ripe and be soft, as a banana or other fruit.
- Palaa** (pā'-lā-ā'), adj. 1. Almost any dark color, such as brown, purple; lole palaa.
- Palaa** (pā'-lā-ā'), n. Common fern (*Microlepia tenuifolia*).
- Palaa** (pā'-lā-ā'i), adj. [Pala, soft, and ai, food.] Fat, as animals: palaa ka holoholona, palaa ka ia, palaa ka manu.
- Palaa** (pā'-lā-ā'u), n. [Pa, fence, and laau, timber.] A stick fence; a wooden fence: he palaa ka pa kahiko; palaa oi oi, a thorn hedge.
- Palaea** (pā'-lā-e'a), n. A species of fish (*Thalassoma purpureum*), called also hou, olale or olani, awela, pakaiele.
- Palaha** (pā'-lā'-ha), adj. Smooth and slippery, as the back of the shellfish called leho. Syn: Mania.
- Palaha** (pā'-lā'-ha), v. [Pa and Iaha, to spread out.] 1. To slip; to slide. To stumble and fall down by hitting the foot against an object. 2. To fall flat down, as a house or tent. 3. To fall prostrate.
- Palaha** (pā'-lā'-ha), v. 1. To flatten; to lay flat; to prostrate; to level. 2. To become large or broad. 3. To stretch out upon; to lie flat upon. 1 Nal. 17:21. 4. To be spread or wafted, as a shower over land: palaha aku ka ua ma ka aina.
- Palahalaha** (pā'-lā'-hā-la'-ha), adj. Spread out; of flat surface.
- Palahalaha** (pā'-lā'-hā-lā'-ha), n. 1. Breadth; extent, as of a country. 2. A species of limu or seaweed.
- Palahalaha** (pā'-lā'-hā-lā'-ha), v. To be flat; to be spread out, extended or broadened.
- Palahalahalau** (pā'-lā'-hā-lā'-hā-lā'u), adj. Having leaves only, as a tree: he palahalahalau wale no. aoha hua, making a show of leaves only but no fruit.
- Palahe** (pā'-lā-hē'), adj. 1. Soft; tender. 2. Unsound; broken; disintegrating.
- Palahea** (pā'-lā-he'a), adj. Dirty; filthy; defiled: palahea ko lakou naau i ke koko o hai; unclean; besmeared, as a child's hands and face when eating greasy food; blotted, as paper which has ink spilled on it.
- Palahea** (pā'-lā-he'a), n. [Paia, soft, and hea, old.] 1. Musty food. 2. A spot; a stain; anything spoiled by age. 3. Musty smell.
- Palahea** (pā'-lā-hē'-a), v. To be daubed; to be besmeared; to be made dirty.
- Palaheahea** (pā'-lā-he'a-he'a), v. Intensive of palahea.
- Palahee** (pā'-lā-he'e), adj. Dead ripe; rotten.
- Palahee** (pā'-lā-he'e), v. 1. To shrink, as a coward from duty or danger. 2. To run after bursting open.
- Palahehe** (pā'-lā-hē'-hē'), n. 1. Pus. 2. Mucus; secretion of the mucus membranes.
- Palahi** (pā'-lā-hī'), n. Evacuation in diarrhea.
- Palahi** (pā'-lā-hī'), v. [Pala, soft, and hi, to flow away.] To flow from the bowels; to discharge liquid matter from the bowels.
- Palaho** (pā'-lā-hō'), adj. Rotten; decayed; subject to decay; corruptible.
- Palaho** (pā'-lā-hō'), n. Corruption; putridity; the action of decaying matter.
- Palaholo** (pā'-lā-hō'-lo), n. [Pala, soft, and holo, to flow.] 1. Paste or dye made from the fern called amaumau; used in pasting and dyeing tapa. 2. A variety of fern.
- Palahu** (pā'-lā-hū'), n. 1. Little eruptions filled with pus. 2. A large fish, same as opelu, but larger. 3. A cock-turkey, so-called from the soft elastic red substance on

- and about his head. 4. A turkey generally. Syn: Pelehu.
- Palahuki** (pā'-lā-hū'-ki), v. [Pala, ripe, and huki, to become soft.] To be made soft and odoriferous, as food.
- Palai** (pā'-lā'i), adj. Same as palai-maka, diffident.
- Palai** (pā'-lā'i), n. Same as palai-palai. General name of the ferns.
- Palai** (pā'-lā'i), v. Same as palai-maka.
- Palai** (pā'-lā'i), v. [Mod. Eng. fry.] To cook or fry in a pan.
- Palai** (pā'-lā'i), v. To be ashamed and turn the face away, as one who is conscious of guilt; or conscious of the presence of superiority or dignity, as a poor man when he goes into the house of the rich.
- Palaie** (pā'-lā-i'-e), adj. [Pala, soft, and ie, flexible.] 1. Inconstant; not firm; easily tempted to turn from the right: o na kanaka a pau loa ma ka honua nei, he palaie no ia na Iehova. 2. Without force; weak, of little account.
- Palaie** (pā'-lā-i'-ē'), n. A game formerly played among the people: ua hana na kanaka i ke palaie i mea lealea.
- Palaiki** (pā'-lā-i'-ki), n. 1. The sound of a stone thrown high and falling into the water perpendicularly: Huña palaiki ke akamai. 2. A falling plump into deep water.
- Palaimaka** (pā'-lāi-mā'-ka), adj. Averted; hostile; distrustful.
- Palaimaka** (pā'-lāi-mā'-ka), n. 1. A looking askance; contempt. 2. Neglect; having no regard for.
- Palaimaka** (pā'-lāi-mā'-ka), v. [Palai, to turn away, and maka, face.] To turn the back to; to turn away.
- Palaka** (pā'-lā'-ka), adj. Inactive; stupid; careless; inefficient; indifferent.
- Palaka** (pā'-lā'-ka), n. 1. Indifference; unconcern; forgetfulness. 2. [Mod.] A short shirt; he wahi palule pokole.
- Palaka** (pā'-lā'-ka), v. [Pa and laka, to be tame.] To be inactive; to be inattentive; to be indifferent to what interests others; to be inefficient. 2. To live without thought or care. 3. To be dull or stupid; to be slow of apprehension.
- Palakao** (pā'-lā-kā-ā'o), adj. Ripe; mellow; perfectly mature, said of fruits.
- Palakahela** (pā'-lā-kā-hē'-la), adj. [Pala, soft, and kahela, bent.] 1. Crooked; curved; having crooked legs or neck, as in lifting.
- Palakaheia** ka ai o Makaukiu,
He kiu ka makani, he alele hooholo na
Kokoolau,
Ke kuehu mai la iuka o Pehu,
Ike ke kanaka kahea uolo makani.
2. Over ripe; so ripe as to drop off the stem.
- Palakahuki** (pā'-lā-kā-hū'-ki), adj. Soft; decayed, as animal bodies; putrid.
- Palakahuki** (pā'-lā-kā-hū'-ki), v. [Pala, soft, and kahuki, to decay; to corrupt.] To corrupt; to putrefy, as a dead body; to be soft; to rot.
- Palakai** (pā'-lā-kā'i), adj. Barren; unfruitful; sickly; withered, as a plant; stunted in growing, as a child.
- Palakai** (pā'-lā-kā'i), v. To wither; to droop, as a vegetable; to produce no fruit; to be stunted in growth; to fade, as a flower; to fail.
- Palake** (pā'-lā-kē'), adj. Heavy; water-soaked, as taro or potatoes.
- Palakea** (pā'-lā-kē'-a), adj. [Pala, soft, and keā, white.] Applied to anything soft and white; white; clear; unclouded; unshaded with any color.
- Palakea** (pā'-lā-kē'-a), n. 1. A variety of taro like the haokea. 2. A vegetable of the fern family eaten in time of scarcity.
- Palaki** (pā'-lā'-ki), n. [Eng.] A brush generally.
- Palaki** (pā'-lā'-ki), v. [Mod., Eng. brush.] 1. To brush; to polish, as a shoe; to wash; to cleanse. 2. To smear over; to whitewash a wall.
- Palakiko** (pā'-lā-kī'-ko), n. Theft; a stealing of small articles; pilfering.
- Palakiko** (pā'-lā-kī'-ko), v. To steal, especially to steal little things; to pilfer; to take little by little. (This appears to be a modern coined word; its derivation is not apparent, except that kiko signifies to pick up as a fowl eats food.)

- Palakio** (pǎ'-lǎ-kí'o), n. [Pala, soft, and kio, discharge from a sore.] A venereal disease, he mai pala, he mai haole.
- Palaku** (pǎ'-lǎ-kū'), v. To be ripe as a whole, all ripe at once; said of a stand of fruit that ripens uniformly.
- Palala** (pǎ'-lǎ'-la), n. 1. A donation paid on the birth of a chief. 2. A gift; a present on the birth of a child. 3. A wedding feast; also connected with ahaaina. 4. A feast made by a chief for any purpose. Laieik. p. 88. 5. A tax paid to the chiefs for any purpose: he mea palala ia ka hulumanu o na 'lii.
- Palala** (pǎ'-lǎ'-la), v. To tax the people for tapa, poi, etc., on the birth of a young chief.
- Palala** (pǎ'-lǎ'-la), v. To break on one side or break in parts, said of a breaking surf or wave; e haki lala ka nalu, e, i hookahi aoao.
- Palalaha** (pǎ'-lǎ-lǎ'-ha), v. [Pa and laha, to spread out.] To be broad; to be widely extended. Syn: Palahalaha.
- Palalahalau** (pǎ'-lǎ-lǎ'-hǎ-lǎ'u), adj. Same as palahalalau. Having leaves only, and no fruit; making a show of leaves, as a tree.
- Palalakaimoku** (pǎ'-lǎ-lǎ-ka'i-mo'-ku), n. 1. A broad plain; land spread out. 2. An extended land; a country; figuratively, a kingdom. 3. A cape, land jutting into the sea.
- Palalalo** (pǎ'-lǎ-lǎ'-lo), adj. [Pala, soft, and lalo, below.] Soft; rotten, as taro or bananas; applied to persons, sick; soft; diseased with the pala; applied to a kingdom, without strength.
- Palalauhala** (pǎ'-lǎ-lǎ'u-hǎ'-la), n. Weakness; infirmity; the feeble state and infirmities of old age; the last stage of life of an old person.
- Palalauhala** (pǎ'-lǎ-lǎ'u-hǎ'-la), v. [Pala, softness, and lauhala, a tree.] 1. To be weak; to be feeble; to be infirm. 2. To walk, to see or to move with feebleness. 3. To be old; to be in the last stages of life. To swoon; to lie like one dead, from age.
- Palale** (pǎ'-lǎ-lē'), adj. 1. Scattered; spread out; confused so as to answer no purpose, as the wheels of a watch when apart. 2. Dripping, as water. 3. Stammering.
- Palale** (pǎ'-lǎ-lē'), v. 1. To branch out in disorderly manner; to project. 2. To be put together confusedly; to be scattered. 3. To speak indistinctly; to make blunders in speaking; to speak hastily and indistinctly. 4. To work in a slovenly manner.
- Palaleha** (pǎ'-lǎ-lē'-ha), adj. Slothful; idle.
- Palaleha** (pǎ'-lǎ-lē'-ha), v. [Pala and leha, to lift the eyes.] To raise slowly the eyes; hence, to be lazy; to be faint-hearted; to be indolent.
- Palalei** (pǎ'-lǎ-lē'i), n. The fringe of a tapa; the spreading of one's tapa over the head of a chief on entering a house; ka palalei o kou tapa.
- Palali** (pǎ'-lǎ-lī'), v. [Pa and lali, soft.] To sound softly, as a flute or pipe; e kani me he pu hihio la.
- Palaloli** (pǎ'-lǎ-lō'-li), adj. [Pala, soft, and loli, to change.] Changed from its original state; soft; decayed; corrupted; rotten. See palaluhiehu.
- Palalu** (pǎ'-lǎ-lū'), n. 1. The noise of the dove as made in the throat; also the voice of the moho; applied also to other noises. 2. Vibratory sound; confused speech.
- Palalu** (pǎ'-lǎ-lū'), v. 1. To burst out suddenly in sound. 2. To imitate the palalu or voice of the moho, etc., as men do.
- Palaluehu** (pǎ'-lǎ-lū-ē'-hu), adj. Soft, mellow.
- Palaluhiehu** (pǎ'-lǎ-lū-hī-ē'-hu), adj. Fully ripe. See palaluehu.
- Palama** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ma), n. 1. A watching; a guarding. 2. A watch; a guard. 3. [Eng.] A palm, name of a tree; the leaf of the tree. Also called pama.
- Palama** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ma), v. [Pa and lama, a torch.] To watch over; to guard; to keep guard, as soldiers; to be guarded or watched over; e malamaia me na koa e kiaia.
- Palamea** (pǎ'-lǎ-mē'-a), n. Plumpness; fatness, as of an animal.

- Palamimo** (pǎ'-lǎ-mī'-mo), adj. Quickly and easily done; moving easily without noise.
- Palamimo** (pǎ'-lǎ-mī'-mo), v. [**Pala**, soft, and **mimo**, to move softly. 1. To move off silently; to step aside without noise; to go or to move softly; to move noiselessly out of sight. 2. To make an article into a small bundle and fit it in, as in packing a trunk.
- Palamoa** (pǎ'-lǎ-mō'-a), n. Dark blue color, name applied to the dark clouds that portend rain; seen in the east in the morning it was considered a sign of rain; he papalaoa, he palamoa he mau ouli ua ia.
- Palana'i** (pǎ'-lǎ-nǎ'i), adj. Flat; not deep, as a flat dish; flat, as a vessel or ship which is not deep.
- Palanaiki** (pǎ'-lǎ-nǎ-i-ki), v. To be small; to be confined to a small space; to be shrunk or curled up; to fit a place designed. To reduce or to be made small.
- Palanehe** (pǎ'-lǎ-nē'-he), adj. Gentle; good; without noise; without confusion: o ka hana palanehe ole, o ka lawe nihi.
- Palanehe** (pǎ'-lǎ-nē'-he), n. Gentleness; uprightness; quietness and gentleness in doing a thing; silence and softness.
- Palanehe** (pǎ'-lǎ-nē'-he), v. [**Pala**, soft, and **nehe**, to rustle.] To be gentle; to be soft and careful in doing a thing; to move softly, with little noise.
- Palaneheole** (pǎ'-lǎ-nē'-hē-ō'-le), adv. Silently; quietly; unperceived.
- Palaneheole** (pǎ'-lǎ-nē'-hē-ō'-le), v. [**Palanehe** and **ole**, not.] To depart secretly; to vanish silently.
- Palani** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni), adj. Sour, as the remainder of a melon or other partly eaten fruit becomes.
- Palani** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni), adv. Lightly; feebly: kioe palani, skim a little.
- Palani** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni), n. 1. A surgeon fish emitting a rank odor; a flat fish of the enenu'e class, not a favorite food. 2. A species of purple sugar-cane. 3. [Eng.] Brandy. 4. [Eng.] France, French or a Frenchman.
- Palani** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni), n. [See the verb **palani**.] A servant. (Formerly applied to servants in distinction from chiefs; now obsolete.) Ua kapaia ka poe kauwa he palani, he hohono ke ano.
- Palani** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni), v. 1. To skim; to dip lightly, as an oar; applied to rowing lightly; aole komo ka hoe, dip not deeply the paddle. 2. To dig slightly, not deeply.
- Palani** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni), v. 1. To stink; a word of contempt, applied to dirty, filthy persons, from the fact that the fish **palani** has a rank odor. 2. To daub; to brush over lightly; to smear.
- Palaniaoa** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ni-ō'-ā), n. Sour food. Syn: Kualani.
- Palao** (pǎ'-la'o), n. The walrus.
- Palaoa** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ō-a), adj. Of or belonging to ivory.
- Palaoa** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ō-a), n. 1. Also spelled **palaowa**. A walrus. 2. An ornament made of a whale's tooth worn pendulous from the neck: e malama i ka niho palaoa, take care of the ornament. 3. Ivory.
- Palaoa** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ō-a), n. [Eng.] 1. Bread; flour, hence. 2. The grain of which flour is made.
- Palaolao** (pǎ'-la'o-la'o), n. Same as **laolao**, little sticks used for fagots.
- Palaolao** (pǎ'-la'o-la'o), n. A mote on the eye.
- Palaonui** (pǎ'-la'o-nū'-i), adj. Broad, as the eye.
- Palaowa** (pǎ'-lǎ'-ō-wa), n. Same as **palaoa**.
- Palapala** (pǎ'-lǎ-pǎ'-la), n. 1. Two species of surgeon fish (*Hepatus matoides* and *H. elongatus*), known on Maui as **maii**. 2. The dry, light colored leaves of the **lauhala** or **pandanus** tree.
- Palapala** (pǎ'-lǎ-pǎ'-la), n. 1. Characters made by impressing marks on **tapa** or paper by printing or by writing with a pen; hence, 2. A writing; a book either written or printed; a manuscript. 3. An inscription upon coins; the handwriting of any one: **palapala hemo-lele**, the Holy Scriptures. (The whole system of instruction as first practiced on the Hawaiian islands was summarily called by the Hawaiians **palapala**.)
- Palapala** (pǎ'-lǎ-pǎ'-la), v. [**Pala**, to paint; to spot.] 1. To stamp with marks, as in painting or printing **tapa**. (The figures, like **calico** printing, were cut on pieces of

- wood or bamboo, dipped in the liquid coloring matter and then impressed with the hand on the tapa.) 2. In modern times, to write; to mark; to draw; to paint. Syn: Kakau.
- Palapalahooilina** (pā'-lā-pā'-lā-ho'o-ī-lī'-na), n. A last will or testament; an instrument bequeathing property. Syn: Palapalakaouha.
- Palapalai** (pā'-lā-pā-lā'i), n. Name applied in general to all varieties of the common fern.
- Palapalakaouha** (pā'-lā-pā'-lā-kāu-ō'-ha), n. A last will and testament; an instrument bequeathing property. Syn: Palapalahooilina.
- Palapalakea** (pā'-lā-pā'-lā-kē'-a), adj. [Palapala and kea, white.] Clear; bright; white; shining. Syn: Palakea.
- Palapalani** (pā'-lā-pā'-la-ni), v. [Palani, to paint lightly; to soften.] To paint or print tapa in soft colors, and put out to dry.
- Palapo** (pā'-lā-pō'), adj. Dark.
- Palapohaku** (pā'-lā-pō'-hā'-ku), n. Water dripping out of rocks; moisture from rocks.
- Palapu** (pā'-lā-pū'), n. Anything so soft as to run, as matter from a boil. 2. Softness, as meat or flesh bruised to a jelly. 3. A wound or bruise; a stripe; the wound of a whip or scourge; sores in general.
- Palapu** (pā'-lā-pū'), v. 1. To be bruised. 2. To be soft to the touch; to be soft, as a boil ready for lancing.
- Palau** (pā'-lā'u), n. 1. A lie; a falsehood. 2. Wooden knife. 3. Name on the island of Maui of the yam, elsewhere called uhi. 4. A variety of the hinalea fish.
- Palau** (pā'-lā'u), n. [Mod.] A plow.
- Palau** (pā'-lā'u), v. To lie; to misrepresent; to deceive; e wahahee, e hoopunipuni.
- Palau** (pā'-lā'u), v. See hoopalau, to betroth.
- Palaualelo** (pā'-lā'u-ā-lē'-lo), adj. Indolent; unoccupied; lazy; idle; neglecting to cultivate land; low; ill-bred.
- Palaualelo** (pā'-lā'u-ā-lē'-lo), n. Idleness; indolence; want of disposition to work. 2. Epithet of a lazy person.
- Palaueka** (pā'-lā'u-ē'-ka), adj. 1. Obscure; dim; not white. 2. Expeditious; finishing a work quickly.
- Palaueka** (pā'-lā'u-ē'-ka), v. To be obscured, as the sun.
- Palaulau** (pā'-lā'u-lā'u), n. A species of small red fish, resembling the uu and the alaihi, a favorite with the eaters of raw fish.
- Palauwili** (pā'-lā'u-wī'-li), adj. [Pa and lauwili, to change.] Changing often; whiffling about, as the wind; palauwili ka makani.
- Palawai** (pā'-lā-wā'i), n. A species of fresh water limu or moss.
- Palawaiki** (pā'-lā-wā-i'-ki), adj. Nice; neatly done; polite; done with taste.
- Palaweka** (pā'-lā-wē'-ka), adj., v. Same as palaueka.
- Pale** (pā'-le), adj. Hindering; separating; opposing; warding off.
- Pale** (pā'-le), n. (Anything that defends or wards off.) 1. A sheath; an outer garment; an apron; a veil. 2. A curtain; a partition. 3. [Mod.] The lining of a garment. 4. The lining of an imu or earth oven, consisting of leaves, grass, etc., to protect the food from the hot stones. 5. A division; a dividing line; a boundary. 6. An interval of time. 7. A convalescent person; that is, one whose sickness is warded off. 8. The upper rim sewed to a canoe, also called palepale.
- Pale** (pā'-le), v. 1. To refuse; to stand in the way; to hinder. 2. To defend off; to parry, as in the sword exercise; to ward off; to repulse. 3. To strike against; to be opposite to; to oppose; to resist. To fend off a blow, as in boxing. Laieik. p. 41. 4. To make void, as a law; to turn into another meaning from the one designed; to misinterpret. 5. To cover or overlay. 6. To deliver, as a midwife. (The full form is palekeiki.)
- Palehe** (pā'-lē'-he), v. To be slack; to be loose; to hang loosely; to shake; to vibrate; e palehe, e alualu, e ooloo, e haalua, e pohemo.
- Palekai** (pā'-lē-kā'i), n. [Pale, defense, and kai, the sea.] 1. The railing or bulwark of a vessel: a ku iho la ma ka palekai, when he

- stood upon the bulwark. 2. Embankment to resist the pressure of the sea.
- Palekana** (pā'-lē-kā'-na), adj. Safe; in a state from danger; escaped from danger; palekana, pau ka makau, pau ka luhī, pau ka hele ana i ka hana.
- Palekana** (pā'-lē-kā'-na), n. 1. One who has escaped from danger or secure from it. 2. Rescue; a being safe.
- Palekana** (pā'-lē-kā'-na), v. To rest satisfied; to feel secure from danger; to breathe freely, that is, to feel safe; to be safe, that is, to have escaped.
- Palekaponō** (pā'-lē-kā-pō'-no), v. To refuse obedience to a request; to listen to no advice; to pay no attention to what is right. (It is also equivalent to a phrase, meaning "Patience has reached its limit." Laielk. p. 140.)
- Palekaua** (pā'-lē-kā'u-a), n. [Pale, defense, and kaua, war.] A shield; defensive armor.
- Palekeiki** (pā'-lē-kē-i'-ki), n. One who acts as a midwife; a midwife.
- Palekeiki** (pā'-lē-kē-i'-ki), v. [Pale, to deliver, and keiki, child.] To deliver a child; to act the midwife.
- Palela** (pā'-lē-la), adj. Lazy; going about idly sauntering here and there; contemptuous.
- Palela** (pā'-lē-la), n. Laziness; indolence.
- Palela** (pā'-lē-la), v. To be idle; to be lazy; to refuse to work.
- Palele** (pā'-lē-lē'), v. Same as palele.
- Palelua** (pā'-lē-lū'-a), n. The second veil or partition in the temple of Solomon.
- Palemai** (pā'-lē-mā'i), n. [Pale, a defense, and mai, private.] An undershirt; lolewawae palemai, drawers.
- Palemaka** (pā'-lē-mā'-ka), n. [Pale, a garment, and maka, face.] A veil; a covering for the face.
- Palemo** (pā'-lē-mo), n. The name of a fish; a species of trigger fish or ohua.
- Palemo** (pā'-lē-mo), v. To sink down, as into water; to be lost, that is, to be sunk in the sea or mud; to be plunged out of sight.
- Palemo** (pā'-lē-mo), v. To dodge; to move the head up and down, as fighting cocks before they spring at each other.
- Palena** (pā'-lē-na), n. [Pale and ana, a dividing off.] 1. A border or boundary. A dividing line between two parts or places. 2. A class of people formerly dwelling in Kohala, a particular class of men under Kamehameha, some chiefs, some common people. 3. [Mod.] Same as berena, bread.
- Palenaaina** (pā'-lē-nā-ā'i-na), n. [Palena, division, and aina, land.] The boundary of a land.
- Paleo** (pā'-lē-o), v. [Pa and leo, voice.] 1. To converse together, as several persons; to utter or express something with the voice. 2. To dispute or debate.
- Paleoleoa** (pā'-lē-ō-lē-ō-ā'), v. [Pa and leoleoa, to wish evil.] To listen to vile language; to speak reproachfully of another; to curse another by wishing him dead; to blackguard.
- Paleopua** (pā'-lē-ō-pū'-a), v. To pardon one's offenses, as the priest in former times by offering a sacrifice; e kala, e wailua, e paleopua (contingent on an offering by the applicant for pardon).
- Palepale** (pā'-lē-pā'-le), n. The upper rim sewed to a canoe, called also pale.
- Palepale** (pā'-lē-pā'-le), v. [Pale, to defend.] 1. To fend off; to separate. 2. To parry; to push aside; to divide, as in clearing a path.
- Palepo** (pā'-lē-po), n. [Pa, fence, and lepo, earth.] An earth fence, that is, an adobe wall.
- Paleuhi** (pā'-lē-ū'-hi), n. [Pale, a covering, and uhi, to cover up.] A covering; a veil; an article of concealment.
- Paleumauma** (pā'-lē-ū'-mā'u-ma), n. [Pale, covering, shield, and umau-ma, the breast.] A breast plate; an armor of defense.
- Paleumaunahi** (pā'-lē-ū'-mā-ū'-mā-ū'-nā'-hi), n. [Pale, shield, umau-ma, breast, and unahi, the scale of a fish.] A brigandine; an armor of defense; a coat of mail.
- Palewawae** (pā'-lē-wā'-wā'e), n. [Pale, covering; wawae, leg, foot.] Covering for the leg.

- Pali** (pā'-li), adj. Full of deep ravines or precipitate hills: he aina pali.
- Pali** (pā'-li), n. A precipice; the side of a steep ravine; a steep hill; whatever stands up like a precipice; a cliff.
- Palikaulu** (pā'-li-kā-ū-lu), v. To fall, as heavy rain and wind down a precipice; to shower down, as rain and wind: palikaulu ole ka lani. Laieik. p. 175.
- Palikauluolekalani** (pā'-li-kā-ū-lū-ō-le-ka-lā'-ni). A phrase rather than a word, meaning a clear, serene sky; no clouds; all mild above.
- Paliku** (pā'-li-kū'), n. An ancient order of priests on Hawaii, who are said to have come originally from Paliku, a foreign country; another order was called ka Nalu.
- Palili** (pā'-li-li), n. Taro floating up on the sides of the patch; the refuse taro after the good is taken.
- Palili** (pā'-li-li), v. To be in a tremor from fright.
- Paliloa** (pā'-li-lō'-a), n. A cloud that lies low near the horizon; the same as kakai.
- Palima** (pā'-li-ma), adj. Five times; in fives; by fives.
- Palipali** (pā'-li-pā'-li), adj. Full of precipices; steep down hill, or up and down: a ma kahi palipali i holo kiki ai ka waa; precipitous.
- Palipali** (pā'-li-pā'-li), n. The upper board on the side of a canoe to keep the water out. Same as palepale.
- Paliuli** (pā'-li-ū-li), n. The home of Laleikawai, in the story of that name, located in Puna on the island of Hawaii.
- Palo** (pā-lō'), v. 1. To live idly; e noho wale; loa hana ole ka manawa. 2. To act the hypocrite; to be hypocritical.
- Paloa** (pā-lō'-a), n. A long fish net; called also the upena pakuipai.
- Paloke** (pā-lō'-ke), v. [Eng. broke.] 1. To be broken; more generally written poloke. 2. To be "broke"; that is, to have no money.
- Palokeloke** (pā-lō'-kē-lō'-ke), adj. Loose; not fitting tightly.
- Palolalola** (pā-lō'-lā-lō'-la), adj. [Lolalola, to be awkward.] Palsied; helpless; stiff; awkward; useless.
- Palolo** (pā-lō'-lo), adj. Skilled in language or in speaking; fluent; branching out.
- Palolo** (pā-lō'-lo), n. 1. Sticky mud; adhesive earth; hard mud; a whitish clay of the islands; clay mortar. 2. A lie; a deception; false information.
- Palolo** (pā-lō'-lo), v. To deceive; to lie; wahahee, alapahi; to circumvent.
- Palololo** (pā-lō-lō'-lo), adj. Solid or hard, as earth: he lepo palololo.
- Paloo** (pā-lo'o), adv. Dryly; devoid of moisture, said of thunder without rain; thundering only: i kui paloo ka hekili. Laieik. p. 178.
- Palu** (pā-lu), n. 1. The entrails of fish prepared for food. 2. A lure for fish.
- Palu** (pā-lu), v. 1. To lick; to lap; to lap water with the tongue, as a dog. 2. Fig. To lick the dust, that is, to be greatly degraded. 3. To destroy, as an enemy.
- Palua** (pā-lū'-a), adj. Double; twofold; two by two.
- Palua** (pā-lū'-a), v. To double; to give two shares; to dispose of two by two.
- Paluhe** (pā-lū-hē'), v. To be bruised; to be reduced to a pulp.
- Paluhee** (pā-lū-he'e), v. [Palu and hee, to flow.] To be softened; to be cooked so as to be soft; to flow.
- Paluhi** (pā-lū'-hi), adj. Weary from labor or exertions.
- Paluhi** (pā-lū'-hi), v. 1. To be heavy hearted; to be sorrowful. 2. To be tired, weary, exhausted, etc.
- Palukaluka** (pā-lū-kā-lū-ka), n. 1. A food fish (Callyodon paluca), also called pauhuu. 2. The slimy matter of stools.
- Paluku** (pā-lū'-ku), adv. Heavily; severely, as in striking heavy blows.
- Paluku** (pā-lū'-ku), v. [Pa and luku, to destroy.] 1. To strike, as a hammer on an anvil. 2. To pound solid, as the bottom of a taro patch with stones. 3. Fig. To knock down; to overthrow: aloha oe, e ka naauao, ka mea nana e paluku i na kii. 4. To beat; to

- break in pieces, as stones in the road. 5. To beat another person.
- Palukuluku** (pā'-lū'-kū-lū'-ku), v. [Intensive of *paluku*.] To destroy indiscriminately.
- Palula** (pā'-lū-lā'), adj. Still; calm; quiet, as in the lull of the wind.
- Palula** (pā'-lū'-la), n. 1. The cooked leaf of the sweet potato. A dish of food made by roasting sweet potato leaves with hot stones.
- Palule** (pā'-lū'-le), n. A loose undergarment for men; a shirt: *palule* onionio, an embroidered coat.
- Palulu** (pā'-lū'-lu), adj. Overcast; obscure.
- Palulu** (pā'-lū'-lu), v. 1. To protect with a shield or screen; to place between for the purpose of shelter or defense. 2. To cover from sight.
- Palunu** (pā'-lū'-nu), n. [Mod.] A creeping plant resembling the koali or convolvulus.
- Palupalu** (pā'-lū-pā'-lu), adj. Weak; feeble; soft. Pliable; limber; tender.
- Palupalu** (pā'-lū-pā'-lu), n. 1. Tenderness; softness; flexibility; weakness; want of strength.
- Palupalu** (pā'-lū-pā'-lū'), n. A pa-u or tapa garment colored yellow.
- Palupalu** (pā'-lū-pā'-lu), v. 1. To be tender; to be soft; to be weak; to be flexible. 2. To be tender either physically or morally; to be enfeebled, as the body: *Ua palupalu ke keiki*, the child is feeble; *ua palupalu kona naau*, he is tender hearted.
- Pama** (pā'-ma), adj. [Eng.] Of or belonging to the palm tree: *lau pama*. Called also *palama*.
- Pamai** (pā'-ma'i), v. To be qualmish.
- Pamake** (pā'-mā'-ke), n. [Pa and *make*, death.] 1. Deaths often repeated, as one dies after another as in a time of general sickness: *he ola wale no ka mai, aole pamake iki na kanaka*. 2. Epidemic attended with a large death rate, the opposite of *pa-ola*.
- Pamaloo** (pā'-mā-lo'ō), adj. 1. Dry; lacking moisture. 2. Thundering without rain, especially if the weather is good: *aia a lohe aku kakou i ka hekili kui pamaloo*. *Laieik*, p. 181. See *paloo*.
- Pana** (pā'-na), n. 1. The act of shooting an arrow. 2. Any celebrated place; any distinguished spot. 3. The pulse.
- Pana** (pā'-na), n. Title or name by which a person, place or thing is known.
- Pana** (pā'-na), v. The whole form is *pana pua*. 1. To shoot out; to shoot, as an arrow. To shoot at: *i ole e aihueia (na iwi) a hanala i mea pana iole*, that (the bones) might not be stolen and made into instruments for shooting mice. (Among Hawaiians formerly, the greatest contempt a person could show of his enemy was to procure some of his bones after he was dead, and make them into fish-hooks or arrow heads for shooting mice.) 2. To snap, as a person snaps with his finger on any substance. 3. To give a name or appellation.
- Panai** (pā'-na'i), adj. 1. Interchangeable; exchangeable. 2. Substituted.
- Panai** (pā'-na'i), n. 1. A thing substituted for another; a substitute. 2. A ransom; a price paid for redeeming. Syn: *Uku panai*. 3. A surety for one: *he poe panai*, hostages.
- Panai** (pā'-na'i), v. 1. To put one thing in the place of another, that is, to compensate for something lost. 2. To give a substitute; to redeem. 3. To buy one's liberty; to pay a redeeming price; to exchange prisoners. 4. To fit one thing to another, as one piece of cloth to another; to cover up a defect, as with a patch. 5. To stitch together; to splice on. 6. To graft: *e panai aku*. Syn: *Pakui*.
- Panaiki** (pā'-nā-i'-ki), adv. Diagonally; from corner to corner: *e opiopi panaiki*, the same as *opiopi lepe*, to fold up diagonally.
- Panainai** (pā'-na'i-na'i), v. [Panai, to substitute, to graft.] To lengthen anything out when not long enough; to piece a thing, as tapa when not broad enough; to splice; to lengthen out by splicing. Syn: *Pakuikui*.
- Panaiole** (pā'-nā-i-ō'-le), n. Shooting mice with the bow and arrow; a pastime of *Pikoiakaalala*, a cele-

- brated demigod noted for his skill in archery; also practiced by kings and chiefs.
- Panakai** (pā'-nā-kā'i), adj. Leaning; crooked; rough in motion: ke ike nei au ua mimo, ua panakai ole.
- Panakai** (pā'-nā-kā'i), v. To purify by the use of salt and water; to sprinkle with salt water.
- Panalaau** (pā'-nā-lā'-ā'u), n. 1. A possession of land other than one's own place of residence: Holo o Kamehameha e nana i kona aupuni a e ai i kona panalaau, Kamehameha sailed to look at his kingdom and to eat (enjoy) his colonies, that is, receive the fruits or taxes of them. 2. A province; a dependency. 3. A land gained by conquest: he aina i lilo ma ke kaua.
- Panalea** (pā'-nā-le'a), adj. Dexterous; pleasing, as in dancing, in practicing the hula; me he hula panalea la i haa mai la. Panalea ka ua i kai o Hilo.
- Panana** (pā'-nā-nā'), n. [Pa and nana, to look.] 1. A compass, especially a mariner's compass. 2. A pilot; one who directs the sailing of a vessel; he mea kuhikuhi holomoku. 3. A weak, tottering infant.
- Panana** (pā'-nā-na'), v. To direct the course of a canoe irregularly; to sail crookedly; to go here and there; to go beyond the place intended; to exhibit awkwardness in steering a canoe or vessel.
- Pananai** (pā'-nā-nā'i), adj. Flat; shallow, as a flat calabash.
- Pananai** (pā'-nā-nā'i), v. To be light, not heavy; to be flat, as a flat bottomed boat.
- Panapana** (pā'-nā-pā'-na), v. [Pana, to shoot.] 1. To snap with the thumb and finger. 2. To shoot, as a marble: lealea kamalii i ka panapana hua.
- Panapananiau** (pā'-nā-pā'-nā-nī'-ā'u), n. A pastime anciently practiced with the niau, the small midriff of the coconut leaf. This was bent into the form of a bow in the hand and being suddenly released, sprang away by its elasticity.
- Panapanapuhi** (pā'-nā-pā'-nā-pū'-hi), n. A small shell-fish, found on submerged rocks.
- Panapoo** (pā'-nā-po'o), v. [Pana, to strike, and poo, head.] To strike or scratch one's own head, to cause one's self to remember something forgotten: oia iho la no ka ko'u wahi a panapoo i noonoo iho ai.
- Panapua** (pā'-nā-pū'-a), n. [Pana, to shoot, and pua, arrow.] A shooter of arrows; an archer.
- Panau** (pā'-nā'u), v. To move up and down as in see-sawing.
- Panau** (pā'-nau'), v. 1. To be restless; to be uneasy; to act the gad-a-bout; to go about from house to house or from place to place. 2. To act; to exert one's self.
- Panauea** (pā'-nā'u-ē'-a), adj. Weak; frail; applied to persons or things; nearly synonymous with maimai: he auwaa panaua la.
- Panauea** (pā'-nā'u-ē'-a), adj. 1. Thin; poor in flesh; weak. 2. Slow; tardy; dilatory.
- Panauea** (pā'-nā'u-ē'-a), v. 1. To be poor or thin in flesh; to be very lean. 2. To be feeble in walking about. 3. To go slowly or carefully.
- Pane** (pā'-ne), n. The joining of the head with the bones of the neck; he hookuina o ka iwi poo me ka iwi ai. See panepoo.
- Pane** (pā'-ne), v. 1. To utter; to speak. 2. To answer; to reply.
- Panee** (pā'-ne'e), n. 1. A moving onward. 2. Something over; interest; what is gained for the use of money as interest; money gained by putting off payment. Syn: Ukuhoopanee.
- Panee** (pā'-ne'e), v. [Pa and nee, to move a trifle.] 1. To move along a little. 2. To wait a little; to delay; to procrastinate.
- Panee** (pā'-ne'e), v. To push forward; to shove, as in floating a canoe: Panee aku la lakou i ka waa i ke kai, they pushed the canoe into the sea.
- Panecha** (pā'-ne'e-hā), v. To haul along; to drag; to move slowly.
- Paneenee** (pā'-ne'e-ne'e), v. To move little by little; to go ahead.
- Panepane** (pā'-nē-pā'-ne), v. [Pane, to speak.] To answer back; to quarrel; to scold; to be angry; to express anger in words.

- Panepoo** (pā'-nē-po'o), n. [**Pane** and **poo**, head.] The occiput or hinder part of the head. See **pane**.
- Pani** (pā'-ni), n. [Eng.] A pan.
- Pani** (pā'-ni), n. 1. Something filling a vacancy; that which fills or takes the place of another person or thing. 2. That which closes an entrance, as the door of a house, the shutter of a window, the gate of a city, the stopper of a bottle: Nui ka poe i make i ke **pani**.
- Pani** (pā'-ni'), v. 1. To close up an opening; to shut, as a window; to shut, as the door of a house; as the gate of a city. 2. To shut off, as the light of the sun: ka manu nana e **pani** ka la. Laieik. p. 175. 3. To supply a deficiency; to supply a vacancy: e **pani** i ka hakahaka, to fill the breach; to put one thing in the place of another: A **paniia** iho la ka hilahila ame ka makau ma ka hakahaka o ka huhu, shame and fear took the place of anger. Laieik. p. 203. See **panai**.
- Pania** (pā'-nī'-a), v. [For **paniia**, passive of **pani**.] To be shut up: Me he mea la i **pania** mai ka waimaka. Laieik. p. 142.
- Panihaka** (pā'-nī-hā'-ka), n. A supply of a deficiency; that which supplies something wanting.
- Panihaka** (pā'-nī-hā'-ka), v. [**Pani**, to fill, and **haka**, a space.] To fill a place or vacancy.
- Panihakahaka** (pā'-nī-hā'-kā-hā'-ka), adv. In the place of.
- Panihakahaka** (pā'-nī-hā'-kā-hā'-ka), n. One acting in the place of another. Kin. 30:2.
- Panihakahaka** (pā'-nī-hā'-kā-hā'-ka), v. To fill a vacancy; to supply or fill a deficiency.
- Panihi** (pā'-nī'-hi), v. To pinch; to strike slightly, as in a familiar touch.
- Paniholoa** (pā'-nī-hō-lō'-a), n. A kind of fish, of the *hinalea* genus.
- Paniki** (pā'-nī'-ki), n. Place where coloring matter is made and where the dye is kept; place where *tapa* is dipped.
- Paniku** (pā'-nī-kū'), v. To pound; to break with hammer or stone.
- Panina** (pā'-nī'-na), adj. Having large cheeks, as a full-faced person. Syn. Uhekeheke.
- Panina** (pā'-nī'-na), n. 1. The end or closing act of any performance; the last in a regular order. 2. The youngest born; the youngest of a family of children; the youngest child as *hiapo* is the oldest; ka *pokii*. 3. A breaking off or cutting short. 4. The **pani ana**; the shutting up, the *pau ana* of the *hanau ana*, that is, the ceasing of reproductive power.
- Paninio** (pā'-nī-ni'o), v. To color or dye with gay colors; to paint or print as the *kilohana* was formerly printed. Syn: **Panionio**.
- Panio** (pā'-ni'o), v. To spot; to paint in spots; to variegate, as colors; to write.
- Panionio** (pā'-ni'o-ni'o), v. To print a *tapa* in gaudy colors; to variegate in colors; to dye with different colors, but more or less gaudy. See **onio**.
- Panipani** (pā'-nī-pā'-ni), v. [Freq. of **pani**.] To close or shut off. (A plural form of the verb.)
- Panipu** (pā'-nī-pū'), n. [**Pani**, a stopper, and **pu**, a gun.] The wad of a gun.
- Panipuka** (pā'-nī-pū'-ka), n. [**Pani**, a stopper, and **puka**, an entrance.] 1. That which closes an entrance; a door of a house; the gate of a city or a yard. 2. A beggar, because beggars often took a seat in the doorway.
- Panipupu** (pā'-nī-pū'-pū'), n. [**Pani** and **pupu**, a shell.] A shell used as an eyestone in taking a foreign substance from the eye.
- Pano** (pā'-no), adj. Black; deep blue; deep dark colored, as heavy clouds; dark, as the appearance of a fathomless abyss.
- Panoa** (pā'-nō'-a), adj. Dry; applied to a place parched with drought, without water, where no vegetable grows, where no seed will vegetate.
- Panoa** (pā'-nō'-a), n. 1. A barren region. 2. Any place lacking moisture.
- Panoa** (pā'-nō'-a), n. A woman who gives herself up to a vicious life.
- Panoa** (pā'-nō'-a), v. To be dry; to be solitary, as a dry, barren, desolate place.

- Panoea** (pā'-nō-ē'-a), adj. Dilatory; slow.
- Panonono** (pā'-nō-nō'-no), adj. Full of holes; full of cracks.
- Panonono** (pā'-nō-nō'-no), n. That which is full of holes or cracks.
- Panoonoo** (pā'-no'o-no'o), v. To be destitute; to be empty or dry, said of the seashore when the tide is out, hence without fish: *panoonoo kaʻakakai*, bare is the shore.
- Panopano** (pā'-nō-pā'-no), adj. [Intensive of *pano*.] 1. Thick, dense, as a cloud; black; glossy black. Syn: *Papano*. 2. Dark blue; hence, 3. Beautiful; grand; splendidly attired; excellent.
- Panopano** (pā'-nō-pā'-no), n. [*Pano*, black.] Blackness; a deep blue color; shining jet blackness.
- Panopau** (pā'-nō-pa'u), adj. [*Pano*, black.] Black; so black as to have a gloss; glistening black.
- Panopau** (pā'-no-pa'u), n. [*Pano*, black.] Black streaks in the grains of wood.
- Panounou** (pā'-no'u-no'u), v. To be wet in spots.
- Panuhu** (pā'-nū'-hu), v. To grow thriftily.
- Panuhunuhu** (pā'-nū'-hū-nū'-hu), v. A species of fish of the class *Callydon*, also called *uhuula* or *uhulauli*; abundant about coral reefs.
- Panuu** (pā'-nu'u), adj. Growing thriftily, as young plants, while yet young: *pauhu*, *pohuku*.
- Pao** (pā'-o), n. 1. A variety of sweet potato. Syn: *Pao*. 2. A fish of the *opu* family, found only in salt water. Syn: *Pao*.
- Pao** (pā'-o), n. 1. An arch of a bridge; the bridge itself; a prop. (Takes the article *ke*.) 2. An oven or shallow pit; a place dug out. 3. An artificial cavern. 4. A concealed or hidden pit, or a pit to hide things in; a covered gutter or drain.
- Pao** (pā'-o), v. [*Pa*, to strike, and *o*, point.] 1. To peck with the bill, as a bird: *pao iho la ka manu*, he elepaio i ka hūwai o ke kanaka a puka. 2. To dig out with a chisel; to dig, as in a rock. 3. To dig down in the ground; to dig deeply, as in digging a deep pit.
- Paoa** (pā'-ō'-a), adj. 1. Destitute from not having obtained, not from having lost; *ua hoikaika*, *ua imi*, a *paoa no*; unlucky. 2. Having an odor, good or bad.
- Paoa** (pā'-ō'-a), n. 1. Destitution; having obtained nothing after an effort.
- Paoa** (pā'-ō'-a), v. [*Pa* and *oa*, destitute.] 1. To be empty; to be destitute; to return without obtaining the object sought; to return destitute, as one who catches nothing at fishing: *ua paoa ka makou huakai*, our company did not obtain what they went for.
Paoa wale hoi au—e—
Aole moewaa oka po—e.
2. To fail of accomplishing; to fall short of attaining.
- Paoda** (pā'-o-da), n. Same as *paula*. gunpowder.
- Paioi** (pā'-o'i-o'i), adj. Out of the common order or practice; ungrammatical; incorrect in speaking.
- Paokee** (pā'-ō-ke'e), adj. Slanderous; railing; perverse.
- Paokee** (pā'-ō-ke'e), n. A slanderer; a detractor; a perverse person.
- Paokee** (pā'-ō-ke'e), v. To treat one's friend badly; to condemn one's companion; to deal crookedly or perversely with one's friend.
- Paokoke** (pā'-ō-kō-ke), n. Betrayal, the breaking off of one's friendship through fear of rivalry in the estimation of a chief: *ka paokoke i na io ohana*.
- Paola** (pā'-ō'-la), n. [*Pa* and *ola*, recovery.] Recovery from sickness; the opposite of *pamake*; *he ola wale no ka mai*, *aole pamake iki o na kanaka*.
- Paoliva** (pā'-ō-lī'-va), n. [Mod., *pa*, fence, and *oliva* (Eng.), olive.] An olive yard.
- Paolo** (pā'-ō'-lo), n., v. Same as *puolo*.
- Paomoni** (pā'-ō-mō'-ni), v. To strive for the mastery; to declare war: *Mai paomoni aku oe ia Kahekili*, Don't make war against Kahekili. (This was the kahunas' advice to Kamehameha.)

- Paona** (pā'-ō'-na), n. [Eng.] 1. A pound in money; twenty shillings. 2. A pound in weight. 3. An instrument to weigh with; a balance, scales.
- Paona** (pā'-ō'-na), n. 1. Pound. 2. Weight. 3. Contrivance for weighing.
- Paonakaulike** (pā'-o-nā-kāu-lī'-ke), n. Balance; a contrivance for weighing; scales.
- Paoni** (pā'-ō'-ni), v. [Contraction of paonioni.] See paonioni.
- Paonioni** (pā'-ō'-nī-ō'-ni), adv. Struggling for supremacy; ke haele nei no o manao ole me manao, aole i oi aku, aole i emi mai noho paonioni no laua a hiki mai i keia la.
- Paonioni** (pā'-ō'-nī-ō'-ni), n. 1. Envy; the result of envying; the expression of envy by defaming the envied person. 2. A striving for preeminence.
- Paonioni** (pā'-ō'-nī-ō'-ni), v. 1. Lit. To move; to struggle, as an infant either before or after it is born; hence, 2. To struggle against a person, or against adverse circumstances. 3. To withstand; to contend, as two parties for supremacy. 4. To resist one's influence; to envy.
- Paono** (pā'-ō'-no), adv. [Pa, distributive particle, and ono, six.] By sixes; six-fold; six times; six at once.
- Paoo** (pā'-ō'-ō), adj. Of or belonging to the ama, a second growth of sweet potato; ikaika i ka ama paoo.
- Paoo** (pā'-o'o), n. A favorite food fish, found in rough seas off rocky cliffs. Paoolekei, paoopuhi, paouou and paokauwila are all of the paoo class.
- Paoo** (pā'-ō'-ō'), n. Small potatoes; potatoes of the second digging; potato hit by the oo or digger.
- Paopao** (pā'-o-pā'o), n. 1. A strife; a beating. 2. A species of cavalla fish (*Caranx speciosus*).
- Paopao** (pā'-o-pā'o), v. [Pao, to peck; to strike at.] 1. To beat or bruise. 2. To beat or bruise generally; to smite. 3. To bore through anything by striking with a pointed instrument.
- Paopaoia** (pā'-o-pā'o-i'a), adj. Bruised; crushed; pounded; beaten.
- Paopaonohonia** (pā'-o-pā'o-nō'-hō-ni'a), n. 1. Envy; jealousy; ill-will; living with or indulging in bad feelings towards others. 2. An intriguer.
- Paopaonohonia** (pā'o-pā'o-nō'-hō-ni'a), v. To envy; to bear ill will toward others.
- Paouou** (pā'-o'u-o'u), n. A variety of potatoes.
- Papa** (pā'-pa), adj. Old; ancient; pertaining to former times; pertaining to rank or to ancestry.
- Papa** (pā'-pa), n. 1. A word applied in general to any flat surface. 2. A rank, class, order, sect or group. 3. The fabled mother of the islands and of their first inhabitants. She was the wife of Akea or Wakea. 4. A certain class of Kamehameha's laws; prohibitory laws.
- Papa** (pā'-pa), n. 1. A kind of small crab; a species of paiea. 2. The middle portion of a large net, such as is used in the huki lau. 3. An ancestor some generations back; a race; a family.
- Papa** (pā'-pā'), [A reduplication of the distributive particle, pa.] It is often used as a verb: e papa lua, to make two-fold, to put two together; e papa kolu, e papa ha, etc. See palua, pakolu, etc.
- Papa** (pā'-pa'), v. To prohibit; to forbid. (The language or the words of the prohibition generally follow.)
- Papaa** (pā'-pa'a), adj. 1. Tight; secure, as an inclosure of any kind. 2. Storing; securing: kulanakauhale papaa, a store city; hale papaa, a storehouse. 3. Strong; fenced, as a city.
- Papaa** (pā'-pa'a), n. 1. An incrustation. 2. A crust; anything burnt to a crisp. 3. A flat fish, also called pakii.
- Papaa** (pā'-pa'a), v. To be burnt to a crisp; to be very dry; to be parched; to suffer thirst.
- Papaa** (pā'-pa'a), v. To be very dry; to be parched or crusted over.
- Papaaberena** (pā'-pa'a-bē-rē'-na), n. [Mod. Papaa, a hard substance, and berena (Eng.), bread.] A crust of bread.
- Papaaina** (pā'-pa'a-i'-na), adj. That which may easily be broken; brittle.

- Papaaina** (pā'-pā-ā'i-na), n. [**Papa**, table, and **aina**, eating.] A table to eat on.
- Papaaina** (pā'-pa'a-i'-na), n. 1. The sharp cracks or reports of hard substances in breaking or cracking. 2. The sound of the feet in walking over a crusty surface.
- Papaaina** (pā'-pa'a-i'-na), v. 1. To be broken, as glass or crockery; to be brittle. 2. To crack, as the joints of the fingers.
- Papaakahi** (pā'-pā-ā-kā'-hi), n. [**Papa**, row, and **akahi**, one; first.] The first order or rank.
- Papaakai** (pā'-pa'a-kā'i), n. 1. [**Pa**, plate, and **paakai**, salt.] Plate for salt. 2. [**Papaa**, a crust, and **kai**, salt water.] Lit. Incrusted salt water; salt in its granular or encrusted form.
- Papaakai** (pā'-pa'a-kā'i), v. 1. To wither, as a vegetable; to bear no fruit; to dry up; to be killed by insects. 2. To be white on the surface like a salt pond; to become white, as salt granulating.
- Papaakea** (pā'-pa'a-kē-a), n. 1. The soft white stone above Lahainaluna. 2. A general name of limestone formations found under a stratum of earth.
- Papaala** (pā'-pa'a-lā'), n. The hot season; a time of no rain when all is parched with the sun: *ka wa ua ame ka papaala*.
- Papaalua** (pā'-pa'a-lū'-a), adv. Doubly; two together; two by two. Syn: **Palua**.
- Papaana** (pā'-pa'a-nā'), adj. Quick; spry; watchful.
- Papaana** (pā'-pa'a-nā'), v. 1. To be quick, as in gaining strength after sickness: *papaana oe i ka nui*, you have grown fleshy quickly; to hasten. Hal. 22:19. 2. To be at ease; to rest; to breathe freely. 3. To escape from danger. 4. To overcome; to conquer.
- Papaana** (pā'-pā-ā-na), v. To prohibit; to promulgate laws or tabus.
- Papaapoo** (pā'-pā-ā-po'o), n. [**Papa**, rank, a, of, **poo**, head.] The company of men sent out first from an army to plunder, to commit murder, kidnap men, etc.; understood as a commencement of hostilities and a declaration of war.
- Papaapu** (pā'-pa'a-pū'), v. To be exceedingly friable, as anything cooked to a crisp.
- Papaaua** (pā'-pā-ā'u-a), v. To be compelled to hard bondage; to be put to severe labor.
- Papaberena** (pā'-pā-bě-rē'-na), n. [Mod.] [**Papa**, a flat thing, and **berena** (Eng.), bread. A flat cake.
- Papagula** (pā'-pā-gū'-la), n. [Mod.] [**Papa**, a plate, and **gula** (Eng.), gold.] A plate of gold.
- Papaha** (pā'-pā-hā'), adj. [**Papa** and **ha**, four.] Four by four; four times; by fours. Syn: **Paha**.
- Papahehi** (pā'-pā-hē'-hi), n. [**Papa**, board, and **hehi**, to tread upon.] The floor of a house; the boards to be trod on.
- Papahi** (pā'-pā-hi), adj. Of ornamental attire; belonging to the act of decorating: *lei papahi*, *he lei papahi*, an adorning lei or wreath.
- Papahi** (pā'-pā-hi), v. To confer honors; to decorate; to put on in a way of adornment.
- Papahoike** (pā'-pā-hō'-i'-ke), n. [Mod.] [**papa**, table, and **hoike**, to show.] A table that shows the order of any performance, a program.
- Papahola** (pā'-pā-hō'-la), n. [**Papa**, a flat surface, and **hola**, spread out.] 1. The front of a heiau or temple, a *kahua*, that is, an artificial level place on which the heiau was built, but containing a greater surface than the building; hence, a court; a yard in front of a temple. 2. A place of entering. 3. Division of the spoils among the victors.
- Papahoolewalewa** (pā'-pā-ho'o-lē'-wā-lē'-wa), n. Kind of fish net; a scoop net.
- Papahului** (pā'-pā-hū'-lū'-i), n. A kind of fish net: *he papahului, oia no ka upena o na ia ku*; a fine mesh net used with the *papahoolewalewa* or *makalei*.
- Papai** (pā'-pa'i), n. [**Papa**, shade,] 1. A temporary partition of a house; a house or room for playing a game: *papai kilu*. Laleik. p. 121. A screen; a roof on all sides; a slight house or shed. 2. Crabs.
- Papai** (pā'-pa'i), v. [**Pa** and **pai**, to strike.] 1. To smite with the

- open hand; to strike. 2. To strike gently; to touch. 3. To thatch a house or building with grass. (In the act of thatching, Hawaiians, in drawing the string tightly around a handful of grass, gave it a blow with the left hand.)
- Papai** (pā-pa'i), v. [**Pai**, to expel.] 1. To drive off or expel a tenant from his house and land; to drive off; to banish; a common punishment in former times for real or imaginary offenses. 2. To confirm a solemn promise; e hoohiki ma ka ae ana; e pai na lima, ae na waha, the hands strike, the mouths assent.
- Papaia** (pā-pā'i-a), n. The papaia tree and its fruit. (*Carica papaya*.) Also called *milikana* and *hei*.
- Papaiaawa** (pā-pa'i-ā-ā-wā), n. 1. A private place of worship. 2. Place where the hula dance was taught.
- Papaiaawa** (pā-pa'i-ā-ā-wā), v. 1. To worship in the papaiaawa or place where the hula was taught. 2. To worship privately.
- Papaieu** (pā-pa'i-e'u), n. Fresh crabs; live crabs.
- Papaiho** (pā-pā'i-ho), v. To lay one thing upon another, as in a terrace or wall; to set up above; to fix in a high place: e kau iho ma luna iho.
- Papailanai** (pā-pa'i-lā-na'i), n. A species of small crab, said to be found only on the island of Lanai.
- Papaio** (pā-pā-i'o), n. Propitiatory rites observed at the beginning of a new year.
- Papaio** (pā-pā-i'o), v. To sacrifice to the god of the year.
- Papaipa** (pā-pa'i-pa), adj. Pressed full; pushed in.
- Papaipa** (pā-pa'i-pa), n. A container or receptacle.
- Papaipu** (pā-pā-i-pu), n. Place for empty calabashes.
- Papaiwale** (pā-pa'i-wā-le), n. [**Papai**, to strike, and **wale**.] 1. A striking; a smiting; a method of killing in former times. 2. Liquid which a priest gives when he points out a victim for sacrifice.
- Papakai** (pā-pā-kā'i), n. A narrow escape of a canoe landing in the surf.
- Papakanalima** (pā-pā-kā-nā-lī-ma), adv. By fifties; fifty in a company.
- Papakanalima** (pā-pā-kā-nā-lī-ma), n. Fifties; fifty of a class or group.
- Papakaua** (pā-pā-kā'u-a), n. A division of an army on going into battle.
- Papakaukau** (pā-pā-kā'u-kā'u), n. A flat surface where food is eaten.
- Papakea** (pā-pā-kē-a), n. [**Papa**, a flat place, and **kea**, white.] 1. That part of the sea beach washed by the high tide and not by the low, that is, if the sand be white. 2. The action of the ocean current against the wind, when the waves stand up; he kupikipikio; foam on the sea. 3. Anything whitish, like white sand.
- Papakeehina** (pā-pā-kē-ē-hi-na), n. A floor.
- Papakeleawe** (pā-pā-kō-lē-ā-wō), n. [**Mod.**, **papa**, a plate, and **keleawe**, copper.] Copper plates used in sheathing ships.
- Papakoa** (pā-pā-kō-a), n. [**Papa**, board, and **koa**, a kind of tree.] 1. Boards made from the koa tree. 2. [**Papa**, row, and **koa**, soldier.] A rank or company of an army.
- Papakole** (pā-pā-kō-le), n. The hip bone; the hip; the joining of the hip bone with the socket bone; ka hookuina o ka iwi uha me ka iwika; the os innominatum.
- Papakolea** (pā-pā-kō-lē-a), v. To rise into waves and break as water in a current of the sea; e kupikipikio. Syn: **Papakea**.
- Papakoli** (pā-pā-kō-li), n. Same as **papakole**.
- Papaku** (pā-pā-kū), n. A disease attended with extreme costiveness and always fatal.
- Papakuiai** (pā-pā-ku-i-ā-i), n. A poi-board; that is, the board on which poi is pounded.
- Papakukia** (pā-pa-kū-kī-a), n. [**Papa**, ku, to stand, and **kia**, a mast.] 1. The mast of a ship. 2. That which strengthens a mast; the rigging of a ship.
- Papala** (pā-pā-la), adj. Radiant; issuing rays of light; flying rocket-like, as in the game of oahi: O ka lahui a ka ipo ahi papala.
- Papala** (pā-pā-la'), adv. Same as **papalale**.
- Papala** (pā-pā-la), n. 1. A large, spreading tree of the genus *Pisonia*, the parapara of the Maoris;

- also *Charpentiera ovata*. 2. The viscid sap which exudes from the papala tree: he kepau kapili manu, a material used to catch birds.
- Papalaau** (pā'-pā-lā'-ā'u), n. [**Papa**, flat, and **laau**, timber.] A board; a plank; a board for pounding poi: o ka papalaau ka mea kui poi.
- Papalai** (pā'-pā-lāi), n. A frying pan.
- Papalale** (pā'-pā-lā-lē'), adj. Awkward; unskillful; inexpert.
- Papalale** (pā'-pā-lā-lē'), adv. Without regard to order or method.
- Papalale** (pā'-pā-lā-lē'), v. Not to be able to sound clearly; to emit sound with difficulty; to make a hoarse sound.
- Papalale** (pā'-pā-lā-lē'), v. 1. To do awkwardly or unskillfully; to have things out of place. 2. To act in a hurried and confused manner.
- Papalalo** (pā'-pā-lā-lo), n. [**Papa**, board, and **lalo**, below.] The lower floor of a house; a floor of a house.
- Papalaoa** (pā'-pā-lā-ō-a), n. A dark blue cloud indicating rain or wind, so called from its resemblance to the palaoa, or walrus.
- Papale** (pā'-pā-le), n. [**Pa** and **pale**, a defense.] 1. A hat; a cap; a bonnet; any covering for the head. 2. Anything that covers a summit or the highest part of a thing.
- Papale** (pā'-pā-le), v. To bar; to ward off; to protect by shutting out or keeping off something.
- Papale** (pā'-pā-le), v. 1. To put on a covering of any kind for the head. 2. To overshadow: Ua ulu kou nani a papale maluna o kou kaikuaana, Your beauty has increased until it overshadows your sister's. *Laleik*. p. 169.
- Papalealii** (pā'-pā-lē-ā-li'i), n. [**Papale**, hat, and **alii**, chief.] A crown; a distinguishing head dress of a king. Syn: *Leialii*.
- Papalekapu** (pā'-pā-lē-kā-pu), n. A cap.
- Papalelaa** (pā'-pā-lē-la'a), n. [**Papale**, hat, and **laa**, consecrated.] A holy or consecrated crown.
- Papalena** (pā'-pā-lē-na), n. A fending off; a defending; a pushing aside.
- Papalena** (pā'-pā-lē-na), v. To ward off; to fend. Syn: *Papale*.
- Papalima** (pā'-pā-lī-ma), adv. By fives; by five in company. Syn: *Palima*.
- Papalima** (pā'-pā-lī-ma), v. [**Papa**(i), to touch; **lima**, hand.] To be confirmed by a striking of hands. *Hoopapalima* is the active form.
- Papalina** (pā'-pā-lī-na), v. [**Papa**, flat surface, and **lina**, soft.] The side of the face; the cheek.
- Papalananui** (pā'-pā-lī-nā-nū-i), adj. Large, fleshy and weak.
- Papalole** (pā'-pā-lō-le), adj. 1. Slovenly done. 2. Sluggish; indolent, lazy.
- Papalu** (pā'-pā-lu), n. 1. A dress worn only when employed in dirty work. 2. A dress different from the pa-u. 3. An apron. 4. The principal covering garment, or covering of a person. Syn: *Kihei*.
- Papalu** (pā'-pā-lu), v. 1. To cover up; to hide from sight. 2. To shield.
- Papalu** (pā'-pā-lu), v. To be soft, defective, rotten. Syn: *Palupalu*.
- Papalua** (pā'-pā-lū-a), adj. Two by two; two-fold; two at a time; doubly; in pairs. Syn: *Palua*.
- Papalua** (pā'-pā-lū-a), n. Two of a kind.
- Papalua** (pā'-pā-lū-a), n. [**Papa**, a story of a house, and **lua**, two.] The second story or floor of a building.
- Papalua** (pā'-pā-lū-a), v. [**Papa** and **lua**, two.] 1. To double; to put two things together of the same kind. 2. To be double; to be two-fold. Syn: *Palua*.
- Papamanamana** (pā'-pā-mā-nā-mā-na), n. [**Papa**, a plate, and **manamana**, branching.] A grate; a grating.
- Papamau** (pā'-pā-māu), adj. Interfering; grating, as the friction of one thing against another. Syn: *Eeina*.
- Papamu** (pā'-pā-mū'), n. The board on which the game *konane* is played.
- Papana** (pā'-pā-nā'), n. Haste; quickness in accomplishing an object.
- Papana** (pā'-pā-nā'), v. 1. To be quick; to be smart; to do things readily. 2. To be boasting; to be proud of one's own doings.
- Papane** (pā'-pā-ne), v. To reply; to answer back; to speak in return to something previously said.
- Papani** (pā'-pā-ni), adj. Intercepting.
- Papani** (pā'-pā-ni), n. A shutting out; a parting off.

- Papani** (pǎ-pā'-ni), v. [**Pani**, to stop up.] 1. To shut, as an opening; to close; to shut up. 2. To shut, as a door or other shutter.
- Papano** (pǎ-pā'-no), adj. [**Pano**, black.] Thick; black; glossy black.
- Papanoanoa** (pǎ'-pā'-no'a-no'a), n. 1. Cracks or fissures, as ground exposed to natural heat. 2. Any substance full of splits or cracks; **he hanonanona**, **he panonono**. See **papanonanona**.
- Papanoanoa** (pǎ'-pā'-no'a-no'a), v. To be fissured, cleft or cracked, as ground suffering from a lack of moisture.
- Papanonanona** (pǎ'-pā'-nō'-nā-nō'-na), adj. Placed in tiers, piled one above the other.
- Papanoo** (pǎ'-pā'-no'o), adj. Same as **papano**. Dark colored; black, as a black cloud.
- Papao** (pǎ'-pā'o), v. [**Pao**, to dig.] To dig under; to form a cavity by digging under an undisturbed surface.
- Papaohe** (pa'-pā-ō'-he), n. The smallest size of the fish, **akule**.
- Papaokole** (pǎ'-pā'-o-kō'-le), n. Same as **papakole**, the hip bone.
- Papaono** (pǎ'-pā-o'-no), adv. [**Papa** and **ono**, six.] By sixes; six by six; six-fold. Syn: **Paono**.
- Papapa** (pǎ'-pā'-pa), adj. Low; broken; flat and smooth, as the smooth surface of lava.
- Papapa** (pǎ'-pā'-pa), n. A kind of food; beans, so called from the flat pods; also purslane.
- Papapaakai** (pǎ'-pā-pa'a-kā'i), adj. Tempestuous. Syn: **Kupikipikio**.
- Papapaakai** (pǎ'-pā-pa'a-kāi), n. [**Papa**, a flat place; **paakai**, salt.] A flat where salt is made from sea water.
- Papapaakai** (pǎ'-pā-pa'a-kā'i), v. To be agitated into foam, said of a turbulent sea when a canoe narrowly escapes disaster.
- Papapaina** (pǎ'-pā-pā-i'-na), n. [**Papa** and **paina**, to eat.] An eating table; a table.
- Papapalaoa** (pǎ'-pā-pā-lā'-ō-a), n. [**Papa**, a flat thing, and **palaoa**, for **falaoa** (Eng.), flour.] A pancake; a wafer; a flat loaf of bread.
- Papapalapala** (pǎ'-pā-pā-lā-pā'-la), n. [**Papa**, a flat surface, and **pala-**
- pala**, a writing.] A writing table; a writing desk.
- Papapau** (pǎ'-pā-pā'u), adj. All together; consumed.
- Papapau** (pǎ'-pā-pā'u), v. 1. To be held together in any contingency or consequence: **Mai papapau na kanaka i ka make**, The people all nearly perished. (**Papau** does not mean the same as **pau**. The inference is that nobody died but all narrowly escaped.)
- Papapauupu** (pǎ'-pā-pā'u-pū'), v. A redundant form of **papapau**.
- Papapohaku** (pǎ'-pā-pō-hā'-ku), n. [**Papa**, a flat surface, and **pohaku**, stone.] 1. A board on which poi or other food is pounded; the pestle is made of stone and called **he pohaku kui ai**; the board or thick plank is slightly hollowed out like a very flat tray. The modern word is **papakui**. Syn: **Kui** and **papawillai**. 2. A row or tier of stones. 3. A slate; a stone for writing on. 4. A table of stone.
- Papapu** (pǎ'-pā-pū'), n. A row or tier of guns.
- Paparai** (pǎ'-pā-rā'i), n. [Mod. **Pa**, **pan**, and **parai** (Eng.) for **farai**, to fry] A frying-pan. Syn: **Papalai**.
- Papau** (pǎ'-pā'u), adj. Shallow, as water; not deep; **kahi papau**, a fording place.
- Papau** (pǎ'-pā'u), n. 1. Shallowness; littleness; having no depth, as water. 2. A shallow place.
- Papau** (pǎ'-pā'u), v. [**Pa** and **pau**, to be all; to be entire.] 1. To be deeply engaged in thought; to engage with all the powers of the mind in some research; to have full confidence in. 2. To be shallow, as water; to flow off, as the sea at low tide, leaving the water on the rocks shallow; to be at low tide; **he kai make**. A **papau ae la ka Pele ma Oahu**, **alaila lele oia i Maui**; a **papau hou iho la ma Haleakala**, **lele hou oia i Kilauea**, when Pele's dominions became shallow on Oahu (that is, when burnt down near to the level of the sea), then she leaped over to Maui; and when they became shallow again at Haleakala, she again jumped over to Kilauea.
- Papaua** (pǎ'-pā-ū-a), n. A bivalve of the oyster class; **ano o ka pipi**

- noloko o ke kai, like the oyster of the sea. Also called owaowaka.
- Papaukiuki** (pā-pā-ū'-kī-ū'-ki), n. A fierce strong wind, said of a furious wind or hurricane at sea.
- Papaukiuki** (pā-pā-ū'-kī-ū'-ki), v. To blow fiercely at sea: Ua papaukiuki ka makani, the wind blew fiercely.
- Papaumake** (pā-pā-u-mā'-ke), n. [Pa, pau, all; make, dead.] A graveyard; a burying ground: ke ku la na kii elua i ka papaumake.
- Papaunu** (pā'-pā-ū'-nu), v. To fill up; to cram down; to push in.
- Papaupu** (pā-pā-u-pū'), v. To embrace all; to be without exception; to be entirely in the circumstances mentioned: A papaupu wale ka luku-na, the slaughter embraced every one.
- Papawaena** (pā'-pā-wā'-e-na), n. [Papa, board, and waena, between.] The middle story of a building of three stories.
- Papawahanui** (pā'-pā-wā'-hā-nū'-i), n. A large baglike fish net used in taking the akule.
- Papawili** (pā'-pā-wī'-li), n. A mixing board or tray.
- Papawiliai** (pā'-pā-wī'-li-ā'-i), n. [Papa, board; wili, to mix, and ai, food.] A board for mixing food; a poi board; a very flat tray on which poi is pounded; a kneading trough.
- Papio** (pā'-pī'-o), adv. [Pa and pio, an arch.] Lying face downward.
- Papiopio** (pā'-pī'-ō-pī'-o), n. The young of the ulua fish.
- Papipi** (pā'-pī'-pi), n. The prickly pear (*Opuntia tuna*).
- Papohaku** (pā'-pō-hā'-ku), n. [Pa, fence, and pohaku, stone.] Stones laid into a wall; a stone wall.
- Papu** (pā'-pū'), adj. Clear of obstruction; wide; vast.
- Papu** (pā'-pū'), adv. Wholly covered; extensively.
- Papu** (pā'-pū'), n. 1. A plain; a level piece of ground of considerable extent. 2. [Pa, wall, and pu, gun.] A gun fence, that is, a fort; he pa kaua.
- Papu** (pā'-pū'), v. To be face to face with.
- Papua** (pā-pū'-a), v. Same as keapua.
- Papuhea** (pā'-pū'-hē'-a), n. 1. A mist or fine rain. 2. Clearness after fog or rain. 3. Meeting of two opposing winds.
- Papuhene** (pā'-pū-hē'-ne), n. A hula or dance in which the actors maintain a sitting posture.
- Parai** (pā-rā'i), v. [Eng. Variant of palai.] To fry.
- Patausani** (pā'-tā'u-sā'-ni), adv. [Pa and tausani (Eng.), thousand.] By thousands; a thousand fold.
- Pau** (pa'u), adj. All; every one; everything; all done; finished.
- Pau** (pa'u), adv. Entirely; wholly; completely. (Use has rendered the meaning of this word like the French tout, as in tout le monde, all the world, everybody, when only a small part is intended.)
- Pau** (pā-ū'), n. A kind of tapa.
- Pau** (pa'u), n. Ink-powder; smut; soot.
- Pa-u** (pā-ū'), n. The principal garment of a Hawaiian woman in former times, consisting of a number of tapas, generally five, wound around the waist and reaching to the knee.
- Pau** (pa'u), v. 1. To be ended. 2. To be spent; to be finished or completed. 3. To be consumed; to be passed away.
- Pa-u** (pā-ū'), v. To put or bind on a pa-u.
- Paua** (pā'u-a), n. Name of a species of shell-fish: he wahi ano pipi kai; he wahi ia, he papaua. Syn: Papaua.
- Pauaalina** (pā'u-a'-ā-lī'-na), v. To be heavy to carry; to be hard to bear, as a burden: e pauaalina me he pookaeo la.
- Pauahi** (pā'u-ā'-hi), n. [Pau, all, and ahi, fire.] Destruction of anything by fire; generally applied to a house.
- Pauahi** (pa'u-ā'-hi), n. Soot.
- Pauaho** (pā'u-ā'-ho), adj. 1. Breathless. 2. Fig. Faint-hearted; giving up; yielding; wanting perseverance.
- Pauaho** (pā'u-ā'-ho), v. [Pau, all, and aho, breath.] 1. To be out of breath. 2. To be discouraged; to give up the pursuit of a thing; to forsake it. 3. To be faint-hearted; to be discouraged. To be weary on account of trouble.
- Pauaka** (pā'u-ā'-ka), adj. Crooked in disposition; deceitful or unjust; lying or deceiving, as giving away what belongs to another.

- Pauaka** (pā'u-ā'-ka), v. 1. To be weary; to be fatigued with carrying a burden or with hard work. 2. To work without reward; e hana me ka uku ole. 3. To be of no use; to answer no purpose.
- Pauakaaka** (pā'u-ā'-kā-ā'-ka), v. 1. To laugh at or ridicule one for laboring without wages. See pauaka. 2. To be crooked; to be unreliable.
- Puali** (pā'u-ā'-li), v. To be crooked, perverse or wicked; applied to chiefs and people.
- Pauaneinei** (pā'u-ā'-ne'i-ne'i), v. [Pau, all, and neinei, to shrink up.] To shrink; to be too little; to be small.
- Pauanihi** (pā'u-ā'-nī'-hi), n. Young taro; the tops of taro. Called also oninihi.
- Pauhakaki** (pā'u-hā'-kā-kī'), adj. Full; well fed; plump: me kona kino ikaika, puipui pauhakaki no hoi.
- Pauhana** (pā'u-hā'-na), adj. Constantly at work; e hana mau; hoo-papauhana.
- Pauhananu** (pā'u-hā'-na-nu'u), adj. Short. Syn: Pohanuu.
- Pauheoheo** (pā'u-hē'-ō-hē'-o), v. 1. To mock; to jeer; to ridicule; to express contempt. 2. To be small, as a small place between two larger places; applied to many things. 2. A person returning from fishing without any fish. 3. Used also obscenely.
- Pauhia** (pā'u-hī'-a), v. 1. To be overtaken; to be overcome. (The signification is varied by the words following: Ua pauhia lakou i ka hiamoe; they were all asleep. Ua pauhia mai au e ka makemake nui; I was overwhelmed with a strong desire. Laieik. p. 144.) 2. To be overtaken by evil; to suffer loss or damage; to be overtaken by any calamity so that there is a general suffering. 3. To sleep soundly; to dream; to have a vision.
- Pauhu** (pā-ū'-hu), adj. Small; feeble about the chest and shoulders; panuu, pohuku.
- Pauhu** (pā-ū'-hu), n. A shell-fish, a species of the leho.
- Pauhuuhu** (pā-ū'-hū-ū'-hu), n. A fish, the panuhunu, also called palukaluka.
- Paukaha** (pā'u-kā'-ha), adj. Greedy.
- Pauke** (pā'u-kē'), v. [Pau and ke, to press against.] To slander; to belie; to tell lies about. Syn: Paokee.
- Paukiki** (pā'u-kī-kī'), v. 1. To be excited; to make a great noise. 2. To slip up; to fall in consequence of haste. 3. To cry out together. 4. To display undue haste.
- Paukilo** (pā'u-kī'-lo), v. To know as a sorcerer is supposed to know; to foreshow by signs.
- Paukino** (pā'u-kī'-no), adj. Destroyed, as the body of a person by a shark or by fire.
- Pauku** (pā'u-kū'), n. The cleats which support the seats on a canoe. (The better word is pouku.)
- Pauku** (pā'u-kū'), n. 1. A bit of a thing; a piece cut off; a fraction; a portion. 2. Specifically, a verse or stanza of a hymn; a verse or small portion of Scripture; a section of a book. Laieik. p. 111. 3. A small lot of land next less in size than a moo. 4. An age; a period of time. 5. The length from the ends of the fingers of one hand to the elbow of the opposite arm when both are extended. 6. In geometry, a cylinder.
- Paula** (pā'u-la), n. [Eng.] Gunpowder, also called paoda and pauda. (At first called "one a." burning sand, by Hawaiians.)
- Paula** (pā-ū'-la), n. [Pa and ula, red.] A full grown tree when the timber becomes red; he laau oo a ula.
- Paulalilii** (pā'u-lā-lī-lī'), n. The watch-word given by Kalanimoku before the battle of Kuamoo.
- Paulehia** (pā'u-le-hī'-a), adj. Accustomed; skillful through practice.
- Paulele** (pā'u-lē'-le), n. Confidence; faith.
- Paulele** (pā'u-lē'-le), v. To trust in; to lean or rely upon; to believe or credit what one has said; to put confidence in; to desire with the whole heart; to believe fully.
- Pauli** (pā-ū'-li), adj. [Pa and uti, blue.] Dark colored; blue, as the sea: pauli ke kai.
- Paulihiua** (pā'u-lī-hi-ū'a), adj. Dark; black with thick darkness.
- Paulihiua** (pā-ū'-li-hi-ū'a), n. 1. A great thickness of dark, shining

- clouds. 2. Dark clouds portending rain.
- He paulihiua na ka ua haa,
He loko papohaku na ke kioao,
Na kuu anae no Lele aanae—
Aia la iluna o Waipuhia
Me au aholehole i Lanihuli.
- Paulinalina** (pā'u-lī'-na-lī'-na), v. 1. To gird up tightly; to tie fast. 2. To stretch.
- Pauliuli** (pā'-ū-lī-ū-li), adj. Dark blue, as the sky in the evening near the horizon, one of the signs of a high surf (kaikoo).
- Pauma** (pā'u-ma), n. [Eng.] A pump; he omowai, he omoliu.
- Pauma** (pā'u-ma), v. 1. To draw; to move along; to push. 2. To turn, as a person at sea turns a canoe to the wind to empty it of water. 3. To pump.
- Paumaalea** (pā'u-ma'a-lē'-a), adj. [Pau, all, and maalea, skill; cunning.] Given to thought; accustomed to reflection; given to devising and planning.
- Paumaele** (pā'u-mā-ē'-le), adj. Dirty; defiled; obscured by something black.
- Paumaele** (pā'u-mā-ē'-le), v. [Pau, all, and maele, dirty.] To be defiled; to be polluted.
- Paumako** (pā'u-mā'-ko), n. Deep grief; a mourning for the loss of a friend; heaviness of the eyes with sorrow; the being overwhelmed with sorrow; lamentation.
- Paumako** (pā'u-mā'-ko), v. To cry with grief; to be sad at the loss of a friend; to writhe in mental agony; to be cast down; to be down-hearted; to be disquieted.
- Paumakoko** (pā'u-mā'-ko-ko), n. Great sorrow.
- Paumaunoo** (pā-ū'-māu'-no'o-no'o), n. A memento; a keepsake. Syn: Paalaha; paaloha.
- Paumeume** (pā-ū'-mē-ū'-me), adj. Disturbed; agitated; excited.
- Paumeume** (pā-ū'-mē-ū'-me), n. 1. A tug-of-war contest. 2. Any competitive game.
- Paumi** (pā'-ū-mi). Ten apiece; ten each: Paumi kapa o kahi, some had ten pieces of cloth each.
- Pauna** (pā'u-na), n. [Eng.] Same as paona, a pound in money or in weight; a scale.
- Pauneinei** (pā'u-ne'i-ne'i), v. To be all moved or excited; to make a great noise; to slip up; to fall; to cry out.
- Pauniniu** (pā'-ū'-nī-nī'-u), n. A girdle worn by dancers.
- Pauniniu** (pā'-ū'-nī-nī'-u), v. To turn about, as a top: pauniniu ka lemu o ka laau.
- Pauhiiaka** (pā'-ū-ō'-hi'i-ā'-ka), n. A trailing vine (*Jacquemontia sandwicensis*); a variety of the koali. The root is tuberous and is said to be edible; also a cathartic.
- Pauono** (pā'u-ō'-no), v. [Pau, all, and ono, sweet.] To be satisfied or satiated; deliciously done; applied to food fully cooked: Pauono kahi puaa a kakou, aole malena, our piece of pork is finely cooked, it is not burnt; Moa pono, piha pono.
- Paupaele** (pā'u-pā-ē'-le), adj. [Pau, all and paele, defiled.] Filthy; defiled; dirty. Syn: Paumaele.
- Paupau** (pā'u-pā-ū'), adj. Wet; damp; moist; mouldy.
- Paupau** (pā'u-pā'u), n. Nothing.
- Paupau** (pā'u-pā'u), v. Same as hoo-pau; to make an end of; to finish.
- Paupauaho** (pā'u-pā'u-ā'-ho), adj. 1. Breathless; panting for breath, as a dying person. 2. Giving up a pursuit; discouraged; faint-hearted.
- Paupauaho** (pā'u-pā'u-ā'-ho), v. [Pau-pau and aho, breath.] 1. To be out of breath; to pant for breath. 2. To be faint-hearted; to give up an undertaking without sufficient effort. 3. To be discouraged. 4. To be faint.
- Paupu** (pā'u-pū'), adv. [Pau, all and pu, together.] All together; all in one condition; together in the same circumstances: Paupu kakou malalo o ka make, we are all alike under sentence of death.
- Pauu** (pā'-ū-ū'), n. The young of the ulua, a species of fish.
- Pauwa** (pā'u-wā'), n. A species of shell-fish. Same as papaua.
- Pawa** (pā'-wā), n. 1. A garden; a cultivated patch of ground. 2. The sky; the blue expanse of the heavens. 3. The breaking of the dawn; ka wahi awa o ke alaula; the period early in the morning: kani ana ka bele i ka wanaao, i ka wehe ana o ka pawa o ke ao. A ike ke kahuna, ua moku ka

- pawa o ke ao.** 4. A watch; a period of time; a particular time of the twenty-four hours.
- Pawaa** (pā'-wa'a), adj. Wild; rude; rough in habits and manners; untamed, as an animal.
- Pawaa** (pā'-wa'a), n. Wildness; fearfulness, like that of an untamed animal; rudeness; incivility of uncultivated persons.
- Pawai** (pā'-wā'i), n. [Pa, a plate or board, and wai, water.] A watering trough for cattle.
- Pawaiinu** (pā'-wā'i-i'-nu), n. [Pawai, a watering trough, and inu, to drink.] A drinking trough for cattle.
- Pawaina** (pā'-wā'i-na), n. [Pa, fence, and waina, grapes.] A vineyard.
- Pawali** (pā'-wā-li), adj. Crooked; deceitful; unjust; perverse.
- Pawao** (pā'-wa'o), v. To see indistinctly; to be uncertain; to be in doubt.
- Pawapawa** (pā'-wā-pā'-wā), adj. Fat; plump; muscular; with shaking or rolling muscle.
- Pawapawa** (pā'-wā-pā'-wā), n. Fatness; state of being muscular; roundness; i ka pawapawa haahaa onikiniki.
- Pawehe** (pā'-wē'-he), n. 1. A kind of soft spotted mat made on the island of Niihau; moena pawehe. 2. A braided design.
- Pawelu** (pā'-wē'-lu), n. [Pa and welu, a rag.] Any worthless thing; anything useless, valueless, or of no account: ua hoolilo i ka olelo a ke Akua i pahola, a i pawelu, i mea ole, i mea lapuwale. Syn: Pahola, opala.
- Paweo** (pā'-wē'-o), v. 1. To be wild; to be untamed; to express rudeness; to be uncivilized; to turn askance, as the eyes; to turn away the eyes. (Laielik. p. 71.) To be displeased with: a ike mai la o Poki ia ia, paweo ae la kona maka ia ia. 2. Diffident; timid.
- Pawiwi** (pā'-wī'-wī'), n. A high, narrow, and insecure fence.
- Pawiwi** (pā'-wī'-wī'), v. [Pa, fence, and wiwi, slender. To make a very high fence that is not strong.
- Pe** (pē), adj. Broken or flattened down; depressed; crushed.
- Pe** (pē), adv. Thus; so; as; in this way. It is often prefixed to la, nei, and ia; as, pela, thus, so; penei or peneia, like this, thus; peia, this way, like it, etc. It also stands by itself, especially in asking questions, as, Pe keia? I iho la au, pe keia? I said, how is this? Sometimes written pekeia, signifying thus, after this manner, etc.
- Pe** (pē), n. [Mod.] Pay; compensation.
- Pe** (pē), v. 1. To be perfumed; to be anointed. 2. To anoint; to apply odoriferous ointment. Hoopē is the transitive form. 3. to be broken; to be flattened; depressed or crushed. 4. To be humbled; to be broken or crushed.
- Pea** (pe'a), adj. Filthy; unclean; defiled; belonging to menstruation. See halepea and kapapea.
- Pea** (pe'a), n. 1. The extremity of a village or settlement: mai kela pea a i keia pea, from one end of the settlement to the other end. 2. One of the six houses of the ancient Hawaiians: he hale pea, oia kekahi hale. E pani i ka puka o ka pea kapu, to shut the door of the pea kapu, sacred house. Laielik. p. 167. See halepea. 3. The sail of a canoe or ship. 4. The extreme end of a leaf of a tree. 5. A kite. 6. A cross used as a barrier or sign; a tabu sign; a cross or timbers put crosswise. Formerly placed before the temple as a sign of tabu.
- Pea** (pe'a), v. 1. To make a cross; to set up timbers in the form of a cross; to make four arms or four prominent points. 2. To be opposed to.
- Peaheke** (pe'a-hē'-ke), n. [Mod.] A topsail.
- Peahi** (pē-ā'-hi), n. 1. The bones of the hand as distinct from those of the arm: a malama i kona mau iwi ame na peahi lima. 2. The open hand; an open hand as a symbol of power. 3. A fan. The sign or picture of a fan marked on anything: he peahi ko kona poe kanaka, oia o lakou hoailona: ua kakauia ma ko lakou papalina. 4. A gentle fanning breeze; a soft wind, as though made with a fan; he koaniani.
- Peahi** (pē-ā'-hi), v. 1. To fan; to sweep; to brush. 2. To motion or

- beckon to one with the hand or otherwise. 3. To make signs with the hand.
- Peahilima** (pē-ā'-hī-lī'-ma), n. [**Peahi**, bones of the hand, and **lima**, hand, fingers.] The palm of the hand; a hand's breadth.
- Peao** (pē-āo), v. To roll up, as a piece of paper in rolling a cigarette.
- Peapea** (pe'a-pe'a), adj. Difficult; perplexed; entangled; twisted; braided or woven together.
- Peapea** (pe'a-pe'a), n. Dirty water; water made turbid by disturbance in the undertow.
- Peapea** (pe'a-pe'a), v. To weave cross-wise; to construct by crossing the material used in the making, as in lattice work.
- Peapeaia** (pe'a-pe'a-i'a), v. To barricade; to stop a passage; to thwart.
- Peapeahi** (pe'a-pē-ā'-hi), v. [**Peahi**, to fan.] 1. To sweep; to brush a floor, as in former times, by striking a tapa down upon it. 2. To fan; to cool; to cause a wind. 3. To flap the wings, as a bird in flying.
- Pee** (pe'e), v. To hide from one; to run and hide; to conceal one's self: Ke hoolohe nei ua kanaka la, e pee ana i ka olelo. Kakali na kanaka i kahi a lakou i pee ai, the people stayed in the place where they hid.
- Peekue** (pe'e-kū'-e), adj. Thick, as a plank or board; manoana, makolukolu: no ka piha o kona poo i na kahiko peekue o ka manao, holopono ole kana hana.
- Peelua** (pe'e-lū'-a), n. [**Pee**, to hide, and **lua**, hole.] A worm destructive to vegetation; a caterpillar. Syn: Anuhe or enuhe.
- Peone** (pe'e-ō'-ne), n. [**Pee**, to hide, and **one**, sand.] A species of crab that burrows in the sand.
- Peepee** (pe'e-pe'e), n. A kind of sea moss.
- Peepeeakua** (pe'e-pe'e-ā-kū'-a), n. The game of hidē and seek.
- Peepeekue** (pe'e-pe'e-kū'-e), adj. Thick. Syn: Manoa, peekue.
- Peepeepueo** (pe'e-pe'e-pū-ē'-o), v. To hide among the leaves or branches of trees.
- Peepoli** (pe'e-pō'-li), v. [**Pee**, hide, and **poli**, bosom.] To be or to lie on the bosom, as a child.
- Pehe** (pē'-he), adv. An archaic form of **mehe**.
- Pehe** (pē'-he), n. A snare; a kind of trap for catching owls. Syn: Peheapueo.
- Pehe** (pē-hē'), v. To peel off; to remove skin or bark. Syn: Ihi.
- Pehea** (pē'-hē'-a), adv. [**Pe**, as, and **hea**, how?] In what manner? how? why? what? **Pehea oe?** How are you?
- Pehea** (pē'-hē'-a), v. [**Pehea**, how.] To ask how or in what manner a thing was done; to inquire how a person is: Alaila, **pehea** iho la kela? pane mai la ia, **pehea** hoi, then that person asked how it was done. He answered, how indeed?
- Peheapueo** (pē-hē'-ā-pū-ē'-o), n. [**Pe**, he, snare, a, of, for, and **pueo**, owl.] A snare or trap for catching owls.
- Peheu** (pē-hē'-u), adj. [**Pe** and **heu**, soft; flexible.] Soft and flabby, as flesh; soft and tough; vibrating to and fro.
- Peheu** (pē-hē'-u), n. The wing of a bird; the fin of a shark; a flipper of a turtle; the brim of a hat. Syn: Peleleu, a hat brim; eheu, a wing.
- Peheuheu** (pē-hē'-u-hē'-u), adj. 1. Soft; spongy; flexible, as the muscle of the calf of the leg or of the thigh. 2. Plump or swollen, as the neck in mumps; a-i **peheuheu**. 3. Whiskered; having heavy whiskers.
- Pehi** (pē'-hi), v. To pelt; to throw at; to shoot, as an arrow. To throw any missile at one: e **pehi** i ka ulu, to drive the maika stone. Syn: Nou, kipehi, pana.
- Pehu** (pē'-hu), adj. Swollen; enlarged: mai **pehu**, the dropsy. Syn: Upehupehu.
- Pehu** (pē'-hu), n. A swelling; a blain; a boil: **pehu** nui, a great swelling.
- Pehu** (pē'-hu), v. 1. To swell from injury or disease. 2. To swell; to increase in size generally; to enlarge. Syn: Upehupehu.
- Pehua** (pē-hū'-a), v. To be swelled.
- Pehuakoa** (pē-hū-ā-kō'a), n. 1. A kind of tapa, colored with the bark of the koa tree. 2. A tanning

- process in which koa bark is used to make the tannic infusion.
- Pehupala** (pē'-hū-pā'-la), n. [**Pehu**, swollen, and **pala**, soft.] A form or scurvy.
- Pehupehu** (pē'-hū-pē'-hu), adj. [**Pehu**, swollen.] Swollen; enlarged Syn: Upehupehu.
- Pei** (pē'i), adv. Contraction of peia.
- Pei** (pe'i), v. To lift up; to raise up; e hapai, e kaikai. Syn: Pai.
- Peia** (pē'-i-a), adv. [**Pe** and **ia**, it.] Thus; like it; after this manner. Syn: Penei, peheia, menei, keia, meia, etc: E like me ka moa e hoouluulu ana i kana mau keiki malalo o kona mau eheu, peia no hoi keia kula nui.
- Peipei** (pē'-i-pē'-i), v. Same as pai-pai.
- Peka** (pē'-ka), adj. Giving information implying censure; censorious; inclined to find fault.
- Peka** (pē'-ka), v. To speak of another in a fault-finding manner; to speak evil of one absent.
- Pekaa** (pē'-ka'a), n. The bean-like fruit of the kae or kaeae (*Mucuna gigantea*).
- Pekapeka** (pē'-kā-pē'-ka), adj. Slandering; reviling; calumnious.
- Pekapeka** (pē'-kā-pē'-ka), n. Slander; detraction; saying hard things of one.
- Pekapeka** (pē'-kā-pē'-ka), v. To calumniate another for self advancement; to detract; to find fault with one; to censure absent persons in order to promote one's own interest.
- Peke** (pē'-ke), adj. 1. Short. Syn: Poko. 2. Low; not tall; poupou. 3. Short in the measure of one's steps, said of the manner of walking.
- Pekekeu** (pē'-kē-kē'u), n. 1. The wing of a fowl. Syn: Ekekeu and eheu. 2. The fin of a fish.
- Pekepeke** (pē'-kē-pē'-ke), adj. [**Peke**, short.] Short; low.
- Peki** (pē'-ki), v. To go in haste; to proceed by short, lively steps.
- Peku** (pē'-ku), v. To kick: Elua peku ana me ka wawae, he kicked (him) twice with his foot; to kick, or to act as one about to kick; he keehi uuku me he mea hoowahawaha la; applied to a horse or a man. Syn: Keehi.
- Pekua** (pē'-kū'a), v. Contraction of pekuia. To be kicked.
- Pekupeku** (pē'-kū-pē'-ku), v. Freq. of peku.] To kick frequently; to be a habitual kicker.
- Pela** (pē'-lā'), adv. [**Pe**, thus, so, and **la**, particle of place.] Thus; in that manner. It always refers to a past transaction or something absent as **penei** does to something present: **pela io no**, adverbial phrase, so be it; amen.
- Pela** (pē'-lā'), n. 1. Material burnt for fertilizer to enrich the ground; he hoomomona i ka lepo. 2. Anything tending to decomposition or decay.
- Pela** (pē'-lā), n. A pillow.
- Pela** (pē'-la), v. 1. To tie up a bundle for transportation. 2. Primitive form of pelapela, to be unclean.
- Pelamoe** (pē'-lā-mō'-e), n. [**Pela**, a pillow, and **moe**, to lie down.] A pillow for the comfort of sleeping.
- Pelane** (pē'-lā'-ne), adj. [**Heb.**] Of or belonging to the peletano: na laau pelane, chestnut rods. Word used by the translators of the Scriptures.
- Pelapela** (pē'-lā-pē'-la), adj. Filthy; stinking; dirty; mean. Syn: Eka.
- Pelapela** (pē'-lā-pē'-la), n. Unclean-ness; filth; refuse dirty matter. Syn: Eka.
- Pelapela** (pē'-lā-pē'-la), v. [**Pela**, unclean.] To be defiled; to be unclean; to stink; to emit a bad smell. Syn: Haueka.
- Pelatano** (pē'-lā-tā'-no), n. [**Mod.**] A tree mentioned in the book of Ezekiel, the poplar or storax tree.
- Pete** (pē'-le), adj. Swelled out; enlarged; fleshy.
- Pele** (pē'-le), n. 1. The fabled goddess of volcanoes. 2. A volcano: he ahi ai honua, a fire consuming the earth: I neia wa, ua pio ka nui o na pele; i ka wa kahiko, he pele no ma Maui, at the present time the greater number of volcanoes are extinct; in ancient times there was a volcano also on Maui.
- Pele** (pē'-le), v. To be swollen; to be large; to be fleshy; to be fat; to have a large abdomen.
- Pelihu** (pē'-lē-hū'), n. 1. A species of tapa made on the island of Kauai. Also called pepele. 2.

- [Pele, to swell, and hu, to swell or puff out.] A turkey, called also palahu.
- Pelekana** (pē'-lē-kā'-na), n. [Eng.] A pelican.
- Pelekunu** (pē'-lē-kū'-nu), adj. Having a rank smell; strong-scented; sour; musty: pelekunu ka ia.
- Pelekunu** (pē'-lē-kū'-nu), n. A valley on the island of Molokai.
- Peleleu** (pē'-lē-lē'-u), adj. (Peleleu is a noun. But it is also frequently used as an adjective with waa, canoe; as, waa peleleu, a short canoe: Kalai iho la ia ame na 'lii i na waa peleleu he nui loa, he and the chiefs hewed out a great many large war canoes.) It signifies short, thick and broad.
- Peleleu** (pē'-lē-lē'-u), n. 1. A fishing canoe of the largest size, made shorter in proportion than ordinary. 2. A large double-canoe used in war. 3. An extension; a projecting out beyond something else, hence, 4. The brim of a hat.
- Peleleu** (pē'-lē-lē'-u), v. To be spreading; to be loose, not compact; the antonym of palanaiki.
- Peleta** (pē-lē'-ta), n. [Heb.] A species of vegetable used for food; fitches perhaps.
- Peleu** (pē'-lē-ū'), n. Concealment of faults: He kanaka peleu oia; he is a man who covers another's faults.
- Peleu** (pē'-lē-ū'), v. 1. To break a tabu; to violate some article of the chiefs that was sacred: *Ua peleuia ke kapa o ke alii*, the dress of the chief has been defiled. 2. To hide or cover one's offenses.
- Pelu** (pē'-lu), adj. 1. Doubled; folded over; shut up, as a knife: *pahi pelu*, a shut knife of any kind; *pani pelu*, a folding door. 2. Crooked; bent.
- Pelu** (pē'-lu), v. To double over; to bend or flex, as a joint; to open and shut, as a penknife; to double or fold over, as a cloth; to bend or curve.
- Pelua** (pē-lū'-a), n. Same as peelua, a worm, a caterpillar.
- Pelue** (pē-lū'-e), n. A worm, between black and green in color, that eats potatoes and other vegetables.
- Pelupe** (pē'-lū-pē'), v. To project; to send out, to throw.
- Pelupelu** (pē'-lū-pē'-lu), adj. 1. Doubled over. 2. Fig. Made hard or unfeeling, as the heart. 3. Shortened; thick: *Holo a hiki i ka waa pelupelu o lakou*, they ran till they arrived at their short canoe. Syn: Peleleu.
- Pelupelu** (pē'-lū-pē'-lu), n. A binding; a doubling; a folding over.
- Pelupelu** (pē'-lū-pē'-lu), v. [Pelu, to double.] 1. To double over and over. 2. Fig. To talk here and there; to recapitulate. 3. To repeat; to go over and over.
- Pena** (pē'-na), n. [Eng.] Paint; any substance mixed with oil or water to give another color: *pena ulaula*, vermilion. (The older Hawaiian term is *wai hooluu*.)
- Pena** (pē'-na), v. [Eng.] To paint; to dye; to apply coloring matter to anything. (The old Hawaiian word is *hooluu*.)
- Penei** (pē'-nē'i), adv. Like this; after this manner; thus. Syn: Peia, pela and peneia.
- Peneia** (pē-nē'ia), adv. Same as penei.
- Penetekota** (pē'-nē-tē'-kō'-ta), adj. The fiftieth: *la penetekota*, the fiftieth day.
- Penetekota** (pē'-nē-tē'-kō'-ta), n. [Mod.] The fiftieth; Pentecost, that is, with *la*, the fiftieth day after the Israelites came out of Egypt, or the fiftieth day after the Passover, one of the three great annual feasts of the Jews.
- Peni** (pē'-ni), n. [Eng.] A pen for writing. (The Hawaiian word is *hulu*, quill.)
- Penikala** (pē'-nī-kā'-la), n. [Eng.] A lead pencil.
- Penipohaku** (pē'-nī-pō-hā'-ku), n. [Peni (Eng.), a pen, and pohaku, stone.] A slate pencil.
- Peno** (pē'-no), v. To sprinkle; to moisten; to be mouldy through moisture; hence, to be strong smelling.
- Penopeno** (pē'-nō-pē'-no), adj. 1. Wet and strong smelling. 2. Wet and dirty, as a neglected child: *he maka penopeno*, a smutty face; *penopeno oe i ka ua*, you are wet with rain.
- Penu** (pē'-nu), v. 1. To wipe one's eyes with a *tapa* or handkerchief.

2. To dip one's piece of fish into the gravy; e miki, e penu kai: Olelo ia, he ono ka malolo, a penu no ia i ke kai. Penu no ia i ke kai me ka opu kao.
- Peo** (pē'-o), adj. Round; rounding; globular.
- Peo** (pē'-o), n. A house with a rounding roof.
- Peopeo** (pē'-ō-pē'-o), adj. Round; roundish; without angles or corners.
- Pepa** (pē'-pa), n. [Eng.] 1. Paper, especially writing paper. (The Hawaiian word is kalana or kanana.) 2. The common name for playing cards; e paani pepa, to play cards.
- Pepe** (pē'-pē'), adj. Broken or flattened down; broken fine; bruised; ground fine.
- Pepe** (pē'-pe), n. 1. Any substance crushed fine or flattened down; that which is spread out by pressure. 2. A flat. 3. Flat side of anything.
- Pepe** (pē'-pē'), v. To be bruised or crushed; to be beaten small.
- Pepee** (pē'-pe'e), n. Deformity.
- Pepee** (pē'-pe'e), v. To be crooked or twisted out of shape.
- Pepeepaka** (pē'-pe'e-pā'-ka), n. Plug of tobacco.
- Pepehi** (pē'-pē'-hi), n. [Pepehi, to beat hard.] 1. An ie kuku or tapa beater used in the preliminary pounding of wauke for tapa, and carved with parallel lines having rounded edges. 2. The design carved on a tapa beater.
- Pepehi** (pē'-pē'-hi), v. [Pehi, to pelt.] 1. To beat severely; to strike; to smite. 2. To pound a thing until it is soft; hence. 3. To kill; to commit murder. 4. To slaughter, as an animal.
- Pepehikanaka** (pē'-pē'-hi-kā-nā'-ka), n. [Pepehi, to strike, and kanaka, man.] Killing; murder; manslaughter. (Pepehi kanaka is now used in law for murder in any degree; formerly it was used, as the words imply, for all kinds of striking and beating as well as killing; it was synonymous with hooeha and kuikui. Nui na hewa kahiko; o ka pepehi kanaka, many were the ancient sins: striking men; this, of course, included murder.)
- Pepehu** (pē'-pē'-hu), v. [Pehu, to swell.] To swell; to grow large; to become fleshy. Syn. U'pehu; pehu.
- Pepehua** (pē'-pē'-hū'-a), adj. Thick; swollen; bloated.
- Pepehue** (pē'-pē'-hū'-e), adj. Same as pepehua.
- Pepei** (pē'-pē'-i), v. Same as paipai.
- Pepeiao** (pē'-pē'-i-ā'-o), adv. By the ear; with the ear; to listen attentively.
- Pepeiao** (pē'-pē'-i-ā'-o), n. 1. A not very prominent protuberance. 2. The external ear of man or beast; hence. 3. Hearing. 4. The projection inside a canoe to which the iako is fastened. 5. The first shoots of a vegetable. 6. Protuberances of the heart in men or animals.
- Pepeiao** (pē'-pē'-i-ā'-o), v. 1. To shoot or put forth a bud or young twig; to sprout or grow, as a vegetable. 2. To form an ear, as corn; to send forth a shoot.
- Pepeiaoakua** (pē'-pē'-i-ā'-o-ā'-kū'-a), n. A species of fungus or touch-wood that grows from some of the forest trees on Hawaii, and formerly used by the Chinese as a delicate article of food; it also became an article of commerce.
- Pepeiaohao** (pē'-pē'-i-ā'-o-hā'-o), n. [Pepeiao, ear, and hao, horn.] 1. Any hard projection; the horn of an animal; pepeiaohao kao, a goat's horn or a goat's ear; pepeiaohao o ke kuahu, horn of the altar. 2. Fig. Power; strength. 3. A horn, that is, a wind instrument of music.
- Pepeiaolau** (pē'-pē'-i-ā'-o-lā'-a'u), n. Same as pepeiaoakua.
- Pepeiee** (pē'-pē'-i-e'e), n. A ripe breadfruit baked; ame ka pepeiee ua ai nui ia keia; a loaf of baked breadfruit.
- Pepela** (pē'-pē'-la), v. [Eng.] To spell.
- Pepela** (pē'-pē'-la), v. [Pela, to be unclean.] To be strong smelling or offensive; to emit a musty smell. Syn. Pelapela.
- Pepele** (pē'-pē'-le), n. A species of red tapa made on Kauai. Called also pelehu.
- Pepelu** (pē'-pē'-lu), adj. Doubled over; bent; arched.
- Pepelu** (pē'-pē'-lu), v. [Pelu, to double.] To bend or double over; to

- measure round; to double up, as the knee.
- Pepemakawālu** (pē'-pē'-mā-kā-wā'-lu), n. [**Pepe**, a flat thing, **maka**, a point, and **walu**, eight.] The common spider.
- Pepena** (pē'-pē'-na), v. [**Pena** (Eng.), to paint.] To paint; to lay on colors; to make different colors; to daub; to smear: e hamo, e paele.
- Pepeno** (pē'-pē'-no), adj. [**Peno**, to be mouldy.] Dirty; strong smelling; filthy.
- Pepepe** (pē'-pē'-pe), adj. Low; flat, applied to a house; depressed.
- Pepepe** (pē'-pē'-pe), v. [**Pepe**, flat.] To be flattened down; to fall flat; to be depressed; to be humbled; to be made low.
- Pepeu** (pē'-pē'-u), n. A hunching, pushing, thrusting, etc.
- Pepeu** (pē'-pē'-u), v. 1. To raise the nose, as a hog in rooting. 2. To swell; to rise up. 3. To pout; to project the lips or mouth. 4. To project or send out. 5. To thrust. 6. To touch for the purpose of attracting attention.
- Pepeue** (pē'-pē'-ū'e), adj. Dull; stubborn; disobedient.
- Pepeue** (pē'-pē'-ū'e), v. To be hard; to be thick; to be disobedient.
- Perio** (pē'-rī-ō'), adj. [A modern foreign word, probably from peso.] Counterfeit, as money; uncurrent. He dala perio maoli ko makou iwaena o na dala maikai; we have really counterfeit money among good money. Fig. He perio io no makou, he mea lawe ole ia ma na wahi kuai; we are real bad money; we are not taken in market places.
- Peu** (pē'u), n. 1. A thrust; a pushing upward. 2. Coition.
- Peu** (pē'-u), v. To throw up; to turn up, as a hog turns or throws up his nose in rooting; hence, applied to anything of that motion.
- Peua** (pē-ū'a), adj. Uniting; joining; adhering.
- Peua** (pē-ū'a), v. 1. To meet together; to unite; to kiss. Syn: Meua, meu. 2. To join, to connect; to bring together.
- Peupeu** (pē'-ū-pē'-u), adj. 1. Rooted up; broken, said of soil turned up with pick or trowel. 2. Tracked or trodden, as through the grass.
- Peupeu** (pē'-ū-pē'-u), v. To push or jostle with the feet; to signal by a movement of the foot.
- Pewa** (pē'-wā), n. The caudal fin of a fish.
- Pewapewa** (pē'-wā-pē'-wā), n. The side fins and tail of a fish; the spreading out of the fins of a fish.
- Pi** (pī), adj. 1. Slow to burn, as green wood. 2. Parsimonious; stingy; close; hard; unkind; ungenerous. Syn: Uahoa.
- Pi** (pī), n. 1. Closeness; stinginess; parsimony, etc. 2. [Eng.] Peas; lentils.
- Pi** (pī), v. 1. To sprinkle, as water. 2. To throw water with the hand. Syn: Pipi, kapii and kapii. 3. To be close; to be stingy; to be hard in a bargain.
- Pia** (pī'-a), n. 1. Any white substance, as flour. See haupia. 2. The flour or starch of the arrow-root (*Tacca pinnatifida*), which was eaten by Hawaiians only in time of famine.
- Pia** (pī-ā'), n. 1. A cluster, said of fruit. 2. A compound fruit.
- Piai** (pī-ā'i), n. A vine and its berry resembling the maile.
- Pialu** (pī'-ā'-lu), v. To be heavy, as the eyes; to be almost blind, as an aged person, or an aged person with weak eyes; ua pialu na maka.
- Piao** (pī'-ā'o), n. The effect of heat on the leaves of plants; a curling up or shriveling.
- Piao** (pī'-ā'o), v. To be curled up, as a leaf; to be folded in the form of a cup.
- Piapa** (pī'-ā-pā'), n. The name of the first primer or spelling book printed in the Hawaiian language. (The first sheet is said to have been pulled by Liholiho himself to his great satisfaction.) Ianuari 7, 1822, ua paila ka palapala Piapa Hawaii, On the 7th of January, 1822, was printed the Hawaiian spelling book. The word is formed like the English word alphabet from the names of the two first letters, meaning the first rudiments of letters. The missionary said to his pupil, b, a-ba; the Hawaiian would repeat, p, a-pa; hence the word and the name of the book.)
- Piapia** (pī'-a-pī'-a), adj. Dirty; watery, as diseased eyes.

- Piapia** (pī'-ā-pī'-a), n. 1. The thick white viscid matter from sore eyes. 2. Sore eyes generally, when used with maka.
- Pie** (pī'-e), adj. [Contraction of *pie-pie*, to be smeared.] Slimy.
- Piele** (pī-ē'-le), n. 1. A disease consisting of little bunches on the head; he māi puupuu ma ke poo. 2. Food made from pulverized taro, potatoes, yam, etc. 3. Traffic; trade. 4. A trader.
- Piele** (pī-ē'-le), v. 1. To trade; to traffic: Hele ia i Honuaula i ka *piele* ia; he went to Honuaula to peddle fish. 2. To grate raw vegetables for cooking or in preparing *piele*.
- Pieleele** (pī-ē'-lē-ē'-le), adj. 1. Cleaned and hung up to dry; clean; pure. 2. Scraped, grated and prepared for *piele*.
- Piena** (pī-ē'-na), adj. 1. Wild; untamed; angry; disagreeable. 2. Rough; rude in speaking; un-
- Pienaena** (pī-ē'-na-ē'-na), adj. [Intensive of *piena*.] 1. Very offensive to the smell; stinking. 2. Surpassingly wild; exceedingly fierce.
- Piepie** (pī'-e-pī'-e), v. To be smeared with any adhesive substance.
- Piha** (pī'-ha), adj. Full, as a container of any kind.
- Piha** (pī'-ha), n. 1. Fullness; completeness. 2. A species of small fish used for bait.
- Piha** (pī-hā'), n. 1. A stone pounder; a poi pounder.
- Piha** (pī'-ha), v. 1. To be full, as a vessel or container. 2. Fig. To be full of anger. 3. To have conceived young; to be pregnant: Ua *piha* anei kela bipi wahine? Ae, ua *piha*. Is that cow with calf? She is.
- Pihaa** (pī'-hā-ā'), n. Material lodged by the current in the bed of a stream; driftwood; that which floats swiftly by; he wahie na ka waikahe.
- Pihalima** (pī'-hā-lī'-ma), n. [Pihā, full, and lima, hand.] A handful.
- Pihano** (pī'-hā'-no), adj. Sitting still in time of a tabu; still, as an assembly for worship under the tabu system; na wahine i ke ana-ina *pihano* kanu awa.
- Pihapiha** (pī'-hā-pī'-ha), adj. Full; large; flowing, as a garment. Syn: Polapola.
- Pihapiha** (pī'-hā-pī'-ha), n. 1. The gills of a fish. 2. A ruffle; a fringe of a garment.
- Pihapiha** (pī'-hā-pī'-ha), v. [Pihā, full.] To swell out; to be full; to swell, as a bud before it opens. Syn: Polapola.
- Pihaweuweu** (pī'-hā-wē'u-wē'u), n. Any animal of fine appearance but underweight, hence, a flat or meatless fish.
- Pihe** (pī'-he), adj. Lamenting; mourning; wailing. Syn: Uwe.
- Pihe** (pī'-he), adv. Wailing mournfully; na wahine e olo *pihe* ana, the mourning women.
- Pihe** (pī'-he), n. 1. Lamentation; the sound or voice of wailing. (Generally used with olo.) 2. A confused noise; also used with uwe; a pau ka lakou *pihe* uwe. Laieik, p. 142.
- Pihe** (pī'-he), n. A button; a fastening for a garment. (Takes the article ke.)
- Pihea** (pī'-he'a), n. Driftwood, such as floats in from the sea. *Pihea* na kahakai, ku ka *pihea* i kai. Syn: Pihaa.
- Pihea** (pī'-hō-ā'), v. To be full of driftwood: *pihea* na kahakai, the beaches are full of driftwood.
- Piheka** (pī-hē'-ka), adj. Inflamed, as the eyes.
- Pihелеhele** (pī'-hō'-lē-hō'-le), adj. Broken up; grated; mashed.
- Pihелеhele** (pī'-hō'-lē-hē'-le), v. [Pihā and *helehele*, to divide into small parts.] To grind to powder; to grate, as a potato, that the sick may swallow it.
- Pihi** (pī'-hi), adj. Blunt; dull; blunted, said of the primitive wooden plow (oo) when it hit a stone.
- Pihi** (pī'-hi), n. 1. The itch. 2. The scab or scar which attends the abatement of the itch. 3. A button; fastening for a garment. Same as *pihe*.
- Pihi** (pī'-hi), v. To fasten with buttons.
- Pihipihi** (pī'-hī-pī'-hi), n. 1. A game played on the water with a flattened stone. 2. A large button, *pihi*, worn as a sign, token or ornament.
- Pihipihi** (pī'-hī-pī'-hi), v. 1. To be blunt or dull; to have a round or blunt edge; to be without edge, as a cutting instrument. 2. To

- hurl the stone in the game of pihipihi.
- Piho** (pī-hō'), adj. Sinking or being sunk: moku piho, a sinking vessel.
- Piho** (pī-hō'), v. 1. To be waterlogged; to be about to sink. 2. To be almost filled with water and swamped, as a canoe: aole make, piho wale no. **Hoopiho** is the transitive form.
- Pihoa** (pī-hō'-a), n. Dizziness affecting the eyes.
- Pihoi** (pī-hō'i), v. To be surprised at; to be startled; to be agitated; to be astonished.
- Pihoihoi** (pī-hō'i-hō'i), n. 1. Astonishment, wonder and fear; a mixed emotion of pleasure and fear, like that occasioned by the presence of a superior. 2. Joy; rejoicing; excitement of a pleasurable kind. 3. Fear; a trembling; a state of great anxiety on account of some expected evil.
- Pihoihoi** (pī-hō'i-hō'i), v. 1. To be surprised at; to be astonished. 2. To tremble with fear; to be afraid. 3. To be troubled; to speak or act as in great perturbation of mind; to be troubled in spirit. 4. To be made glad; to be overcome with joy.
- Piholo** (pī-hō'-lo), v. To be plunged into the water; to be sunk.
- Piholoholo** (pī-hō'-lō-hō'-lo), n. A thin poi for the sick. It was made of taro or potatoes.
- Pihopiho** (pī-hō-pī-hō'), adj. Heavy and sinking, applied to a canoe which is heavily loaded: pihopiho ka waa.
- Pihopiho** (pī-hō-pī-hō'), v. [**Piho**, sinking.] 1. To pitch frequently in the sea, as a canoe that takes in water. 2. To sink in the ocean and rise again.
- Pii** (pī'i), adj. Rising.
- Pii** (pī'i), n. 1. A small growth on the side of a thing; he wahi apana iki ma ka aoao. 2. A medicine acting as an emetic. Syn: Laau hoopii.
- Pii** (pī'i), v. 1. To ascend; to go up in various ways; to ascend, as a mountain or hill; to go up, as from a low place to a higher. 2. To mount, as into a vehicle. 3. Fig. To come from darkness into light. 4. To go on or over; to strike upon, as the shadow of a substance upon something else: Ina e pii ke aka o ke kanaka maluna o ke alii, make ke kanaka, if the shadow of a common man should fall upon a chief, the man must die.
- Piiele** (pī'i-ē'-le), v. Same as **piele**, to barter.
- Piikoi** (pī'i-kō'-i), v. 1. To be inordinately ambitious. 2. To seek preferment; to go after something desired.
- Piikoikoi** (pī'i-kō'i-kō'i), v. To practice onanism.
- Piiku** (pī'i-kū'), n. 1. A drink made from the sap of the kukui tree and used as a medicine. 2. Water drops that gather on the leaves of plants.
- Piilae** (pī'i-lā'e), adj. Vain; haughty.
- Piina** (pī-i'-na), n. [**Pii**, and **ana**, going up.] A path ascending a hill. Syn: Hoopiina.
- Piipii** (pī'i-pī'i), adj. 1. Curling, as the hair of a negro. 2. Furious; rushing together, as an angry mob; rushing, as a strong wind.
- Piipii** (pī'i-pī'i), n. 1. A bending; a turning upwards; a curl of hair. 2. Opposition.
- Piipii** (pī'i-pī'i), v. [**Pii**, to go up.] 1. To ascend; to leap up. 2. To flow upwards, as water in a spring. 3. To vomit. 4. To rise up, as waves in a storm. 5. To turn or bend up, as the runner of a sleigh.
- Pika** (pī'-ka), n. [Mod.] Half of a thing. (This word is probably of foreign origin, from picul. As two piculs of sandal-wood were usually weighed at once, a pika (picul) was of course, half.)
- Pikai** (pī'-kai'), v. [**Pii**, to sprinkle, and **kai**, salt water.] To purify by sprinkling with salt and water, an old Hawaiian custom said to be still practiced.
- Pikaka** (pī-kā'-ka), adj. Smooth; smoothly polished; nemonemo.
- Pikaka** (pī-kā'-kā'), n. The entrance of a chief's house; he puka hale alii.
- Pikake** (pī-kā'-ke), n. [Mod.] A peacock.
- Pikale** (pī-kā'-le), adj. Little; a small quantity; a little at a time: pikale ka ai i ke keiki uuku, little the food for a little child.

- Pikanele** (pī'-kā-nē'-le), adj. [Probably from pii-i-ka-nele, to go up into nothing.] Small; diminutive: makali loa.
- Pikawai** (pī'-kā-wā'i), n. [Mod., pika (Eng.), a pitcher, and wai, water.] A water pitcher.
- Pikele** (pī'-kē'-le), n. [Mod.] A pitcher.
- Piki** (pī'-ki), v. To cut short; to shorten; to cut off. Syn: Poke.
- Pikipiki** (pī'-kī-pī'-ki), adj. Rough, like a choppy sea. Syn: Kupikipikio.
- Pikipiki** (pī'-kī-pī'-ki), v. To pinch; to squeeze, as in milking.
- Pikipikio** (pī'-kī-pī'-kī-ō'), v. To stand up in heaps, as water in a current of the sea, especially when the wind and current are contrary. Syn: Kupikipikio.
- Piko** (pī'-ko), n. The end; the extremity of certain things; the navel; the end of a rope; the extreme corner or boundary of a land; e wehe hoi i ka piko la e ka hoahanau; piko o ke kuahiwi, the top or summit of a mountain; piko o ka pepeiao, the tip of the ear; piko o ke poo, the crown of the head. Lawe ae la ke kahuna i ka piko o kana hanai a lei iho la ma kona a-i. Laieik. p. 137.
- Pikoi** (pī'-kō'-i), n. 1. The core of the breadfruit. 2. A missile weapon composed of a club, stone and rope. 3. A trap or snare.
- Pikoi** (pī'-kō'-i), v. To ensnare with a pikoi.
- Pikoikoi** (pī'-kō'-i-ko'i), n. 1. Hard labor with little produce. 2. The practice of onanism.
- Pikoikoi** (pī'-kō'-i-kō'-i), v. 1. To assemble or be assembled in crowds; to swarm. 2. To practice onanism; the word is also applied to other unnatural practices.
- Pikoka** (pī'-kō'-ka), n. Same as pikake.
- Pikokoi** (pī'-kō'-kō'-i), adj. Numerous; consisting of a great amount.
- Pikoni** (pī'-kō'-ni), n. 1. The cord to which the floats of a fishnet are attached. 2. Any light substance attached to a fisherman's net to keep it afloat.
- Pikopiko** (pī'-kō'-pī'-ko), n. The suckers on the arms of a cuttle fish.
- Pikopiko** (pī'-kō'-pī'-ko), v. To be spotted; to be variegated with different colors; generally applied to the smooth spots on the surface of the ocean in a calm.
- Piku** (pī'-ku), n. [Eng.] A fig. Also written fiku.
- Pila** (pī'-la), n. [The Hawaiian pronunciation of fiddle.] 1. A fiddle; a violin. 2. Any musical instrument. 3. Bill, an account rendered with the charges.
- Pilahilahi** (pī'-lā'-hī-lā'-hī), adj. Thin and slender.
- Pilalahi** (pī'-lā'-lā'-hī), adj. Slender; comely; well proportioned.
- Pilali** (pī'-lā'-li), n. 1. The gum of the kukui tree. 2. The gum or sticky substance of any tree; slime; wax; pilali palolo. 3. Cartilage; kumumumu.
- Pilalilali** (pī'-lā'-li-lā'-li), adj. [Pilali, gum.] 1. Having water gathered on the outside, as on fish or meat that has been dried; juicy, as any substance that absorbs water on the surface. It is applied also to poi which has water floating on the top. 2. Sticky; slimy.
- Pilalilali** (pī'-lā'-li-lā'-li), n. [Pilali, gum.] The viscid watery fluid that collects on the outside of a substance, absorbed from a damp atmosphere or from internal moisture: E kowali a pau ka pilalilali, work up (the poi) till the outside moisture is gone.
- Pilaliōhe** (pī'-lā'-li-ō'-he), adj. 1. Leaning, as the roof of a house. 2. Thin; spare.
- Pilapilau** (pī'-lā'-pī-lā'-u), n. 1. The leaf of a species of turnip. 2. A climbing plant which resembles the maile in leaf but emits an offensive odor; a plant of the convolvulus class.
- Pilau** (pī'-lā'-u), adj. Dirty; filthy; especially, of a bad smell.
- Pilau** (pī'-lā'-u), n. 1. A stench; an unsavory smell. 2. Fig. An evil influence; vileness: Ua ku ko'u pilau mai Hawaii a Kauai, my vileness extends from Hawaii to Kauai.
- Pilau** (pī'-lā'-u), v. 1. To emit a loathsome smell; to emit stench, as a dead body or putrid matter; to fill the air with putrid exhalations. 2. Morally, to be loathsome. 3. To be hateful to one; to be disliked.

- Pilekaleka** (pī-lē-kā-lē-ka), adj. Same as pilalilali.
- Pilekaleka** (pī-lē-kā-lē-ka), n. Moisture or water gathered on dry fish or dry meat, etc., on being exposed to moisture; also on poi when water settles on top: e kowali a pau ka pilekaleka. Syn: Pilalilali.
- Pili** (pī-li), adj. 1. Of or belonging to a person or thing: ka pili ana o ke ahihi, first of evening; after dark. 2. United; joining. 3. Things adhering or coming in contact that ought not. 4. Relative; appropriate.
- Pili** (pī-li), n. 1. The long, coarse grass used in thatching houses; so called from the easy manner in which the seeds are detached from the stalk and adhere to a person's clothes. 2. The adhering or uniting of one thing with another. 3. The name of shingles from their taking the place of the grass, pili, in covering houses. 4. Relation; that which belongs to; a nearness to; a resembling; a likeness. 5. A wager; a bet. 6. A nearness to; a belonging to: ka pili o ke ao, the near day or day-break.
- Pili** (pī-li), v. 1. To coincide; to be close together, as shingles. 2. To cleave to, as to a friend. 3. To wager or bet. 4. To take care of or charge of. 5. To be related to. 6. To agree together, as witnesses. 7. To belong to; to accompany; to follow.
- Piliaaiku** (pī-lī-ā-ā-i-kū'), n. Same as piliaiku.
- Piliaiku** (pī-lī-ā-ā-i-kū'), n. [Pili and a-i, neck, and ku, to stand.] Lit. That which belongs to a stiff neck. Numbness; stiffness of joints with a lack of warmth. See opili and mailoihī. Also written piliaaiku.
- Pilialo** (pī-lī-ā-lo), n. [Pili, to adhere, and alo, the front. One's bosom friend; one's beloved wife.
- Piliano** (pī-lī-ā-no), n. Resemblance in character or image.
- Pilihihia** (pī-lī-hī-hī-a), v. To bet and lose often or rapidly in a gamble.
- Pilihua** (pī-lī-hū-a), adj. Speechless; perplexed; sorrowful; astonished.
- Pilihua** (pī-lī-hū-a), adv. Sadly; silently from sorrow.
- Pilinua** (pī-lī-hū-a), n. 1. Sadness; sorrow; dejection of heart. 2. Astonishment connected with fear and wonder. 3. Perplexity; difficulty; want of something essential.
- Pilihua** (pī-lī-hū-a), v. [Pili and hua, pain.] 1. To be sad; to be distressed in mind. 2. To be sorrowful; to be cast down; to be dismayed. 3. To be amazed; to be astonished; to wonder greatly. 4. To be in despair; to be utterly cast down. 5. To stick fast, as words in a person's mouth when afraid or astonished; to be unable to speak through fear.
- Pilihuki** (pī-lī-hū-ki), n. Family clashings.
- Pilihuki** (pī-lī-hū-ki), v. To clash; to have separate interests; to separate.
- Pilikai** (pī-lī-kā'i), n. 1. A plant creeper (*Argyrea tiliaefolia*), found only along rocky shores. 2. The berry of the pilikai which is used as medicine.
- Pilikana** (pī-lī-kā-na), n. 1. An interest in one; a relationship to one. 2. A friend; a relative. 3. A motive; heaha kou kuleana e wena aku ai ia ia? he hoahanau.
- Pilikana** (pī-lī-kā-na), v. To be related to one; to have an interest in one.
- Pilikia** (pī-lī-kī-a), adj. Crowded close together; straight; narrow; difficult.
- Pilikia** (pī-lī-kī-a), n. A difficulty; a hindrance; a perilous situation; extreme danger, as in distress; trouble.
- Pilikia** (pī-lī-kī-a), v. [Pili and kia, a snare.] 1. To be crowded; to be in want of room. 2. To be in straits; to be in difficulty; to be entangled in any way. 3. To be cramped for want of means or instruments for doing a thing. 4. To be stinted in a provision for one's living.
- Pilikua** (pī-lī-kū-a), n. 1. A backwoodsman. 2. A giant; a desperate fighter.
- Pilikua** (pī-lī-kū-a), v. 1. To fight in single combat, as in a duel. 2. To cleave to the back.

- with rich presents. 2. Rich; used in ridicule by the poor; also in ridicule of the poor on account of their poverty. See *hiluhilu*.
- Pilupilu** (pī'lū-pī-lu), v. [*Pilu*, to shake.] To shake; to vibrate strongly.
- Pina** (pī-na), n. 1. A pin or instrument for fastening up the hair on the sides of the head: he mea mahamaha lauoho. (This might seem to be from the English pin but it is a genuine Hawaiian word.) 2. The dragon-fly. Also called *pinao*. 3. The needle of a compass.
- Pinai** (pī-na'i), v. 1. To patch a garment; to mend; to fill up a vacancy. 2. To work constantly; e hana mau. 3. To adhere to a chief or rich person for the sake of food or a support. 4. To stand thick together; to crowd.
- Pinana** (pī-nā-na), adj. Mischievous; acting mischievously; going here and there; climbing here and there; restless.
- Pinana** (pī-nā-na), v. 1. To climb, as a cat climbs up the side of a house. 2. To be mischievous, as a child that climbs where he ought not; to climb up mischievously. 3. To crook; to bend; to bend over; to bend out of shape. 4. To be higher, as one part of an object than another. 5. To flow swiftly upward, as waves against the shore.
- Pinanaea** (pī-nā-nā-ē-a), v. To have the eyes bedimmed, as with cobwebs; e punawelewele na maka.
- Pinanai** (pī-nā-na'i), v. To rise up, as the bow of a ship or canoe in passing over a swell: Lanaiea, pinanai, e ke kaikaina, e ka-ua i ka hoe.
- Pinanaiea** (pī-nā-na'i-ē-a), v. 1. To turn aside, as the bow of a ship when struck by a strong sea or wave. 2. To turn one's head aside to look.
- Pinao** (pī-na'o), n. The dragon-fly.
- Pinau** (pī-nā'u), n. The recoil of a rope when it breaks under tension.
- Pinauea** (pī-nā'u-ē-a), n. 1. A species of tapa; a pa-u. 2. A short pa-u or skirt reaching to the knees.
- Pine** (pī-nē'), n. A falsehood; a falsifier; he kanaka wahahee.
- Pine** (pī-ne), n. [Mod.] A pin; a bolt, a peg; anything driven to hold parts together.
- Pine** (pī-ne), v. 1. To fasten with a pin. 2. To falsify; to cheat.
- Pinepine** (pī-nē-pī-ne), adj. Frequent.
- Pinepine** (pī-nē-pī-ne), adv. Many times; often; frequently.
- Pini** (pī-ni), n. [Eng.] A pin.
- Pinopino** (pī-nō-pī-no), adj. Same as *pilopilo*. Bad smelling; corrupt.
- Pio** (pī-o), adj. Extinguished; put out; quenched, as fire or a lamp; defeated.
- Pio** (pī'o), adj. Bent; crooked; curved; arched.
- Pio** (pī-o), adv. Relating to captivity; as a captive.
- Pio** (pī-o), n. 1. A prisoner; a captive; one enslaved; anything taken by force; a prey: *pio ana*, bondage; captivity. 2. A measure of three feet.
- Pio** (pī'o), n. 1. An arc of a circle. 2. An incestuous offspring.
- Pio** (pī-o), v. 1. To be put out; to be destroyed. 2. To be conquered, subdued, overthrown. 3. To fall away or sink out of sight, said of a fallen kite or a canoe lost at sea.
- Pio** (pī'o), v. 1. To be bent; to be curved; to bend around as the arch of a rainbow; to curve as an arch; to bend as an elastic substance. 2. To commit incest.
- Piocoe** (pī-ō-e-ō-e), n. A species of mussel or small shell-fish (*Mytilus crebristriatus*). Also called *nahawe*.
- Piolepo** (pī'o-lē-po), n. Flying dirt; lepo (dust) taken up by the wind; a column of dust.
- Piolo** (pī-ō-lo), v. [*Olo*, to move back and forth, or up and down, as a saw.] 1. To rub; to polish; to strike the hand back and forth, as in playing a jewsharp. 2. To throw with the mouth.
- Pioloke** (pī'o-lō-ke), adj. Amazed.
- Pioloke** (pī'o-lō-ke), adv. Confusedly; without order: e hee pioloke, to flee in disorder.
- Pioloke** (pī'o-lō-ke), n. 1. A talk; a confused sound of voices; a gabble: a nui loa ae ke pioloke ana; an inquiry about something. 2. A great excitement among peo-

- ple through fear or any cause. 3. Haste without thought or carefulness.
- Pioloke** (pi'o-lō'-ke), v. 1. To gabble; to make a great noise by confused talking. 2. To be annoyed or harassed by unnecessary talk. 3. To be in confusion or trouble of mind, as a weak person. 4. To be excited.
- Pioloole** (pi'-ō'-lō-ō'-lo), v. To mix or blend, said of materials used for medicine.
- Pioo** (pi-ō'-ō'), n. A wandering state of mind; a state of doubt, anxiety and perplexity; a slight derangement.
- Pioo** (pi-ō'-ō'), v. 1. To be confused; to be perplexed. 2. To be apart from one's natural self, as a result of a disturbed mental condition.
- Piopia** (pi'o-pi'o), n. See *hoopiopia*.
- Piopia** (pi'-ō'-pi'-o), v. 1. To make a noise, as any young, feeble animal; e kani me he mea lillii la. Syn: loio. 2. To peep, as a chicken. 3. To pray, as with the pule anaana. Syn: *Hoopiopia*. 4. Same as *hoopoi* or *hoopoi*.
- Pipa** (pi'-pā'), n. 1. A pali or precipice. 2. The fruit of the kae and the medicine made from the fruit.
- Pipa** (pi'-pā'), v. To turn sideways; to edge up to a thing; to dodge; to parry off.
- Pipapipa** (pi'-pā-pi-pā'), v. To turn sideways or start aside as if to avoid something. E nihi ma ka pa, wriggle along the fence.
- Pipi** (pi'-pi'), adj. 1. Smouldering, as fire under green wood. 2. Almost extinguished; not burning easily; smoking, like something that will not blaze.
- Pipi** (pi'-pi'), n. 1. An oyster; he ano paiea, he ano ia. The oyster and its shell. 2. The center of the eye; the sight.
- Pipi** (pi'-pi'), n. The female of the bird oo.
- Pipi** (pi'-pi'), n. 1. The feelers of an insect. 2. Any depression on the body; a mino. 3. [Eng. beef.] (Generally written *bipi*.) Neat cattle.
- Pipi** (pi'-pi'), v. [Pi, to throw water.] 1. To sprinkle; to wet by sprinkling water or blood. 2. Fig. To purify. 3. To smoulder; to continue to burn without a flame, as the wick of a lamp; to burn, as green or wet wood.
- Pipi** (pi'-pi'), v. 1. To percolate, as water from a bed of rock. 2. To urinate.
- Pipii** (pi'-pi'i), v. Same as *piipii*. 1. To spring up or flow upwards, as water in a spring or fountain. 2. To overflow; to effervesce, as a bottle of beer; e piha me he bia la.
- Pipika** (pi-pi'-ka), adj. Turning aside; moving out of the direct line.
- Pipika** (pi-pi'-ka), v. 1. To flow over; to overflow, as a stream over a bank; e hu ma kapa. 2. To turn aside from the natural course. 3. To rush against the sides of any confining object. 4. To thrust or push against, as a
- Pipili** (pi-pi'-li), n. 1. Adherence for what can be acquired. 2. A follower for gain. 3. A begging repeatedly; if one obtains to go again, like a fly when brushed away it returns again; ike nei poe kanaka i ka pipili o nei kanaka i ko lakou nei kumu. 4. Any adhesive substance.
- Pipili** (pi-pi'-li), v. [Pili, to adhere.] 1. To stick fast to, as with pitch; to cleave to. 2. To adhere to one, as a friend; to fasten; to adhere to, as the tongue to the roof of the mouth, that is, to be speechless. 3. To be joined or united with; to belong to.
- Pipilo** (pi-pi'-lo), adj. [Pilo, to be impure.] Bad smelling; disgusting to the smell. See *pipilo*.
- Pipina** (pi'-pi'-na), n. Girl who assumes the role of a harlot.
- Pipine** (pi-pi'-ne), n. Same as *pipina*.
- Pipinoke** (pi-pi-nō'-ke), n. A rain storm.
- Pipinoke** (pi-pi-nō'-ke), v. [Pipi and noke, to fret.] To scold; to quarrel with one; to dispute; to contradict; to go on scolding, as one when the other stops. Syn: *Oleole*.
- Pipio** (pi-pi'o), adj. Crooked; bending; arched.
- Pipio** (pi-pi'o), n. 1. A tall, stoop-shouldered man. 2. An arch; a bending line.

- Pipio** (pi-pi'o), v. [**Pio**, bent.] 1. To bend over, as a tall, stoop-shouldered man; to bend, as in bowing; to bend forward. 2. To bend, as the rainbow; to be bent.
- Pipiolepo** (pi-pi'o-le-po), v. [**Piolepo**, flying dirt.] To fly, as dirt or trash in the wind, that is, crookedly, in whirls, or any way except in straight lines: me he anuenuela, hele a pio ka lepo.
- Pipipi** (pi-pi-pi), adj. Thickly; near together; crowded.
- Pipipi** (pi-pi-pi), n. A species of small sea snail (*Nerita picea*).
- Pipipi** (pi-pi-pi), v. [**Pipi**, to adhere.] To be thick together; to stand thickly together, as people or things; to crowd one against another; kupinai.
- Pipipi** (pi-pi-pi), v. [**Pii**, to rise.] 1. To spring or rise up continually, as water in a spring or fountain. 2. To ascend a hill together, as a company of people; to go up.
- Pipiwai** (pi-pi-wai), n. [**Pipi**, to percolate, and **wai**, water.] 1. A place where water springs up or oozes out of the ground or rocks. 2. The oozing or dropping of water. 3. The fine grass that springs up in a newly planted taro patch.
- Pisetakia** (pi-se-ta-ki-a), n. [**Eng.**] The nut of the pistacia, the kernel of which is eatable; pistachio nuts.
- Piula** (pi-u-la), n. [**Mod.**] 1. Incorrect spelling and pronunciation for miula (**Eng.**), a mule; also called hoki. 2. The name of a game at cards.
- Piula** (pi-u-la), n. [**Eng.**] Pewter; tin, etc.; any metal the color of pewter. Also called piuta.
- Piwai** (pi-wai), n. 1. A species of wild duck; manu koloa piwai. 2. A hard rock of which kois or adzes were made.
- Piwekaweka** (pi-we-ka-we-ka), adj. [**Pi**, stingy, and **weka**, hard.] Close; stingy; hard in a bargain.
- Po** (po), a prefix. It seems to have an intensive force, thus: maikai, pomaikai; ino, poino; eleele, poe-ele; pilikia, popilikia, etc.
- Po** (po), adj. 1. Dark; dark colored; obscure. 2. Fig. Ignorant; rude; wild; savage. 3. Unsocial; sour; unfriendly; crabbed.
- Po** (po), n. 1. Night; the time after the going down of the sun; the time of the twenty-four hours opposite to ao, day. 2. Darkness; the time when the sun gives no light. 3. Chaos; the time before there was light: mai ka po mai, from chaos (darkness) hitherto, that is, from the beginning, from eternity. 4. The place of departed spirits; the place of torment. (Hawaiians reckon time by nights rather than by days; as, po akahi, first night, that is, Monday; po alua, second night, Tuesday. Po was counted as a god among the poe akuanoho or the deified spirits of the deceased.)
- Po** (po), v. 1. To be dark; to darken; to become night; to be out of sight; to vanish; hence, to be slain; to be lost; e po i ke kaua, to be lost in war. 2. Fig. To be ignorant; to be wild; to be rude; to be uncultivated. 3. To overshadow, as the foliage of trees.
- Poa** (po'a), adj. Castrated; emasculated; despoiled of virility; he luna i poaia.
- Poa** (po'a), n. One castrated; a eunuch.
- Poa** (po'a), v. 1. To castrate; to emasculate; to make one a eunuch. 2. To dig under; to undermine.
- Poaaha** (po-a-a-ha), n. The fresh bark of the cloth mulberry or wauke, of which tapa was made.
- Poaala** (po-a-a-la), v. To thrum with the fingers on a drum head; to thump; kilipoipoi e, e poaala la. See kilipoipoi.
- Poae** (po-a-e), n. A company; a party.
- Poaeae** (po-a-e-a-e), adv. Obscurely; indistinctly seen; darkly: ike poaeae, to have indistinct ideas of a thing. Syn: Powehiwehi.
- Poaeae** (po-a-e-a-e), n. The hollow place under the arm; the armpit. Syn: Poee.
- Poaha** (po-a-ha), n. 1. A circle. 2. A ball wound with a hollow on one side as something to set a calabash in. 3. A smaller ball of the same kind to apply to any swelling. 4. The name of trailing plants in general.
- Poaha** (po-a-ha), n. [**Po**, night, and **aha**, four.] The fourth day after

- Sabati** or Sunday; that is, Thursday.
- Poaha** (pō-ā'-ha), v. To encircle; to go round; to go about here and there.
- Poahanui** (pō-ā'-hā-nū-i), n. Same as puahanui.
- Poahiahi** (pō-ā'-hī-ā'-hi), adj. Dim; obscure. Syn: Powehiwehi.
- Poai** (pō-ā'-i), adv. In a roundabout manner: ku poai, standing around; on all sides.
- Poai** (pō-ā'-i), n. A circle, real or imaginary; a hoop; a girdle. In geography, poai waena, the equinoctial line; poai anu akau, the Arctic circle, etc.
- Poai** (pō-ā'-i), v. 1. To encircle; to go round; to encompass, as a city besieged. 2. To surround.
- Poaiā** (pō-ā'-i-ā), n. A eunuch.
- Poaiā** (pō-ā'-i-ā), v. [Passive of poa.] To be emasculated.
- Poaiāi** (pō-ā'-i-ā-i), v. To go round and round; to surround. Same as poai, popoai, and poapoai.
- Poaihapalua** (pō-ā'-i-hā-pā-lū-a), n. [Poai, circle, and hapalua, half.] A semi-circle.
- Poaihee** (pō-ā'-i-he'e), n. A defeated party.
- Poaihele** (pō-ā'-i-hē-le), v. [Poai, a circle, and hele, to go.] To travel about from place to place.
- Poailoihi** (pō-ā'-i-lō-i-hī), n. [Poai, circle, and loihi, long.] An oval figure; an ellipse.
- Poai-puni** (pō-ā'-i-pū-ni), v. [Poai, circle, and puni, around.] To travel round here and there; to go round a country for any purpose; to circumambulate. Syn: Poaihele.
- Poaka** (pō-ā'-ka), n. 1. A cicatrix; a scar. 2. A mark or figure made on tapa or on the skin.
- Poakahi** (pō-ā'-kā-hī), n. [Po, night, and kahi, one, first.] The first day of the week after Sunday; that is, Monday.
- Poakolu** (pō-ā'-kō-lu), n. [Po, night, and kolu, three.] The third day after Sunday; that is, Wednesday.
- Poala** (pō-ā'-la), n. 1. Medicine prepared in a form to be swallowed whole; pills, capsules, etc. 2. A gargle.
- Poala** (pō-ā'-la), v. 1. To roll up, as a ball; to wind up string into a ball; e owili i ke kaula, e hana popo. 2. To swallow eagerly; e kani ka puu i ka ono ana i kekahi mea, e uinaka puu; to swallow entirely; to swallow without chewing. 3. To wind; to twist; to pursue a winding course.
- Poalaala** (pō-ā'-la-ā'-la), adj. Rolling; tumbling over and over.
- Poalaala** (pō-ā'-lā-ā'-la), adv. Going toward land and out to sea again, as in sailing along a coast in a canoe: mai holo poalaala ka waa i uka i kai; off and on.
- Poale** (pō-ā'-le), v. [Po and ale, to swallow, as a wave.] To be open; to be absorbent; to drink in; e hamama, a moni e aleale.
- Poaleale** (pō-ā'-lē-ā'-le), adj. 1. Open; absorbent; lying useless. 2. Confused; dizzy; ready to fall.
- Poali** (pō-ā'-li), adj. [Po and ali, a scar.] Dark; obscure; not well defined, as a faint mark on the skin.
- Poalima** (pō-ā'-lī-ma), n. [Po, night, and lima, five; the fifth.] The fifth day (night) after Sunday; that is, Friday: I ka 21 Augate oia ka Poalima, the 21st of August, that was Friday. 2. A religious meeting on Friday of each week, formerly generally attended throughout the islands.
- Poalo** (pō-ā'-lo), v. 1. To pluck or dig out the eyes: Ua poaloia kona mau maka, a make no ia ma kahiki, his eyes were dug out, and he died in a foreign country. 2. To twist round and draw out, as a tooth. 3. To take or force out, as beans from a pod; to shell out beans. 4. To surround; to circumambulate.
- Poalua** (pō-ā'-lū-a), n. [Po and alua, two; the second.] The second day after Sunday; that is, Tuesday.
- Poana** (pō-ā'-na), n. The name of the sea outside of where the surf breaks; also called pueone.
- Poanaana** (pō-ā'-nā-ā'-na), adj. Weary; lame; sore, as with walking or lying in one position; fatigued, as with carrying a burden.
- Poano** (pō-ā'-ō-no), n. [Po, night, and ano, six.] The sixth day after Sunday; that is, Saturday.
- Poapoai** (pō-ā'-pō-ā'-ā-i), v. To coil in a circular form, as in winding a ball; to wind round and round; e owiliwili; to surround. Syn: Poai and popoai.

- Poapoai** (pō'-ā-pō'-ai), n. A small coiling shell-fish, a species of the pupu (Triton).
- Poapoala** (pō'-ā-pō'-ā'-la), v. [Freq. of poala.] 1. To wind frequently; to wind round and round. 2. To go round; to surround; to travel round a city or country.
- Poapoapola** (pō'-ā'-pō'-ā'-pō'-lā'), v. 1. To go about from house to house. 2. To eat greedily; to swallow down food rapidly.
- Poe** (pō'-e), adj. Round; circular. Syn: Poepoe.
- Poe** (po'e), n. 1. A company; a number of persons or animals, from three to any indefinitely large number. It is not so often applied to things as to persons and animals; but the idea is that of a certain company or assemblage as distinct from some others. A cluster; a bunch; often synonymous with pae and puu. 2. A vegetable resembling the akulikuli or purslane; a water or sea plant. 3. A sign of the plural number of nouns; synonymous with pae and puu, but much more frequently used. When applied as a sign of the plural, it still retains the idea of a separate class.
- Poe** (po'e), v. 1. To turn over and over in putting on the finishing touches to a loaf. 2. Stone used in the process of mashing or preparing food.
- Poeē** (pō'-ē'-ē'), n. The armpit.
- Poeko** (pō'-ē'-ko), adj. Skillful; clever; intelligent; able to think and speak.
- Poelamuku** (pō'-ē'-lā-mū'-ku), n. An officer who attended the person of a chief and executed his orders. See ilamuku and lawekahili.
- Poele** (pō'-ē'-le), adj. Dark blue; black as night; dark colored.
- Poele** (pō'-ē'-le), v. [Po, night, and ele, black.] 1. To be very dark, as a dark night; to be black. 2. Fig. To be sinking in death; to be in the unconscious state that often precedes death.
- Poelele** (pō'-ē'-lē'-ē'-le), adj. 1. Black; dark as night; benighted. 2. Applied to the mind, ignorant; bewildered.
- Poelele** (pō'-ē'-lē'-ē'-le), v. [Poele, to be dark.] To be or become dark, as night; to become black.
- Poepoe** (pō'-ē-pō'-e), adj. Round; round and smooth; globular; circular: He mea poepoe ka honua, the earth is a round thing.
- Poepoe** (pō'-e-pō'-e), v. 1. To be short; to be low, in opposition to tall, high. 2. To be round.
- Poepoehawae** (pō'-ē-pō'-ē-hā-wā'e), n. [Mod.] A flattened sphere.
- Poepoepikoi** (pō'-ē-pō'-ē-pī-kō'i), n. [Mod.] A lengthened sphere.
- Poha** (pō-hā'), adj. Bursting; cracking; sparkling.
- Poha** (pō-hā'), n. 1. The crack of a whip. 2. The noise of thunder; the noise of any explosive substance. 3. The bursting or breaking of a boil. 4. The bursting or flashing of light. 5. The Cape gooseberry (*Physalis peruviana*).
- Poha** (pō-hā'), v. To burst; to break forth; to appear suddenly.
- Pohae** (pō-hā'e), v. To be torn, said of any kind of fabric when damaged by a rent.
- Pohaehae** (pō'-hā'e-hā'e), adj. [Po and hae, torn.] Rotten; brittle, etc., as cloth easily torn. Syn: Pakepake, paina.
- Pohaha** (pō-hā'-hā'), adj. 1. Round; circular, as a pit, as the crater of a volcano; deep, as a pit. Syn: Ponaha.
- Pohaha** (pō-hā'-hā'), n. Material thrown out in volcanic eruptions, and the detonations that accompany a lava flow.
- Pohai** (pō-hā'i), v. 1. To be surrounded and gathered into an inclosure. 2. To be gathered together in a circular form, as fish inclosed in a net: ua pohai ka ia; ua pohai na waa; ua pohai na kanaka.
- Pohaka** (pō'-hā'-ka), n. 1. A printed or painted tapa. 2. A cincture; a girdle; a belt.
- Pohakaa** (pō'-hā'-kā'a), n. The name of a god supposed to live in ravines or precipitous places where stones were often rolled down; Kane of the stony places or palis.
- Pohakau** (pō'-hā'-ka'u), n. An anchor by which a ship is fastened by means of the cable; he heleuma: he mea e paa ai ka moku i ka hekau. Syn: Pohakuhekau.
- Pohakaulei** (pō'-hā'-kā'u-lē'i), n. Loose stones; surface stones.

- Pohakaulei** (pō'-hā'-kā'u-lē'i), v. 1. To draw in; to contract. 2. To raise or lift up; to raise to a higher place.
- Pohakiikii** (pō'-hā'-ki'i-ki'i), v. 1. To place and to carry a child on the back part of the neck (not on the shoulder). 2. To carry anything on the back part of the neck, like a kihei or mantle.
- Pohakioloa** (pō'-hā'-kī-ō'-lō'-a), n. Stone used as a land mark; a stone set in the ground to mark a division of land.
- Pohakoi** (pō'-hā'-ko'i), n. An avalanche of stone on a mountain road; rocky obstructions in a stream.
- Pohakoi** (pō'-hā'-ko'i), v. To be firmly embedded in the earth.
- Pohaku** (pō'-hā'-ku), adj. Of the nature or quality of stone, hard.
- Pohaku** (pō'-hā'-ku), n. The general name of stones, rocks, pebbles, etc.: **pohaku ula**, a brick; a tile; **pohaku lepo**, an adobe; a sun-dried brick; **o na mea paa he pohaku ia**. (Large stones were called **pali pohaku**; lesser ones **pohaku uuku**; melted stone or lava was called **aa**; small stones rubbed or worn smooth in the water were called **ilili**; the least of all hard substances was called one, sand.)
- Pohakuhekau** (pō'-hā'-kū-hē-kā'u), n. Stone used as an anchor for a canoe.
- Pohakuhele** (pō'-hā'-kū-hē'-le), n. [**Pohaku**, a stone, and **hele**, to go.] Lit. A walking stone. A species of small crab which has a shell like a stone.
- Pohakukaa** (pō'-hā'-kū-ka'a), n. [**Pohaku**, stone, and **kaa**, to turn.] 1. A millstone: **ponakukaa palaoa**. 2. A rolling stone.
- Pohakulepo** (pō'-hā'-kū-lē'-po), n. [**Pohaku**, stone, and **lepo**, dirt.] A brick made of soil mixed with grass or straw, and dried in the sun. Syn: Adobe.
- Pohakupaa** (pō'-hā'-kū-pa'a), n. [**Pohaku**, stone, and **paa**, firm; solid.] A rock. (**Pohakupaa** is the general name of hard or solid stones out of which koi or adzes were made, and stands in opposition to **pohaku luhee**, soft or porous stones.)
- Pohakupaea** (pō'-hā'-kū-pā'-ē-a), n. [**Pohaku** and **paea**, the Hawaiian pronunciation for the English word fire.] A fire stone; a flint.
- Pohakuwaiki** (pō'-hā'-kū-wā'i-ki'), n. [**Pohaku** and **wai**, water, and **ki**, to shoot, as a gun.] A ball or bullet formed anciently from a stone and adapted to a squirt-gun.
- Pohala** (pō'-hā'-la), adj. Quiet; breathing freely; opening, as a flower; relieved from confinement.
- Pohala** (pō'-hā'-la), n. Rest; ease after pain or suffering; relief from constraint.
- Pohala** (pō'-hā'-la), v. 1. To be healed; to recover from sickness. 2. To recover from a swoon or fainting: **alaila, pohala ae la kona manao**. Used also with **naau**. 3. To breathe freely and easily after being relieved from severe pain. 4. To be freed from constraint; to break loose from confinement. 5. To unfold; to burst forth, as the petals of a flower.
- Pohalake** (pō'-hā'-lā-kē'), v. To be full. Syn: Maona.
- Pohale** (pō'-hā'-le), adj. Absorbent; swallowing up. Syn: Poaleale.
- Pohale** (pō'-hā'-le), v. [A shortened form of **Pohalehale**, wave.] To be or go down in the trough of great waves or surges of the sea.
- Pohalehale** (pō'-hā'-lē-hā'-le), adj. Open; unprotected; lying useless. Same as **poale** and **poaleale**.
- Pohalu** (pō'-hā'-lu), adj. Broken; wounded; coiled up; lying quietly.
- Pohalu** (pō'-hā'-lū), v. [**Po**, intensive, and **halu**, to sink in or to sink down.] 1. To sink down, as something weak or overcome; to droop. 2. To lie scattered about. 3. To rest securely or quietly in a place.
- Pohano** (pō'-hā'-nō), adj. [**Po**, intensive, and **hano**, hoarse.] Hoarse; unnatural, as the voice from a cold or other cause; hard breathing, as one with the phthisic.
- Pohapoha** (pō'-hā'-pō-hā'), v. [**Poha**, to burst.] 1. To burst forth suddenly, as any sound; to parch, as corn; to crack, as a whip. 2. To burst or break forth, as a boil. 3. To rise in bubbles like boiling water.
- Pohe** (pō'-he), adj. Cut short; cut into short pieces.
- Pohe** (pō'-he), n. A plant of the olona class the bark of which is used like olona or hemp.

- Pohe** (po'-he), v. Same as poke, to cut.
- Poheepali** (pō-he'e-pā'-li), n. One who has the best of a bargain; a successful trader.
- Poheepali** (pō-he'e-pā'-li), v. 1. To die mysteriously, no one knowing the cause; e make me ka pōino, aole maopopo ka mai ame ka popilikia. 2. To fall down a pali or precipice when alone and be killed. 3. To be killed accidentally.
- Poheeuā** (pō'-he'e-ū'a), n. A fault or landslide on the side of a mountain usually caused by rain.
- Poheeuā** (pō'-he'e-ū'a), v. To slip or fall down or slide off a steep precipice on account of a great rain. Syn: Poheepali.
- Poheheo** (pō'-hē-hē'-o), v. 1. To swell up round and smooth; to be round and plump, as a woman wearing many folds of pa-u. 2. To be large and well rounded.
- Pohemo** (pō'-hē'-mo), v. To slip out of the hand, as a bundle; e puhe-mo, e alualu, e oloolo, e haalua. Syn: Pahemo.
- Poheo** (pō'-hē'-o), n. A stone; any hard thing; he mea paakiki.
- Poheoheo** (pō'-hē'-ō-hē'-o), adj. Round; smooth; hard.
- Poheoheo** (pō'-hē'-ō-hē'-o), n. 1. Any small, round, hard substance. 2. Specifically, the head of a nail or pin; the head at the top of a rafter; a knob.
- Poheue** (pō'-hē-ū'-e), n. A place of torment. Syn: Polioia; pokinikini, pomanomano.
- Pohi** (pō'-hī'), v. To sink down; to settle away; to grow less. Syn: Paho, to go out of sight.
- Pohihi** (pō'-hī'-hi), adj. Dark; obscure; intricate; confused, as long tangled hair.
- Pohihi** (pō'-hī'-hi), v. [Po, intensive, and hihi, to be thick and tangled, as vines.] 1. To be very much tangled, as a thick growth of vines. 2. To be shady, as with thick leaves and branches of trees.
- Pohihihi** (pō'-hī'-hī'-hi), adj. 1. Obscure, as language; puzzling, as a question; not plain; entangled; mea pohihihi, a mystery; a dark saying; hard questions; forgotten; not known. 2. Mysterious. Syn: Pohihui.
- Pohihihi** (pō'-hī'-hī'-hi), n. A mist; an obscurity of vision; anything dark or entangled; that which is obscure or mysterious; a mystery.
- Pohihui** (pō'-hī'-hī'-u), adj. [Po and hihi, to be thick, and hui, wild.] Entangled; puzzling; not plain.
- Pohina** (pō'-hī'-na), adj. White; whitish; having a white appearance.
- Pohina** luna i ke ao makani kaluu.
Naue ka lehua ka pua o ka laau,
Hakawai ka ohua o Okuauhi,
Uhi ke a i na hua e ke akua.
2. Obscure; beclouded.
- Pohina** (pō'-hī'-na), n. 1. A mist or fine rain; a fog; a thin cloud. 2. Any white substance of milk-like color.
- Pohinahina** (pō'-hī'-nā-hī'-na), n. 1. A breaking down, as a tree or shrub; he wahia na laau. 2. The name of a plant of a silvery gray color, the silver sword; he hinahina; also called ahinahina.
- Pohiwehiwa** (pō'-hi-wē'-hī-wā'), adj. Same as powehiwehi.
- Pohiwi** (pō'-hī'-wī), n. Same as pohiwi, the shoulder.
- Poho** (pō'-hō'), adj. Sunken; lying at the bottom of water or mire.
- Poho** (pō'-ho), n. 1. Chalky white earth; hence, 2. Chalk, prepared chalk.
- Poho** (pō'-hō'), n. Loss or damage in any transaction.
- Poho** (pō'-ho), n. 1. A slight hollow or cavity: poho lima, the hollow of the hand; poho wawae, hollow of the foot, opposite of piko o ke poo, top of the head. Syn: Poli. 2. A kind of basket. 3. A point or goal. 4. A piece or patch placed over a dent or weak spot. 5. A circular depression; a falling in of the surface.
- Poho** (pō'-ho), v. 1. To blow gently, as the wind. 2. To puff out; to be rounded out, as a sail. 3. To compound; to unite into one mass; to blend. Syn: Hoowai.
- Poho** (pō'-ho), v. To repair by patchwork.
- Poho** (pō'-hō'), v. 1. To sink, as in water; to plunge out of sight. 2. To sink, that is, lose money or property in business. 3. To sink in spirits; to be despondent; to despair: poho ka manao.

- Pohokano** (pō'-ho-kā'-no), adj. Stingy; close; not willing to part with anything.
- Pohokano** (pō'-ho-kā'-no), n. A councillor of state (Kalaimoku), who has served under two kings.
- Pohola** (pō'-hō'-la), v. To open; to spread out, as the petals of a flower when blossoming; to open; to expand; to grow larger. Syn: Pohala.
- Poholalo** (pō'-hō'-lā'-lo), n. Mischief done by disturbing one when sitting down; na hana kolohe malalo o ka okole.
- Poholalo** (pō'-hō'-lā'-lo), v. [Poho and lalo, downward.] To give or furnish a thing to be trampled upon; e haawi mai malalo o na wawae.
- Poholalo** (pō'-hō'-lā'-lo), v. [Poho, to dig and lalo, underneath.] 1. To undermine. 2. To act in an underhand manner; to defeat or thwart clandestinely.
- Poholawa** (pō'-hō'-lā'-wā), adj. Partly rotten or decayed, as vegetables.
- Poholawa** (pō'-hō'-lā'-wā), v. To be water-soaked, as taro; to be worm-eaten, as potatoes; to be internally defective, as vegetables.
- Pohole** (pō'-hō'-le), n. A wound; a bruise; an opening or breaking of the skin; a raw spot on the skin.
- Pohole** (pō'-hō'-le), v. To be raw from a breaking of the skin.
- Poholima** (pō'-hō'-lī'-ma), n. [Poho, a hollow, and lima, hand.] The hollow of the hand; the palm of the hand: kahi palahalaha o ka lima.
- Poholo** (pō'-hō'-lo), v. 1. To slip, sink or glide down into the water, as a piece of lead or other heavy substance. 2. To slip off, as an axe from its helve. 3. To cast, as a female her young; to miscarry by premature birth.
- Pholoholo** (pō'-hō'-lō'-hō'-lo), adj. Slightly adhering; easily separating; sinking.
- Pholoholo** (pō'-hō'-lō'-hō'-lo), v. To adhere only slightly, as a work of many pieces; to be loose; to be easily separated.
- Pholua** (pō'-hō'-lū'-a), n. [Poho, a hollow, and lua, pit.] The deep cavity of the anus.
- Pholua** (pō'-hō'-lū'-a), v. To set the sails of a vessel to the wind so as to go neither forward or backward; to lie to.
- Pohona** (pō'-hō'-na), n. [Contraction of pohoana.] A sinking in or sinking down, as with pain; a contraction of the muscles in disease; a sinking of the lips and cheeks from the loss of teeth.
- Pohopoho** (pō'-hō'-pō'-hō'), adj. Sinking; marshy; miry; muddy.
- Phoulu** (pō'-hō'-ū'-lu), v. A clump of breadfruit trees.
- Pohu** (pō'-hu), adj. Calm; still; quiet, as the wind or sea after a storm.
- Pohu** (pō'-hu), n. 1. A calm after a storm. 2. A calm place in the sea: aia kekahi wahi pohu ma Lanai, ua kapaia o Kaholo mahope o ka hanea ana o ka pali; calm still water out of the wind: Makemake nui ko Hilo poe alii ia Kona, no ka pohu, the Hilo chiefs greatly desired Kona for the calm water (of the sea). Syn: Kupohu.
- Pohu** (pō'-hu), v. To be calm; to lull, as the wind; pohu loa ka makani, the wind lulled greatly; to be or become calm after a storm at sea.
- Pohue** (pō'-hū'-e), adj. Of or pertaining to a gourd or calabash; elua ipu, he ipu laau, he ipu pohue: Hana hou no i hale pohue.
- Pohue** (pō'-hū'-e), n. 1. A broken piece of calabash. 2. A water calabash. 3. A piece of the bitter calabash. 4. A potsherd.
- Pohuehue** (pō'-hū'-ē-hū'-e), n. 1. A running plant like the koali. 2. The root of a species of convolvulus growing on sand banks, and used with the koali as a cathartic. 3. A kind of stone used in polishing canoes.
- Pohuhu** (pō'-hū'-hū'), v. To be smoky or dusty. Syn: Hoouuahi.
- Pohuku** (pō'-hū'-ku), adj. Round and smooth, that is, without prominent corners; smooth, as the shell of the pauhu; smooth and round, as a bald head.
- Pohukuhuku** (pō'-hū'-ku-hū'-ku), adj. 1. Much in quantity; copious; overflowing, as an overflowing tide. 2. Abounding; well furnished.
- Pohukuhuku** (pō'-hū'-kū-hū'-ku), adv. Unitedly; acting together.
- Pohukuhuku** (pō'-hū'-kū-hū'-ku), n. 1. Anything growing or increasing in size. 2. One having the head larger at the top than at the bot-

- tom. 3. The rising up of a large white substance, as a white cloud, a pillar of smoke. Syn: Punohu.
- Pohukuhuku** (pō-hū-kū-hū-ku), v. 1. To get the advantage in a bargain. 2. To have more than the average; to be well off.
- Pohuli** (pō-hū-li), n. 1. A sucker, branch or sprout of any vegetable to be transplanted for producing its kind. 2. Any root offspring of a stock, as a banana.
- Pohuli** (pō-hū-li), v. To transplant, as a tree.
- Pohuluhi** (pō-hū-lū-hi), v. To be heavy from fatigue; to be weighed down, as by sleep; to be very sleepy; to be overcome by fatigue.
- Poi** (po'i), n. 1. A cover of any vessel or container; especially the cover or upper gourd of a calabash; hence, 2. The cover of a pot or other vessel. Puk. 25:29. 3. The top of a curling surf where it breaks: he wahi e haki iho ai ka nalu.
- Poi** (pō-i), n. A paste or pudding which was formerly the chief food of Hawaiians, and to a great extent still is. (Poi is made of taro, sweet potatoes or breadfruit, but mostly of taro, by baking the vegetables in ovens, and afterward peeling and pounding them with a little water; it is then left in a mass to ferment; after fermentation, it is again worked over with more water until it has the consistency of thick paste. It is eaten cold with the fingers. It is now made mostly by machinery.)
- Poi** (pō-i), v. To stir up; to incite.
- Poi** (po'i), v. 1. To cover; to shut, as in closing any container with a lid; to bring two parts together to protect or hold what is between. 2. To curve and break over as a high surf. 3. To fall suddenly upon and seize, as a bird of prey: Ke poi nei ka nalu, the surf is breaking. E poi ka umeke, cover the calabash.
- Poiawa** (pō-i-ā-wā), n. [Poi and awa, sour; bitter.] 1. Sour poi, or poi too much fermented. 2. Fig. A person of a sour or crabbed disposition.
- Poiawaawa** (pō-i-ā-wā-ā-wā), n. 1. Sour poi. 2. A sour disposition.
- Poiawahia** (pō-i-ā-wā-hī-a), n. 1. Bitter poi. 2. A vicious or fault-finding disposition.
- Poikalo** (po'i-kā-lo), v. To cover up taro (upland), that is, to spread over the hills dried grass, banana leaves or anything to serve as manure and shade the roots.
- Poina** (pō-i-na), v. 1. To forget; to be forgotten. 2. Not to think of; to forget.
- Poino** (pō-i-no), adj. Unlucky; unfortunate; ill-fated.
- Poino** (pō-i-no), n. Bad luck; suffering; affliction; harm; injury; whatever is unfortunate.
- Poino** (pō-i-no), v. [Po, intensive, and ino, bad; evil.] 1. To be in distress; to be in miserable circumstances. 2. To suffer from some cause; to suffer an injury; to be injured. 3. To be ill-fated or destined to suffer.
- Poipalau** (pō-i-pā-lā'u), n. A kind of food; a mixture of potatoes and coconut.
- Poipo** (po'i-pō'), n. An ambushade; that part of an army which is set for an ambushade.
- Poipo** (po'i-pō'), v. 1. To ambushade; to set an ambushade for an army. 2. To fall upon, as an enemy in the night; to surprise: Mai poipoia lakou ilaila, they were near being surprised there. 3. To overcome; to conquer by night attack.
- Poipo** (po'i-po'i), v. [Poi, to cover.] 1. To cover over; to conceal. 2. To quench fire by smothering it. 3. To interrupt a discourse. 4. To hush or quiet, as a child by caressing.
- Poipu** (po'i-pū'), adj. Covered or buried up, as one overwhelmed with waves or the surf: Iloko o ka halehale poipu o ka nalu. Laieik. p. 133.
- Poipu** (po'i-pū'), n. The state of being covered up, overwhelmed or darkened by a thick covering, as with clouds, water, thick shade.
- Poipu** (po'i-pū'), v. 1. To cover over; to bury with a flood. 2. To shade deeply; to shade from the light of the sun so as to be almost dark, as a glen thick with trees; to hide from observation. 3. To be covered over, as the heavens, with thick dark clouds.

- Poipuupuu** (pō'-ī-pu'u-pu'u), adj. 1. Hard; lumpy, as bad poi. 2. Sour; unsocial, as a person.
- Poipuupuu** (pō'-ī-pu'u-pu'u), n. 1. Food full of lumps. 2. Fig. A sour, morose person.
- Poipuupuu** (pō'-ī-pu'u-pu'u), v. [**Poi**, a kind of food, and **puupuu**, lumpy.] 1. To be full of hard lumps, like poi not well pounded or made from bad taro. 2. To be unsocial; to be sour; to be unfriendly.
- Poiu** (pō'-ī'u), adj. 1. Afar off; at a great distance. 2. Grand; solemn, as a sacred place; glorious. 3. Precious; desirable.
- Poiu** (pō'-ī'u), v. [**Po**, intensive, and **iu**, sacred; consecrated.] 1. To be under the protection or care of some one having power to protect. 2. To be prohibited or forbidden; to be under a tabu. 3. To be consecrated; to be holy.
- Poiuiu** (pō'-ī'u-ī'u), v. [**Poiu**, to be consecrated.] To be very far off or high up; o ka hoa i poiuiu o ka ike nei, the friend who is afar off beyond the sight 2. To be very kapu or sacred. Syn: Koiuiu, iuiu.
- Poka** (pō-kā'), adj. [Contraction of **pokaa**.] Round; rolling; rolling round.
- Poka** (pō-kā'), n. A small globular substance; a ball; a bullet.
- Pokaa** (pō-ka'a), n. That which is wound up; a ball, as of rope or twine; a coil.
- Pokaa** (pō-ka'a), v. [**Po** and **kaa**, to roll.] To turn; to go round; to surround; to turn, that is, to make go round, as a rope or band round a wheel.
- Pokakaa** (pō-kā'-ka'a), adj. Turning; rolling; turning over and over.
- Pokakaa** (pō-kā'-ka'a), n. A wheel, as of a pulley; the wheel of a cart or carriage.
- Pokakao** (pō-kā'-ka'o), adj. Dry and barren, as land; producing nothing. Syn: Pokakao.
- Pokana** (pō-kā'-na), n. [**Poka**, for **pokaa**, to go round, and **ana**.] 1. The quality of being round; rounded. 2. Figuratively. The entwining of one's self round another; the gaining of one's confidence for the purpose of gain.
- Pokao** (pō-ka'o), adj. Very poor, as one destitute of decent clothing; naked.
- Pokao** (pō-ka'o), v. To be poor; to be naked; to be destitute of the comforts of life.
- Pokaokao** (pō-ka'o-ka'o), adj. Poor, as land; unyielding, as dry barren soil; destitute of verdure.
- Poke** (pō-ke), n. A piece; a part; a portion cut off; he pauku, he apahu, he apana.
- Poke** (pō-ke), v. To cut off a piece; to cut in two.
- Pokeina** (pō-kē-ī-na), n. [**Poke**, a piece, and **ina**, sea egg.] A calabash of **ina**, a species of the sea egg; he ia poepoe kalakala.
- Pokeo** (pō-ke'o), n. The time or period of childhood; the time when one is little.
- Pokeo** (pō-ke'o), v. To slip away; to escape out of hand or snare. Syn: Pakeo.
- Pokeokeo** (pō-kē'o-kē'o), adj. Well filled; wealthy.
- Pokeokeo** (pō-kē'o-kē'o), n. 1. Property given gratuitously; a present. 2. Roundness; plumpness; smoothness.
- Pokeokeo** (pō-kē'o-kē'o), v. To have abundant means.
- Pokepoke** (pō-kē-pō-ke), v. To cut into pieces; to sever with rapid strokes of a cutter.
- Poki** (pō-ki), n. 1. The cut worm. 2. A standing or sitting close together, as a crowd of people.
- Poki** (pō-ki), v. 1. To stand or sit close together, as people crowded. 2. To be united indivisibly, inseparably.
- Pokia** (pō-kī'a), n. [**Po** and **kia**, a post.] A post set up for birds to light on when they are caught; he kia manu, he laau lawaia manu.
- Pokii** (pō-kī'i), n. The youngest member of a family; ka hanau muli loa; the youngest born of several children; the younger of two children of the same sex; an endearing appellation.
- Pokiikaina** (pō-kī'i-kā'i-na), n. A younger brother or sister; an endearing term.
- Pokinahua** (pō-kī-nā-hū'a), n. An aha or assembly for honoring the chief.
- Pokinikini** (pō-kī-nī-kī-nī), n. 1. A word used in prayer by the priests. 2. A place where the wicked forever dwell. Syn: Polioia, pomano-manō.

- Pokipoki** (pō'-kī-pō'-ki), n. 1. A species of oniscus, a crustacean which lives in the mouth of the flying-fish, or attaches itself to the side of the fish; he wahi ano ia ma ka moana, a ma ka ae kai, a me ka aina. 2. Sow bugs.
- Pokipoki** (pō'-kī-pō'-ki), v. To stand thickly together, as people in a crowd; to sit close together; to be multitudinous.
- Poko** (pō'-ko), adj. 1. Short; not long; hence, 2. Incompetent; insufficient.
- Poko** (pō'-ko), adv. Shortly; briefly; summarily.
- Poko** (pō'-ko), n. [Poko, short.] 1. The smaller division of a district or country: Koolau loa, long Koolau; Koolau poko, short Koolau; Hamakua loa, long Hamakua; Hamakua poko, short or small Hamakua, etc. 2. The cutworm, also called poki.
- Pokoa** (pō-kō'-a), adj. Short; the opposite of long. Syn: Pokole, poko, pakou.
- Pokohukohu** (pō-kō'-hū-kō'-hu), n. [Po, intensive, and kohu, ink or dye.] A red dye made of the noni.
- Pokoke** (pō-kō'-ke), n. A disease affecting the excretions from the kidneys; urinary leakage; also called mimihēlele.
- Pokoke** (pō-kō'-ke), adj. [Incorrect form of kokoke, to be soon.] To be near at hand, as time or place.
- Pokoke** (pō-kō'-ke), v. Rather a phrase: it is very quickly dark.
- Pokole** (pō-kō'-le), adj. Short in comparison with something long; not long; hana pokole, a short.
- Pokole** (pō-kō'-le), v. 1. To be short. 2. Fig. To be unable to do a thing; to be deficient.
- Pokopoko** (pō-kō-pō'-ko), adj. Short. Syn: Poko, pokole.
- Poku** (pō'-kū'), v. 1. To cry out; to cry out in the night, as a person making mischief; to disturb the quiet of the night by loud outcries.
- Pola** (pō'-la), n. 1. The edge or end of a tapa, as a pa-u which is tucked in from above, and hangs down after being tucked in. An end of a tapa which hangs over the back. 2. The hanging down of the blossom of the maia or banana. 3. The lower end of a bunch of bananas; o na eka ma-
- lalo**. 4. The high seat between the canoes of a double-canoe. Laieik. p. 112. 5. [Hawaiian pronunciation of the English word bowl.] A cup. Also called bola.
- Polalauwahi** (pō'-lā'-lā'-ū-wā'-hi), n. [Polala, a curtain or screen and uwahi, smoke.] 1. Atmospheric haze, generally called uwahi a pele, volcano smoke. 2. A certain great darkness over the islands in ancient times.
- Polale** (pō-lā'-le), adj. Clear; bright; splendid. Syn: Molalele.
- Polani** (pō-lā'-ni), adj. Handsome; neat; clean; pure; beautiful.
- Polani** (pō-lā'-ni), n. [Mod.] Poland and its people.
- Polapola** (pō'-lā-pō'-la), adj. 1. Well; healthy; polapola na maka; bright, as the face of one recovered from sickness. 2. Full; flowing, as a garment.
- Polapola** (pō'-lā-pō'-la), n. A sense of fullness in the stomach; piha-piha.
- Polapola** (pō'-lā-pō'-la), v. 1. To sprout; to shoot out; to grow, as a bud or leaf. 2. To put on or clothe one in large flowing garments: e aahu polapola, e poaka. 3. To wrap by winding around. 4. To recover; to get well from sickness.
- Pole** (pō'-le), v. To fend off; to separate; to divide between.
- Polea** (pō-lē'-a), adj. Without projections; without sharp edge or border; sunken in, as the face of one without teeth.
- Polea** (pō-lē'-a), v. To be smooth; to be without edge or points; to be smooth, as the gums without teeth; to sink in, as the cheeks.
- Polehelehe** (pō-lē'-hē-lē'-he), adj. Not bound tightly, as a bundle; paa ole. Syn: Ulehelehe.
- Polehulehu** (pō-lē'-hū-lē'-hu), n. Sunset; twilight; partial light. Syn: Molehulehu.
- Polehulehu** (pō-lē'-hū-lē'-hu), v. To be between darkness and light; to be in a state of twilight; to be a little dark.
- Poleke** (pō-lē'-ke), v. To be unfortunate; to be stripped of one's property; to lose one's property by authority of a chief.
- Poleko** (pō-lē'-ko), v. Incorrect form of poweko. To be easy and fluent

in conversation; e akamai i ke kamailio.

Polemo (pō-lē'-mo), v. Same as palemo, to sink.

Polena (pō-lē'-na), n. 1. The oo bird, called also iwipolena, the yellow feathers of which were made into the aahu alii, royal robe: O ka polena hulu manu hulu la. 2. [Mod.] Sails drawn tightly; all the sails of a vessel made fast, tight and secure; hao na pea a pau.

Hao na polena o Haupū,
Na heke luna o ke olewa.

3. Bowline.

Polena (pō-lē'-na), v. 1. To be mixed, as dirt or coloring matter with water; to be discolored, as water; ina e hookomoia ka lepo iloko o ka wai, alaila, ua polena ka wai.

Aole lua o ke ki lena i ka ua.
Lena makalena ka maka o ka lehua.
Lena, polena a ki lena
I ka hooiwo e ka makani.
Laua wiwo ka pua, ka pua makahala.
Hala aku no oe, owau aku no.

Polepole (pō-lē-pō'-le), n. A kind of child's game which consisted in putting up one hand above another and saying:

Polepole ka mamalihini, kaa mai,
kaa mai
I kou, i kou kauhale, kauhale ouou.
Ke akia nei kuu piko e kauleleo la
e ko lae.

Polepole (pō-lē-pō'-le), v. [Pole, to defend.] To ward off; to defend; to separate.

Polepole i na lihitihī o ka ohai.
Onoonou kela i ke kula o Makahuna.
Ahi lapalapa kela i ke pili o Piihonua.

Polewa (pō-lē'-wā), adj. Loose; swinging; not fast.

Polewa (pō-lē'-wā), n. Anything swinging or loose; that which is not tight.

Polewa (pō-lē'-wā), v. To sway to and fro; to flow; to run, as a liquid; to be unsteadfast.

Poli (pō'-li), adj. Having a slight hollow or cavity, as the bosom or lap: ilio moe poli, puaa moe poli, a dog or pig often carried in the bosom, that is, greatly beloved; petted.

Poli (pō'-li), n. 1. The lower part of the abdomen; the lap when one is sitting; the bosom: wahine o kou poli. 2. A slight concavity, as the hollow of the foot, poli wa-

wae; the space between the breasts of females. (The word is applied to all cavities on the body.) Syn: Poho. 3. Fig. Friendly presence; love.

Poliahu (pō'-li-ā'-hu), n. 1. Suggestion made by touch, look, motion, etc. 2. The act of touching to express affection or attract attention.

Poliai (pō'-li-ā'-i), v. [Poli, the bosom; ai, to eat.] To nurse at the breast; literally to feed from the bosom.

Polie (pō'-li'-e), n. A shining substance; a bright gleam or flash of light. (Obsolete.)

Poliele (pō'-li-ē'-le), adj. Deep blue; black; shining black; panopano; dark.

Polihua (pō'-li-hī-ū'-a), adj., n. Incorrect spelling of poliua.

Polihua (pō'-li-hī-wā), adj. Bright; shining; applied to clouds.

Polihua (pō'-li-hī-wā), n. 1. A bright, shining cloud. 2. A deep blue or black luster.

Polikia (pō'-li-kī'-a), n. 1. Whatever is tied tightly or bound fast. 2. Severe suffering.

Polilima (pō'-li-lī'-ma), n. [Poli, hollow, and lima, hand.] The hollow of the hand; palm of the hand.

Polinahe (pō'-li-nā'-he), adj. Soft and gentle, as the voice of affection; soft, as the sound of low music; gentle, as a zephyr.

Polinahe (pō'-li-nā'-he), v. 1. To blow softly, as a light breeze. 2. To exhibit the qualities of softness, fineness, thinness, etc.

Polio (pō'-li'-o), adj. Dark, dismal, as a place of misery. See pokinikini.

Polio (pō'-li'-o), n. A place of torment for wicked men; a place dark and far off from good men. Syn: Pomanomano (obsolete), pokinikini, polioia.

Polioia (pō'-li-ō-i'-a), n. A distant place of suffering; a place of torment for the wicked; ka po make mau loa, ka lilo i ka make. Same as polio.

Polipoli (pō'-li-pō'-li), n. A kind of soft porous stone used in polishing, scouring, rubbing, cleansing.

Polipoli (pō'-li-pō'-li), v. To polish with the polipoli.

Poliua (pō'-li-ū'-a), adj. Resplendent.

Poliua (pō'-li-ū'-a), n. 1. Brilliancy, said of any glittering substance. 2. Shining black; a deep blue.

Poliukua (pō'-li-ū-kū'-a), n. 1. An imaginary place in the back part of the heavens, where the stars are fixed; it is supposed to be a very dark place; *ma kahi o na hoku i kau ai ma ka paia kua o ka lani, ma kahi poeleele*. 2. Thick or gross darkness.

Poliuliu (pō'-li'u-li'u), adj. 1. Obscure because widely separated. 2. Hardly perceptible, said of very distant objects.

Poliuliu (pō'-li'u-li'u), n. 1. Failure to discern clearly because of remoteness. 2. The state of being a great way off; a far distance.

Poliuliu (pō'-li'u-li'u), v. 1. To be scarcely discernible. 2. To be far away.

Poliwawae (pō'-li-wā'-wā'e), n. [Poli, hollow, and wawae, foot.] The hollow of the foot.

Poloi (pō'-lō-ā'i), v. 1. To send orders for one to come. 2. To impart information.

Poloiia (pō'-lō-ā'i-ī'a), adj. [Passive of poloi.] Commanded to appear; summoned; invited.

Polohanaole (pō'-lō-hā'-nā-ō'-le), n. A woman who will not work but lives upon her husband's earnings.

Polohiwa (pō'-lō-hī'-wā), adj. Dark; black, as a black cloud; shining black.

Polohiwa (pō'-lō-hī'-wā), n. 1. A shining black cloud. 2. A shiny dark or black color.

Polohua (pō'-lō-hū'-a), n. The fruit of the popolo which was eaten in time of scarcity; popolo berries.

Polohuku (pō'-lō-hū'-ku), n. [Mod.] A boat hook.

Polohuku (pō'-lō-hū'-ku), v. 1. To be large and plump. 2. To abound in resources; rich; prosperous.

Poloka (pō'-lō-kā'), n. A ripe bunch of the hala fruit, especially the lower end of the bunch.

*Ka pololu, poloka, o iki halale,
Na hue maka moku kapā, e ka ua,
Na hakakae nawali i ka ua ehe.*

Polokanikuamauna (pō'-lō-kā'-ni-kū'-ā-māu-na), n. 1. A species of locust, also called pololeikanikuamauna. 2. The note of a forest cricket.

Polokawae (pō'-lō-kā-wā'e), n. 1. The result of long sickness; a grad-

ual wasting away; a pining sickness. 2. A spear made for spearing fish.

Poloke (pō'-lō-ke), adj. [Mod.] Peniless; destitute.

Poloke (pō'-lō-kē'), n. New, fresh food, just pounded up from taro. Also called pololei.

Poloke (pō'-lō-kē'), n. To be fresh, as new pounded poi: *ua poloke i ke kai ole ka loa*; said only of fresh poi. Same as pololei.

Pololei (pō'-lō-lē'i), adj. Straight; correct; accurate, in opposition to crooked, irregular or perverse.

Pololei (pō'-lō-lē'i), adv. Straightly; uprightly; certainly.

Pololei (pō'-lō-lē'i), n. 1. Uprightness; rectitude of conduct: *he pololei kona aoao*. 2. Fresh poi, a Kauai term: *miki pololei*.

Pololei (pō'-lō-lē'i), v. To be straight; to be correct, naturally or morally.

Pololeikanikuamauna (pō'-lō-lē'i-kā'-ni-kū'-ā-māu-na), n. A species of locust, called also polokanikuamauna.

Pololi (pō'-lō-li), adj. Having lately eaten nothing; hungry; *maona ole*, as distinguished from *maona*, full.

Pololi (pō'-lō-li), n. 1. That which sinks down in opposition to that which swells up. 2. Hunger; want of food; emptiness.

Pololi (pō'-lō-li), v. 1. To sink down with weakness from hunger. 2. To be attenuated or thin for want of food; hence, 3. To be hungry in opposition to being full.

Pololoa (pō'-lō-lō'a), v. To blunder; to act awkwardly; to miss the mark; to go astray.

Pololohua (pō'-lō-lō-hū'-a), n. One skilled in language.

Pololohuamea (pō'-lō-lō-hū'-ā-mē'-a), adj. 1. Green and far off, as the sea at a great distance. *Ke kai pololohuamea a Kane*, the dark and distant sea of Kane. 2. Dark; dense; heavy with clouds.

Pololu (pō'-lō-lū'), n. 1. A missile resembling the boomerang of Australia. It consisted of a shaft with cord and weight attachment. *Hina iho la ia no ka hihia i ka pololu*, he fell, being entangled by the pololu. 2. A valley in the dis-

- trict of Kohala on the island of Hawaii. 3. A long spear.
- Polona** (pō-lō'na), n. 1. Sickness at the stomach; nausea; vomiting. 2. Sense of fatigue; heaviness; sluggishness.
- Polopea** (pō'lo-pe'a), n. The stem of a bunch of young hala fruit.
- Polopolona** (pō'lō-pō-lō'na), adj. Mouldy; rancid; worm-eaten; hauna.
- Polopolona** (pō'lō-pō-lō'na), n. [Polona, nausea.] The offensive smell of a crowded, confined room; odor of vitiated air; musty smell.
- Polopoloua** (pō'lō-pō'lō-ū'a), n. A bunch of hala fruit still unripe, but growing; he polopea no Haa-lelea.
- Polouhiwa** (pō'lō'u-hī-wā), adj. Dark brown; deep blue; makue.
- Polu** (pō-lū'), n. [Mod.] Dark blue color.
- Polua** (pō-lū-ā'), n. Nausea.
- Polua** (pō-lū'a), n. Disturbance produced by conflicting currents of air or water; veering winds or tides.
- Poluea** (pō-lū-ē'a), n. 1. The sickness felt after intoxication; loss of appetite, etc. 2. Fullness after eating: a pau iho la kakou i ka luaī no ka nui loa o ka poluea, a poniuniu mai la na maka; nausea.
- Poluea** (pō-lū-ē'a), v. To be heavy; to be dull and stupid, as one coming out of a debauch.
- Poluhiluhi** (pō-lū'hī-lū'hī), adj. Dull, as a person just waking from sleep.
- Poluku** (pō-lū'ku), n. A slaughter; a destruction of many persons, as in battle.
- Poluku** (pō-lū'ku), v. [Po and luku, to slay in great numbers.] 1. To slay and destroy in great numbers, as in a battle; to make a slaughter of men or animals. Syn: Paluku. • 2. To turn over and over; to turn upside down.
- Polukuluku** (pō-lū-kū-lū'ku), v. To pound fine; to bruise small; to mash down flat.
- Poluluhi** (pō-lū-lū'hi), adj. [Po and luluhi, black and heavy, as clouds.] 1. Thick and heavy, as watery clouds hanging in the atmosphere; covering over; shady; foggy; dark; misty: po okea Hilo e poluluhi i ka ua. 2. Dull; stupid; inactive.
- Polumilumi** (pō-lū-mi-lū-mi), n. [Po and lumi, to gather together.] Act of assembling without order or method.
- Polumilumi** (pō-lū-mi-lū-mi), v. To be gathered up without regard to order; to be crowded or heaped together indiscriminately.
- Polumu** (pō-lū-mu), n. General name of trailing plants.
- Polunu** (pō-lū'nu), adj. Short; round; plump; large.
- Polunulunu** (pō-lū-nū-lū'nu), adj. Disorderly in the disposition of things; without method or order.
- Polupolu** (pō-lū-pō-lu), adj. Thick; fat; gross; heavy, as a very fleshy person; large, fat and weak, as a man; feeble, as one who has been sea-sick. See palupalu, weak.
- Poma** (pō'ma), n. [Mod., Lat.] An apple.
- Pomaikai** (pō-mā'i-ka'i), adj. Fortunate; successful; prosperous; happy; blessed; ka laka, ke kua-noono.
- Pomaikai** (pō-mā'i-ka'i), n. Good fortune; peace; quietness; enjoying what one desires; comfort; a blessing.
- Pomaikai** (pō-mā'i-ka'i), v. [Po, intensive, and maikai, handsome; good.] 1. To be fortunate; to be lucky. 2. To be successful in a pursuit. 3. To be happy; to be blessed; to enjoy peace; to be highly favored.
- Pomano** (pō-mā'no), n. [Po and mano, a dam.] A dam; barrier or embankment, usually made of stone or earth to control a current of water.
- Pomanomano** (pō-mā-nō-mā'no), n. [Po, night, and manomano, multitudinous; eternal.] 1. Excessive darkness; the name of the place where the wicked dwell forever in separation; eternal night; the Hawaiian hell, also called pokinikini and polioia. 2. Place where pointed or image-like clouds arise out of the sea. Syn: Popuakii.
- Pona** (pō'na), adj. Cut up in pieces; variegated with spots; spotted.

Pona (pō'-na), n. 1. The joints, as of the spine and the fingers; the spaces between the joints of bones. 2. That part of a stalk of sugar-cane which is between the joints. 3. Joints, as seen in sugar-cane or bamboo.

Pona (pō'-na), v. 1. To divide into joints or pieces. 2. To cut into parts; e pauku aku. 3. To show variegated spots, as places in the sea in a calm.

Ponaha (pō'-nā'-ha), adj. Round; circular, as a sore, a pit or a volcano.

Ponaha (pō'-nā'-ha), n. A circular clearing or open space in a forest; any spot that escapes injury amid general destruction, as a kipuka in a lava flow.

Ponaha (pō'-nā'-ha), v. To be in a circular form, as an arc of a circle, or the arm bent akimbo; as the legs when the knees are separated and the feet together; e o, e poepoe kanoa, e kae kanoa.

Ponahaiaua (pō'-nā'-ha'i-ā'u-a), adj. Circular.

Ponahaiaua (pō'-nā'-ha'i-ā'u-a), n. The half of a circle; a semi-circle: ponahaiaua ke kihi o ka moku.

Ponahanaha (pō'-nā'-hā-nā'-ha), adj. Round; circular, as the full moon.

Ponahanaha (pō'-nā'-hā-nā'-ha), v. [Ponaha, round.] To surround; be surrounded by something else: ponahanaha ka moku ma ka aina. Syn: Onahanaha.

Ponaho (pō'-nā'-ho), adj. Dark, as the gloom of a forest or a deep pit.

Ponahonaho (pō'-nā'-hō-nā'-ho), v. To be obscure. Syn: Powehiwehi.

Ponalo (pō'-nā'-lo), n. 1. The dying or drying up of potato tops, taro, etc.; he hoopulu e make ai ka ai. 2. The plant louse; blight.

Ponalonalo (pō'-nā'-lō-nā'-lo), adj. Obscure; dim; blurred.

Ponalonalo (pō'-nā'-lō-nā'-lo), v. To be dim, as the eyes.

Ponana (pō'-nā'-nā'), adj. Lame; sore from traveling; applied only to the calf of the leg.

Ponana (pō'-nā'-nā'), n. Dry land; barren land. Syn: Panoa.

Ponanonano (pō'-nā'-nō-nā'-no), adj. Obscure; not plainly seen; blurred; blotted out. Same as ponalonalo.

Ponapona (pō'-nā-pō'-na), adj. [Pona, a joint.] 1. Having many joints; divided up in small parts. 2. Variegated with spots.

Poni (pō'-ni), adj. 1. Of or pertaining to color, as colored cloth or garments: aahu poni uliuli. 2. Having the changeable colors of silk: lole poni, purple; lole poni mahana, the warm, sweet-scented (variegated) garments.

Poni (pō'-ni), adv. Suddenly; in an instant; without waiting: kaili poni ka make o ka puhi baka; kaili poni ka hanu. (Used only with kaili, as in kaili poni.)

Poni (pō'-ni), n. 1. A variety of taro with purple stalks. 2. Purple coloring matter. 3. A mixture of colors; purple; the light indistinct shades of colors in cloth. 4. The early dawn. 5. The anointing of a chief or god; ka hamo ana i ka mea ala i alii, i akua. 6. Ointment.

Poni (pō'-ni), v. 1. To besmear; to daub over. 2. To anoint; to consecrate by anointing, as a priest. 3. To rub over with some odoriferous matter; to cause a pleasant odor. 4. To be purple.

Poniho (pō'-nī'-ho), v. [Po and niho, a tooth.] 1. To turn up; to turn off, that is, to uncover; to lay open what has been covered up; to separate the lips from the teeth.

Poniho Ino ka lae o Pipa,
Ahu wale ka ina uli, ka ina eleele.
Ka wana-ku ka wana-uhalula,
Ka hakakae akau kihi malama
O na-kakaka, i hauli pola e ke kai.

2. To bristle in a stiff manner, like cactus or the sea urchin, wana.

Poniniu (pō'-nī-nī'-u), n. 1. A turning; a circular motion, as of a wheel. 2. That motion which causes dizziness or a vertigo.

Poniniu (pō'-nī-nī'-u), v. [Poniu, to spin.] To turn round frequently; to walk by turning round.

Poniponi (pō'-nī-pō'-ni), adj. Mixing; mingling, as of different colors; mixing of different ingredients to make an odoriferous perfume; sweet smelling, as a perfume.

Poniponi (pō'-nī-pō'-ni), n. [Poni, coloring.] 1. The different but somewhat blended colors of

- changeable silk. 2. Tapa painted with different colors. 3. The early dawn, so called from its mixed colors; hence, 4. Purple.
- Poniu** (pō-nī'-u), n. 1. Dizziness of the head; vertigo. 2. A low creeping plant like the koali.
- Poniu** (pō-nī'-u), v. [Po and niu, coconut, out of which Hawaiians formerly made tops.] 1. To spin round like a top. Syn: Oniu. 2. To have a vertigo or dizziness.
- Poniuniu** (pō-nī'-ū-nī'-u), n. 1. A vertigo; a dizziness; a sickness. 2. Particularly, the sickness that follows intoxication. 3. Forgetfulness of recent events through disease of the brain. 4. Bewilderment; confusion; giddiness.
- Poniuniu** (pō-nī'-ū-nī'-u), v. [Poniu, to spin.] To turn like a top; to be dizzy; to be faint from hunger or weakness.
- Pono** (pō'-no), adj. 1. Good; right; lawful; acceptable; beautiful. 2. Possible; able; proper; fit: wa pono, a proper time.
- Pono** (pō'-no), adv. Used in various senses: 1. In qualifying verbs it signifies, well; rightly; truly; properly, etc. 2. As an intensive of the preceding verb; as: haka pono, to look at earnestly; ku pono, to stand opposite to.
- Pono** (pō'-no), n. 1. Goodness; uprightness; moral good; rectitude of conduct. 2. That which is right or excellent; abstract righteousness; excellency. 3. Duty; obligation; authority; custom; practice.
- Pono** (pō'-no), v. 1. To be good; to be right; to be just; to be morally upright. 2. To be blessed. 3. To be for the comfort or convenience of one. 4. To be well, that is, in bodily health. 5. To be avenged. (Pono is frequently used impersonally and also as an auxiliary verb before an infinitive, and signifies, it is right; it is proper; it ought; it may; it is worthy, etc. The form e pono ai or i pono ai is used very frequently; preceded by the word expressing the thing causing the favor or good or benefit: O ka naauao ka mea e pono ai ke aupuni: wisdom is a thing to bless a kingdom.)
- Ponohuku** (pō'-nō-hū'-ku), n., v. Same as polohuku.
- Ponoi** (pō'-nō-ī'), adj. Belonging peculiarly to one's self or itself, either of persons or things, ponoi may be rendered by the terms, own, self, only, etc.: Nau ponoi, for yourself exclusively; kau keiki ponoi, thine own child, in distinction from an adopted one; o ka makuakane ame kana keiki ponoi, the father and his own child; he poe kanaka ponoi nona, a company of people for himself, that is, at his disposal. No wai ia hale? no'u ponoi no, for whom is that house? It is for myself, that is, it is for my particular use, or it is my own in distinction from the claim of any one else.
- Ponoi** (pō'-nō-ī'), adv. Exclusively; particularly.
- Ponopono** (pō'-nō-pō'-no), adj. 1. Just; upright, correct. 2. Well off; comfortably wealthy. Syn: Lako.
- Ponopono** (pō'-nō-pō'-no), n. [Pono, that which is right.] 1. Judgment; a declaration of what is right; the practice of what is right. 2. That which is right in itself.
- Ponopono** (pō'-nō-pō'-no), v. [Pono, rightness.] To be right. The transitive form is hooponopono, to set right; to set in order; to correct.
- Ponuhu** (pō-nū'-hu), adj. 1. Having the appearance of a rising column, as a pillar of cloud. 2. Grand; spreading as an extensive landscape.
- Ponuhu** (pō-nū'-hu), n. Same as punohu.
- Ponuhu** (pō-nū'-hu), v. To rise like a column of smoke. See punohu.
- Ponulu** (pō-nū'-lu), v. [Po and nulu, to rise.] To rise and float off, as smoke; to send out or cause smoke or steam.
- Ponululu** (pō'-nū-lū'-lu), adj. Thick and short, as a bundle. Syn: Ponununu.
- Ponulunulu** (pō'-nū-lū-nū'-lu), adj. Large and loosely done up, as a bundle of materials more than the wrapper will contain.
- Ponununu** (pō'-nū-nū'-nu), adj. Short; not long; said of things; but not of time or space.

- Ponununu** (pō'-nū-nū'-nu), n. A large bunch or bundle of anything, as poi loosely bound up.
- Ponununu** (pō'-nū-nū'-nu), v. To be short and thick; to be clumsy.
- Poo** (po'o), n. (Takes the article ke.) 1. The head; the summit; ke poo o ka mauna, the top of the mountain. 2. The head of a person; the seat of thought; the seat of the intellectual powers. 3. A head, guide or leader. 4. A slight depression on the surface. 5. A dimple.
- Poo** (po'o), v. 1. To dip down into the water; to stir up or trouble water, as in bathing, or as a hog in rooting under water. 2. To add; to join on; to join the ends. 3. To do with the head, that is, to do "headwork;" e hanaia ka mea akamai e na mea poo noonoo. 4. To dig; to dig deep down. 5. To form a passageway through or into. 6. To cause to dip as the longitudinal stick of the outrigger of a canoe (ama), in order to cause it to sink.
- Poeē** (pō'-ō'-ē'-ē'), n. Same as poee and poeae, the armpit.
- Pooheepali** (po'o-he'e-pā'-li), n. Sudden death; unexpected or accidental death.
- Poohina** (po'o-hī'-na), adj. Gray haired; gray with age.
- Poohina** (po'o-hī'-na), n. 1. The gray hairs of an aged person. 2. A gray haired person.
- Poohina** (po'o-hī'-na), v. [Poo, head, and hina, gray.] To be gray headed.
- Poohiwi** (po'o-hī'-wī), adj. Of or pertaining to the shoulder.
- Poohiwi** (po'o-hī'-wī), n. [Poo, top, and hiwi, to diminish; a diminishing point.] 1. The sharp top of anything. 2. The shoulder: Hoo-lei i ke kapa ulaula ma kona poohiwi, they cast the red (royal) tapa upon his shoulders. 3. The point of union of the upper arm bone with the shoulder blade; he hookuina lewa o ka iwi uluna me ka iwi hoehoe ma kela aoao ma keia aoao.
- Pooholewa** (po'o-ho'o-lē'-wā), n. [Poo, the head, and hoolewa, to bear or carry.] A very high chief, who was always carried by the people.
- Poohou** (po'o-hō'u), n. [Mod. Poo, head, and hou, new.] The character used in writing or printing to designate a new subject or paragraph (§).
- Poohu** (po'o-hū'), n. A wound, particularly if swollen; a bruise.
- Poohu** (po'o-hū'), v. To sing; to sound, as a bell or any other resonant material.
- Poohuai** (po'o-hū'-a'i), n. Neuralgic pain in the head.
- Poohuku** (po'o-hū'-ku), n. [Poo, head; huku, projecting.] 1. The top point of a hillock, ridge or mound. 2. The sharp tops of the ridges of a file or rasp.
- Poohuna** (po'o-hū'-na), n. Appellation of one of the malignant gods; he wahahee maoli kekahi akua, ua kapaia he Poohuna i ke aouli, he wahahee ke ano oia inoa.
- Pookaēo** (po'o-kā-ē'o), n. Oblique inclination of the head and shoulders; a leaning sideways, as one carrying a heavy weight.
- Pookaēo** (po'o-kā-ē'o), v. To be bent laterally; to be lopsided.
- Pookela** (po'o-kē'-la), adj. More excellent; exceeding; better; a lilo ai kakou i pookela maluna o na holoholona, that we may become more excellent than (above) the brutes.
- Pookela** (po'o-kē'-la), n. 1. A chief; a prince or chief among men. 2. A superior either by birth or by great exploits; the greatest person among a number of persons. 3. Official dignity or insignia.
- Pookela** (po'o-kē'-la), v. [Poo, head, and kela, to excel.] To excel; to be or act as chief; to be put in charge.
- Pookeokeo** (po'o-ke'o-ke'o), adj. [Poo, head, and keo, white.] White headed; bald headed; applied to an aged person.
- Pookeokeo** (pō'-ō'-kē'-ō'-kē'-o), n. Same as pokeokeo. Prosperity; success.
- Pookeokeo** (po'o-kē'-ō'-kē'-o), v. To be prosperous in business; to be successful in an enterprise. Syn: Pokeokeo.
- Pookepa** (po'o-kē'-pa), n. [Poo, head, and kepa, sideways; edgewise.] 1. The hair cut so as to be made to stand in an unnatural manner. 2. A part of the hair cut and a part left standing. 3. A one-sided

- head. (It was customary among Hawaiians in mourning for the loss of friends, to cut their hair in fantastic shapes as a sign of sorrow.)
- Pookoi** (po'o-ko'i), n. [**Poo**, head, and **koi**, an axe.] 1. A person having a sharp or projecting forehead. Such persons were supposed to have the power of using the *pule anaana*, that is, of praying people to death. 2. A person lacking good sense.
- Pookoi** (po'o-ko'i), v. To envy; to show displeasure at the prosperity of another.
- Pookoia** (po'o-ko'i-i'a), n. One who is envied on account of his riches.
- Pookoia** (po'o-ko'i-i'a), v. To be envied on account of one's riches, prosperity, rank, honor, etc.
- Pookuakea** (po'o-kū-ā-kē'a), adj. [**Poo**, head, **kua**, back, and **kea**, white.] White-haired; bald-headed. Syn: *Pookeokeo*.
- Poola** (po'o-lā'), n. 1. The young of the mullet. 2. A stevedore; longshoreman. (Said to be so called because he works with his head (**poo**) bare to the sun (**la**).
- Poolapalapa** (po'o-lā'-pā-lā'-pa), n. [**Poo**, head, and **lapalapa**, cornered.] A square head; a head with many angular points.
- Poolelo** (pō-ō-lē-lo), n. [**Po** and **olelo**, the chief speech.] The man who makes the best bargain in trading.
- Poolopu** (pō-ō-lō-pū'), n. 1. A blister; a rising of the skin. 2. The swelling up of cloth when thrown into the water; anything light and filled with air. Syn: *Oolopu* and *oolapu*.
- Poolua** (pō-ō-lū'a), adj. 1. Of a double meaning or sense. 2. Sinful; adulterous; spurious.
- Poolua** (pō-ō-lū'a), n. [**Poo**, head, and **lua**, two.] 1. A child who has two fathers; a nominal and a real one. 2. A child born out of wedlock; a bastard.
- Pooluluhi** (po'o-lū-lū'-hi), adj. Same as *poluluhi*.
- Poomaunu** (po'o-mā'u-nu), n. The remainder of bait after fishing.
- Poomuku** (po'o-mū'-ku), v. To be cut off; to be shortened; to be too short.
- Pooniuniu** (po'o-nī'-ū-nī'-u), n. [**Poo**, head; (**o**) **niu**, to whirl.] Same as *poniuniu*, dizziness; vertigo.
- Poonoo** (po'o-no'o), adj., n. Same as *poonoonoo*.
- Poonoonoo** (po'o-no'o-no'o), adj. Thinking; reflecting; using the mental powers.
- Poonoonoo** (po'o-no'o-no'o), n. 1. Thought; reflection; the act of reflecting. 2. A person skilled in thinking; one taught to think.
- Poolelo** (po'o-ō-lē-lo), n. [**Poo**, head, and **olelo**, speech.] The title of a discourse; the text of a sermon: *Aia kana poolelo ma ka Oihana*, his text was in Acts.
- Poopaa** (po'o-pa'a), n. [**Poo**, head, and **paa**, hard.] A fish, a variety of *oopu*. Called also *oopukai*.
- Poopalaoa** (po'o-pā-lā'-ōa), n. A very small, white sea shell.
- Poophonono** (po'o-pō'-nō-pō'-no), n., v. Same as *hoophonono*.
- Poopoo** (po'o-po'o), adj. Deep, as a hole dug in the ground; a deep pit; sunken, as the eyes of a sick person: *poopoo hoi na maka iloko lilo*, their eyes were set deep within.
- Poopoo** (po'o-po'o), n. Depth; a deep place.
- Poopoo** (po'o-po'o), v. 1. To be deep; to be lower down; to be sunk in. 2. To be deep down, as a pit dug deeply: *E hōea aku ai i ka lua nui, i poopoo nahonaho*.
- Poopuaa** (po'o-pū'-a'a), n. [**Poo**, head; **puaa**, a pig.] One of the wooden gods in a *heiau* or temple whose head resembled that of a hog: a like me ke *poopuaa* ke kii, ua kapaia kela kii he puaa kukui ka inoa.
- Poopuali** (po'o-pū'-ā'-li), n. [**Poo**, head, and **puali**, binding.] The depression or slight hollow on the crown of the head.
- Poopuu** (po'o-pu'u), n., v. [**Poo**, head, and **puu**, a hillock.] 1. The top of a hillock or mound. Syn: *Poohuku*. 2. A mischief-maker; a quarrelsome person.
- Pouu** (pō-ō'u), n. A fish (*Cheilinus hexagonatus*), of a reddish color, similar in character to the *huli* and *ea*.
- Powwai** (po'o-wā'i), n. [**Poo**, head, and **wai**, water.] A fountain head

- of water: o ke kahiko poowai o ka a lkua.
- Popahi** (pō'-pā'-hi), n. A small man or woman.
- Pope** (pō'-pe'), n. [Mod.] The head of the Roman Catholic church; ke kahuna nui o ka Ekalesia Roma.
- Popilikia** (pō'-pī'-lī-kī'-a), adj. Distressing; afflictive; difficult.
- Popilikia** (pō'-pī'-lī-kī'-a), n. [Po, intensive, and pilikia, close together.] 1. Want of room. 2. The want of something necessary for a particular pursuit. 3. Difficulty; distress; tribulation. 4. Oppression; designed vexation.
- Popilikia** (pō'-pī'-lī-kī'-a), v. To be distressed; to be overtaken by disaster or misfortune.
- Popo** (pō'-pō), adj. Same as popopo. Rotten; decayed; moth eaten.
- Popo** (pō'-pō'), adv. Shortened form of apopo, to-morrow: Popo hoao. Laieik. p. 128.
- Popo** (pō'-pō'), n. 1. A ball of an oval shape. 2. Any mass of a round or oval shape: popo berena, a loaf of bread.
- Popo** (pō'-pō), n. The rot in timber or vegetables; worm dust; the rust of metals. (Iak. 5:3.) See
- Popo** (pō'-pō), v. To be rotten.
- Popo** (pō'-pō'), v. 1. To gather up, as one takes up a child in the arms. 2. To make a thing round.
- Popoai** (pō'-pō'-ā'i), n. A bunch or bundle of cooked and pounded ai, that is, food; usually poi.
- Popoai** (pō'-pō'-ā'i), v. To surround; to make a circle. Syn: Poai.
- Popoberena** (pō'-pō'-bē-rē'-na), n. [Mod. Popo, an oval ball, and berena (Eng.), bread.] A loaf of bread. Syn: Popopalaoa.
- Popoe** (pō'-pō'-e), v. Same as popohe, to blossom.
- Popohe** (pō'-pō'-he), adj. Neat, beautiful in form; trim; clean; elegant. Syn: Ui.
- Popohe** (pō'-pō'-he), v. To bud; to put forth blossoms.
- Popoi** (pō'-pō'i), n. 1. A bung; a stopper for any orifice. 2. The action of the surf on approaching the shore, when it rises high and breaks with roaring noises; combing of the surf.
- Popoi** haki kauholo,
Kahela ka nalu o ka pae laahala.
- Popoi** (pō'-pō'i), v. [Poi, to cover.] 1. To cover; to cover up, as a vessel or container; to stop, as with a bung. 2. To overwhelm, as water; to come upon suddenly, as a cold breeze: ia manawa, popoi mai la ke anu i ka aha lealea.—Laieik. p. 121. 3. To rise up against, as a robber against a traveler; to fall upon.
- Popoiwi** (pō'-pō'-ī-wī), n. A corner of a wall; a turning place; the corner of a room or any point where converging lines meet.
- Popoki** (pō'-pō'-ki), adj. Short and thick in opposition to long and slender.
- Popoki** (pō'-pō'-ki), n. 1. A species of crab. Called also pikipiki.
- Popoki** (pō'-pō'-ki), n. A cat. (Popoki applies to that which is short and thick; and a cat is so called from its plump, short, thick head. Another explanation is that popoki is the Hawaiian pronunciation of "poor Pussy," heard from the first white settlers.
- Popokiki** (pō'-pō'-kī-kī'), adj. Angry; malignant; filled with spite. Used figuratively.
- Popoli** (pō'-pō'-li), adj. [Poli, a hollow.] Arched or curving over, as a leaning precipice; warped inward, as a board.
- Popolimu** (pō'-pō'-lī'-mu), n. The moss that grows on stones, especially on the mountains where there is much rain.
- Popolo** (pō'-pō'-lo), n. 1. A shrub (*Solanum aculeatissimum*) bearing scarlet berries. 2. A plant (*Solanum nodiflorum*). The natives eat the berries. Syn: Olohua. 3. An undershrub. (*Phytolacca brachystachys*) with dark blue berries.
- Popolohua** (pō'-pō'-lō'-hū'-a), adj. Blue; dark, as the sky above on a clear day: Puka mai kona hemo-lele mai loko mai o na ao popolohua, His glory appears in the dark clouds.
- Popolona** (pō'-pō'-lō'-na), adj., n. Same as polopolona.
- Popolu** (pō'-pō'-lu), n. Same as popoulu, a variety of banana: Eia na maia a Papa e ai ai, o ka popolu, o ka iholena ame ka niuhiwa, these are the bananas of which Papa may eat, the popolu, etc.

- Poponi** (pō-pō-ni), adj. Purple; dark; of ashen color.
- Poponi** (pō-pō-ni), v. To turn purple or dark, as through fear or cold.
- Popopalaoa** (pō-pō-pā-lā-ō-a), n. [Mod. **Popo**, ball, and **palaoa** (Eng.), flour.] A cake or loaf of bread. Syn: **Popoberena**.
- Popopo** (pō-pō-po), adj. Rotten; decayed.
- Popopo** (pō-pō-po), n. [**Popo**, rot.] 1. The rot in timber and vegetables. 2. Corruption; decay. 3. The offal of worms.
- Popopono** (pō-pō-pō-no), adj. Very good; very right; well done; blessed; profited.
- Popopono** (pō-pō-pō-no), v. [Intensive of **pono**.] To be put right; to be correct; to be justified.
- Popoulu** (pō-pō-ū-lu), n. A variety of the banana plant.
- Popounohonia** (pō-pō-ū-nō-hō-nī-a), v. Same as **poupounohonio**.
- Popuakii** (pō-pū-ā-ki-i), n. The places where pointed clusters of clouds arise out of the ocean.
- Popuali** (pō-pū-ā-li), v. [**Puali**, to bind.] To girdle round; to tie up tightly; to reduce to small dimensions. Syn: **hoopuali**.
- Popuali** (pō-pū-ā-li), n. Same as **poopuali**.
- Pou** (pō-u), n. 1. Post; column used as a support. 2. Mast of a canoe: e hanaia i paa, a kukuluia ka pou ma ka waa, e hanaia ka pou i ke kaula mai luna a lalo.
- Pouda** (pō-u-da), n. [Eng.] Powder; gun-powder. The original Hawaiian name for powder is **onea**, burning sand. Also called **wai-pahu**. The word is also written **pauda** and **paula**.
- Pouhana** (pō-u-hā-nā'), n. [**Pou**, a post.] The long end post of a house to which the ridge pole is fastened.
- Pouhanuu** (pō-u-hā-nu'u), adj. [**Pou**, a post, and **hanuu**, short protuberances.] Short; round; broken in short pieces. Syn: **Poupou**.
- Pouhia** (pō-u-hī-a), v. Same as **pauhia**.
- Pouhio** (pō-u-hī-ō'), n. [**Pou**, post, and **hio**, slanting.] The corner post of a house; posts that lean.
- Pouhu** (pō-ū-hu), adj. Unhandsome; homely; ugly, as the countenance.
- Pouhu** (pō-ū-hu), n. The shell-fish **leho**; a small cowrie.
- Poukihi** (pō-ū-ki-hi), n. [**Pou**, post, and **kihi**, corner.] The corner post of a Hawaiian house.
- Poukiuki** (pō-ū-ki-ū-ki), v. [**Po**, intensive, and **ukiuki**, wet; moldy.] 1. To be wet; to be damp and cold; to be mildewed; hence, 2. To smell musty; to be bad smelling.
- Pouku** (pō-ū-kū'), n. The cleats which support the seats of a canoe. Often incorrectly called **pauku**.
- Poule** (pō-ū-le), n. The stamen of the male flower of the breadfruit. Syn: **Pouleulu**.
- Pouleulu** (pō-ū-lō-ū-lu), n. Same as **poule**, the stamen of the breadfruit.
- Pouli** (pō-ū-li), adj. Dark; obscure.
- Pouli** (pō-ū-li), n. Darkness; want of light; night; moral darkness; ignorance; generally expressed by **naaupo**.
- Pouli** (pō-ū-li), v. [**Po**, night, and **uli**, black; dark.] 1. To be or become dark, as night. 2. To be disconsolate or sad; spoken of the effects of unrequited love; Aole loa ia ia ka ono o ka ai, no ka mea, ua pouli i ke aloha, she perceived no sweetness in food; because she was in a dark state through love. *Laielik*, p. 205.
- Pouliuli** (pō-ū-li-ū-li), adj. [Intensive of **pouli**.] Very dark.
- Poulu** (pō-ū-lu), n. Bark of the **mamaki** from which a species of **tapa** was made.
- Pouna** (pō-ū-na), n. [Eng.] 1. A pound in weight. 2. A pound in money; twenty shillings.
- Pounakau** (pō-u-nā-kā'u), n. A balance for weighing; scales.
- Pounakaulike** (pō-u-nā-kā'u-lī'ke), n. [Mod.] A balance and the concave dishes that hold the weights.
- Pouanahua** (pō-u-nā-nā-hū-a), n. 1. A certain post in a **heiau** or temple near the door. 2. Name of the two posts at the entrance of a temple to which the **aha** or **tabu** cord is fastened.

- Pouomanu** (pō'u-ō'-mā'-nu), n. 1. Name of an ancient deity. 2. Post set to designate the place of a human sacrifice.
- Pououo** (pō-ū'o-ū'o), n. A net trimmed with the floats (pikoi).
- Poupou** (pō'u-pō'u), adj. Short of stature; low; short generally. (This word should not be confounded with poopoo, which means deep down.)
- Poupouana** (pō'u-pō'u-ā'-na), n. Name of a prayer at the luakini: o Poupouana ka inoa oia aha.
- Poupounohonio** (pō'u-pō'u-nō'-hō-ni'o), n. 1. Falsehood; evil reports to the injury of one. 2. One who spreads evil reports; a slanderer.
- Powa** (pō'-wā'), n. A robber; a highwayman; a murderer.
- Powa** (pō'-wā'), v. To rob; to kill; to kill and rob.
- Powehi**. (pō'-wē'-hi), v. [Po and wehi, darkly.] 1. To see indistinctly. 2. Fig. To have a feeble or indistinct knowledge of a thing.
- Powehiwehi** (pō-wē'-hī-wē'-hi), adj. Dark; obscure to the sight; seeing indistinctly; knowing but little; not distinctly manifest: he powehiwehi ko ke kanaka aloha.
- Powehiwehi** (pō-wē'-hī-wē'-hi), n. 1. Obscure vision; twilight. 2. Fig. Indistinct ideas of a truth or fact.
- Powehiwehi** (pō-wē'-hī-wē'-hi), v. [Intensive of powehi.] 1. To grow dim; applied to the eyes. To be weak sighted. 2. To have obscure and indistinct ideas of a thing. 3. To be obscure; to be uncertain: o ka moolelo kahiko loa, ua powehiwehi ia.
- Poweko** (pō'-wē'-ko), v. To be skillful or eloquent in conversation: e poweko, e akamai i ke kamailio. Syn: Poeko.
- Pu** (pū), adv. 1. Together with; along with; in company with; ku pu, to stand together; ua hele pu laua, they went together. 2. Just: like pu, just alike.
- Pu** (pū), n. 1. A conch; a shell; a horn; a trumpet; anything that would make a loud noise by blowing into it; na pu kiwi hipa ehiku, seven trumpets of rams' horns. 2. Anything that would make an explosive noise; a gun, pistol or firelock: na kanaka ame na pu kau poohiwi he nui loa, people and guns carried on the shoulders, a great many. 3. A musical instrument made by twisting a ti leaf: pu lai. Laieik. p. 78. 4. The upright projection fore and aft of a canoe. 5. The coil of hair on a woman's head. 6. Pumpkin; squash. Called also ipupu. 7. Same as puhee, head of the squid. 8. Cord used in the game of puhenehene.
- Pu** (pū), v. 1. To come forth from; to come out of, as words out of the mouth; to draw out or move off, as a canoe from the place where it was dug out: alaila hele mai ke kahuna e pu ia ka waa. 2. To blow or spray water from the mouth. 3. To play the game of pukaula.
- Pua** (pū'-a), n. 1. A blossom; a flower; a carving in imitation of a flower. 2. The upper part of the sugar-cane when it blossoms, called pua ko, which was used for arrows by children in the game of hoolei pua; hence, 3. An arrow for shooting. 4. A hardwood tree (*Osmanthus sandwicensis*) that furnished the wood for spears used in fishing. Also called ulupua and olopua. 5. A contraction of Kahiliopua; the name of a goddess, the sister of Kalaipahoa. She came with him and Kapo from a foreign country, and they entered certain trees. 6. Spear made of wood of the pua tree and used in spearing fish. 7. The fry of certain varieties of fish. 8. Posterity; descendants. (Laieik. p. 181.) 9. A derangement of mind, said to be the result of possession by the goddess Pua or Kahiliopua. 10. A float or buoy: A pae pu mai a hiki laua (mau mea heenalua) mauka, e lana ana kekahi mouo, ua kapaia kela mea he pua. 11. A signal set on a beach to guide swimmers.
- Pua** (pū'-ā), n. 1. A collection of things bound together, as fagots, grass, etc. 2. A collection of animals, said only of ruminants.

- Pua** (pū'a), v. 1. To blossom, as a plant; to put forth blossoms. To bud, as fruit or flowers. 2. To be derived from; to be the outcome of. 3. To appear at a distance; to rise up, as small quantities of smoke in columns.
- Pua** (pū'a'), v. 1. To feed out of the mouth, as pigeons feed their young. (In this way Hawaiians fed their pets or favorite animals.) 2. To tie up in bundles; to bind in bundles, as sheaves of grain. To tie in bundles, as the bones of the dead: a paa kona mau iwi i ka puaia, when his bones were tied up.
- Pua** (pu'a), v. 1. To bear; to carry. 2. To besiege, as in taking a city. 3. To cut in an oblique direction.
- Puaa** (pū'ā-ā'), adj. Dispersed as if by fright; scattered in confusion.
- Puaa** (pū'a'a), n. 1. A hog; a swine; the flesh of a hog. (The hog was found indigenous, when the Islands were visited by Captain Cook. It probably was brought by the early Polynesian voyagers.) 2. An unclean bird, puaa ilioli, rendered in English, bittern. Mentioned in the Bible.
- Puaa** (pū'ā-a), n. [Used in the Hawaiian translation of the Scriptures.] A bird of the heron family.
- Puaa** (pū'ā-ā'), v. [Intensive of pua, to tie up in bundles.] 1. To gird tightly; to tie a number of things into a single parcel. 2. To flee in disorder; to be dispersed, said of crowds when scattered in fright.
- Puaahaha** (pū'a'a-hā'ha), v. To call out; to call to some one; to make a vociferous noise.
- Puaahea** (pū'a'a-he'a), n. The last or second hog sacrificed on a certain occasion: kalua kekahi puaa, he puaahea ka inoa; the hog sacrificed in the second order or act of a sacrificial ceremony.
- Puaaholehole** (pū'ā-ā-hō'lē-hō'le), n. The young of the fish ahole or aholehole.
- Puaakumulau** (pū'a'a-kū'mū-lā'u), n. 1. A woman whose husband had gambled her away with all his property. 2. An elderly abandoned woman.
- Puaanae** (pū'ā-ā-nā'e), n. The young mullet; school of small mullet.
- Puaaohi** (pū'a'a-ō'hi), n. A young pig that has not farrowed.
- Puaapipi** (pū'a'a-pī-pi), n. A name applied to the first cattle brought to the Islands by Captain Vancouver: Ua mahaloia kela poe pipi e ko Hawaii, a ua kapaia aku ka inoa he puaapipi, Those cattle were admired by the Hawaiians and they called them cattle-hog.
- Puaawa** (pū'ā-ā-wā), n. The young of the awa fish.
- Puaawaawa** (pū'ā-ā-wā-ā-wā), adj. Suffering for lack of food; hungry.
- Puahanui** (pū'ā-hā-nū-i), n. 1. A small tree (Broussaisia arguta). Also called kanawao. 2. A tree also called akiahala. 3. A plant of the mallow family, also called kanawau; the hollyhock.
- Puahau** (pū'ā-hā'u), n. [Pua, blossom, and hau, name of a tree.] A hau blossom; the blossom of the hau tree.
- Puaheahea** (pū'ā-hē'ā-hē'a), n. A soft, gentle breeze.
- Puaheahea** (pū'ā-hē'ā-hē'a), v. To blow softly.
- Puahi** (pū'ā'hi), v. To do quickly; to be spry.
- Puahiahi** (pū'ā-hī-ā'hi), n. A foreign flower, the four-o'clock: i kuu ike ana i ka puahiahi mohala mai la.
- Puahilo** (pū'ā-hī-lo), n. A fine, slender appearance; no ka puahilo ana o ka mahina, on account of the slender appearance of the (new) moon.
- Puahilo** (pū'ā-hī-lo), v. 1. To be small; to be fine; to be slender, as a thread of a spider's web; e nawali e like me he puna-welewele la. 2. To exhibit a fine slender appearance, as the new moon.
- Puahilohilo** (pū'ā-hī-lō-hī-lo), n. 1. The scaly appearance of the scarf-skin. 2. The breaking or cracking of the skin from some disease. 3. The cuticle which peels from the skin of new born children.
- Puahifohilo** (pū'ā-hī-lō-hī-lo), v. To break up fine; to crack; to chap or break, as the human skin.

- Puahio** (pū'ā-hī'o), v. 1. To come and go suddenly; to arrive, as a person, and start off again quickly. 2. To pass quickly, as a violent gust of wind.
- Puahiohio** (pū'ā-hī'ō-hī'o), n. A whirlwind; he mau makani ku elua e ume ana i ka opala iluna.
- Puahuku** (pū'ā-hū'ku), n. A word used in abusive language; ke pii la oe i puahuku, blackguarding a rival. A word used by the successful party to express contempt of his rival.
- Puahulu** (pū'ā-hū'lu), n. A sudden start; an affright; the doing a thing quickly and without much thought or reflection.
- Puahulu** (pū'ā-hū'lu), v. To hasten; to get ready quickly; to prepare suddenly; to be in a fluster. Syn: Pupuahulu.
- Puai** (pū'ā'i), n. [Contraction of puu, a bunch, and ai, neck.] The projection formed by the thyroid cartilage in the inside of the neck; the Adam's apple.
- Puai** (pū'ā'i), v. 1. To invite to eat with another or with others: Mai kakou e puai, Come and eat with us.
- Puai** (pū'a'i), v. 1. To flow out of, as blood from a vein; as water from a fountain. 2. To proceed from one; to fall from one, as an expression, an idea, or as something said. To flow from the mouth, as the words of an orator: a puai mai la ka leo ku e. 3. To gag; to heave; to vomit. 4. To cast up; to boil up, as water from a spring. 5. Fig. To throw out, as sin from the heart.
- Puaia** (pū'āi-ā'), v. To blow gently, as wind; used on the island of Hawaii the same as onini on Maui.
- Puailima** (pū'ā-i-lī'ma), n. 1. The fry of the mullet, also called oolola.
- Puailima** (pū'ā-i-lī'ma), n. 1. The flower of the ilima. 2. A Hawaiian cathartic medicine.
- Puainawele** (pū'ā-i-nā-wē'le), adj. Very small; very fine; thin like spiders' webs.
- Puainawele** (pū'ā-i-nā-wē'le), v. To reduce to fineness; to make small or fine.
- Puakaaka** (pū'ā-ka-ā-ka), v. 1. To tie up small; to tie up in a small compass. 2. To work hard without reward; to be unfortunate. Syn: Pauakaaka.
- Puakai** (pū'ā-kā'i), n. 1. A dye for coloring red; he wai hooluu ula-ula. 2. Hair of the head that has been colored white; he lauhō i hookeokeo ia.
- Puakai** (pu-ā-ka'i), n. A group or company of leaders or travelers.
- Puakaiaulu** (pū'ā-kā'i-ā-ū'lu), n. The name of a wind; a light, gentle breeze; a light breeze of the trade wind.
- Puakaioe** (pū'ā-kāi-o'e), n. [Pua, flower, and kaioe, a plant.] A blossom of the kaioe, a twining plant of the convolvulus family.
- Puakala** (pū'ā-kā-la), n. [Pua, flower, and kala, rough.] 1. A thorny shrub, he laau oioi. 2. An erect annual with spiny leaves (*Argemone mexicana*). 3. A thistle.
- Puakea** (pū'ā-kē'a), adj. Pale; wanting color.
- Puakea** (pū'ā-kē'a), n. Color tint between pink and white.
- Puakea** (pū'ā-kē'a), v. To spread out, as the sails of a vessel; to enlarge: ka ua puakea o Hana.
- Puakeawe** (pū'a-ke-a-we), n. A shrub (*Cyathodes tameiameia*). Called also maieli.
- Puaki** (pū'ā-kī'), adj. 1. Light; swift in running; active. 2. Thin; spare; famished; poor in flesh, as a person; he kanaka wiwi.
- Puaki** (pū'ā-kī'), n. Flower of the ki (ti) plant.
- Puaki** (pū'ā-ki), v. 1. To be stingy; to be close; to treat without compassion; to be unsocial. 2. To be suspicious; to distrust; to think or speak evil of.
- Puakii** (pū'ā-ki'i), n. 1. An image for idol worship. 2. A cloud resembling an image or a picture. He opuakii, he ao opuakiikii.
- Puakii** (pū'ā-ki'i), v. To take without right; to go wrong; to do wrong.
- Puako** (pū'ā-kō'), n. The top and blossom including the leaves, of sugar-cane: oia no ka malama e owili ai ka puako.
- Puako** (pū-ā-kō), n. A village on the coast of Kawaihae, Hawaii.
- Puakoli** (pu'ā-kō-lī'), n. Flower of the koli or castor oil plant.

- Puala** (pū-ā'-la), v. 1. To gather in and tie tightly; to collect and bind into a sheaf. 2. To be overcooked, as food; to be badly cooked.
- Pualau** (pū-ā-lā'u), v. To carry on the hips supported by the arms; e limalau, e puualu, e paapu.
- Pualawahi** (pū-ā-lā-wā'-hi), v. To divide into parts or spaces.
- Puale** (pū-ā'-le); n. Same as puali.
- Pualei** (pū-ā-le'i), n. The top leaf or branch of the tree when the lower ones are cut off; the extreme bud on a shoot.
- Pualena** (pū-ā-lē'-na), adj. Obscure, as water when one cannot see the bottom.
- Pualena** (pū-ā-lē'-na), n. The glimmering or first dawn of light in the morning: a wehe ke alaula, a pualena, a ao loa.
- Pualena** (pū-ā-lē'-na), v. To wander; to go about here and there; to be idle; to do nothing because no chief commands to work; to be lazy. Syn: Puana.
- Pualena** (pū-ā-lē'-na), v. To be muddy, as water; to want clearness: pualena ka moana, the ocean is dirty. Laieik. p. 163.
- Pualewa** (pū-a-lē'-wā), adj. 1. Unsettled; unfurnished; not established; often changing one's residence or employment. Hele a pualewa applies to travelers who find no place to lodge, no food, nothing comfortable. 2. Idle; loitering about without any fixed purpose.
- Pualewa** (pū-ā-lē'-wā), v. To be unfixed; to be unsettled, as an unsteady person; to go from place to place; to lack comforts.
- Puali** (pū-ā'-li), n. 1. A life guard. Laieik. p. 42. 2. A company of soldiers: Koi mai la na puali ia Kiwalao, The soldiers pressed upon Kiwalao; a company prepared for war and pursuing; an army; a host. 3. Fig. A great number; a host; puali o ka lani, the host of heaven, that is, the stars. 4. A circular cut. 5. An excavation through or around an embankment.
- Puali** (pū-ā'-li), v. [Pu and ali, a scar; a contraction of the skin.] 1. To gird round tightly; to draw in by binding tightly. 2. To be large and small in places, as a rope of uneven size; e pawali, e puaniki, e kualiali. 3. To be grooved or cut through.
- Puali** (pū-ā'-li), n. 1. A place compressed, that is, a small or diminished place between two larger ones. 2. An inclosing about; hence, 3. A neck of land almost surrounded by water; in geography, an isthmus. 4. The slender abdominal stalk part of a wasp. 5. Fig. A woman, from her being girded with a pa-u. 6. Anything girded tight and made small. 7. A malo, so called from its use.
- Pualiali** (pū-ā'-li-ā'-li), v. [Puali, to be uneven in size.] To be of irregular size, large and small.
- Pualii** (pū-ā'-li'i), n. The relatives of an alii or chief.
- Pualoalo** (pū-ā'-lō-ā'-lo), n. A tall species of hibiscus, also called kokioula (*Hibiscus kokio*).
- Pualu** (pū-ā'-lu), adv. Unitedly in action; unanimously in opinion: no ka hiki ole paha i na kanaka a pau ke malama pualu aku i ke aupuni.
- Pualu** (pū-ā'-lu), n. Co-operation; an acting in concert, as a great number of people working together.
- Pualu** (pū-ā'-lu), n. A surgeon-fish (*Hepatus guntheri*), widely distributed among the islands of the tropical Pacific.
- Pualu** (pū-ā'-lu), v. [Pu, together, and alu, to combine.] To work together; to combine in aid of one or of each other; to act in concert; to work like a multitude at one kind of business.
- Pualualu** (pū-ā'-lū-ā'-lu), adj. Loose; not fast, said of anything tied loosely.
- Pualualu** (pū-ā'-lū-ā'-lu), v. To be slack; to hang loosely as a rope.
- Puana** (pū-ā'-na), adj. Idle; lounging; unsteady; small; insignificant.
- Puana** (pū-ā'-na), n. 1. The signal or first words in beginning to recite or cantillate a mele. (The Hawaiians in chanting their mele or songs in ancient times, had a leader or chorister who commenced the recitation in so clear and distinct a manner, that, after the enunciation of two or three words, the whole company were able to

- join in chorus.) 2. The tone which makes the pronunciation plain. (According to the foregoing note, the puana must consist in a distinct enunciation, so that others may at once recognize the subject); hence, 3. The pronunciation of a word: Pehea ka puana? How is the pronunciation?
- Puana** (pū-ā'-na), v. 1. To crowd together in great numbers; to rush together, as soldiers in pursuit. 2. To surround, as an enemy; to encompass. 3. To sound the keynote of a mele; to act the part of a precentor or leader in singing; to commence a tune that others may follow. 4. To pronounce distinctly, as in uttering a word or sentence very plainly. 5. To be idle; to be lazy; to go from place to place without object. Syn: Auwana.
- Puanaana** (pū-ā'-nā-ā'-na), v. To swell and diminish frequently, as poorly made ropes; to be of irregular size. Syn: Pualiali.
- Puanaenae** (pū-ā'-na'e-na'e), n. Flower of the naenae plant (*Dubautia*); a flower growing on Kauai: he ako puanaenae no Waialoha.
- Puaneane** (pū-ā'-nē-ā'-ne), n. 1. A stage of extreme old age, when universal decay is coming on, and yet the person is free from pain or suffering: Ola a kau i ka puaneane. Syn: Kolopupu. 2. Hunger; a feeling of emptiness. 3. A world of light and life; he ao malama, he wahi e ola mau loa, a place to live forever. 4. Eternity.
- Puaneane** (pū-ā'-nē-ā'-ne), v. To live to extreme old age.
- Puanihi** (pū-ā'-nī'-hi), n. Young taro tops; the young taro; also called oninihi and pauanihi.
- Puaniki** (pū-ā'-nī'-ki), v. [*Pua*, to bind, and *niki*, tight.] To bind up in a small space; to bind tightly.
- Puaniu** (pū-ā'-nī'-u), n. 1. Tapa colored with the niu or coconut. 2. Flower of the coconut tree.
- Puanuanu** (pū-ā'-nū-ā'-nu), adj. Cold; chilly, as in foggy or damp weather.
- Puanuanu** (pū-ā'-nū-ā'-nu), v. [*Anu*, cold.] To be cold; to be damp and shivering; to be chilly.
- Puao** (pū-ā'-o), n. 1. The dashing of two or more waves that meet together; the place where a retreating wave meets one coming in in shallow water; also called koaka. 2. The os tincae or orifice of the womb.
- Puaohi** (pū-ā'-ō'-hi), n. Children whose father had gambled them away.
- Puaohi** (pū-ā'-ō'-hi), v. 1. To pledge or wager one's children. 2. To utter words without knowledge. 3. To be garrulous.
- Puaohi** (pū-ā'-ō'-hi), v. To talk idly; to tell tales about others; to repeat scandal.
- Puapilo** (pū-a-pī'-lo), n. Name on Kauai for a trailing shrub, called elsewhere maiapilo.
- Puapoo** (pū-ā'-po'o), n. [*Pua*, blossom, and *poo*, head.] 1. A head blossom, that is, the comb of a cock or other bird; a tuft of feathers on the head of a bird; i ka puapoo o ka mauu puukoa. 2. Flower of the puukoa.
- Puapu** (pū-ā'-pū'), n. Flower of the squash plant.
- Puapu** (pu-ā'-pu), n. A file. Syn: Apuapu.
- Puapua** (pu'a-pu'a), adj. Nauseous.
- Puapua** (pū-ā'-pū-ā'), n. [*Pua*, bundle.] A bundle of brush-wood, sticks or grass.
- Puapua** (pū-ā'-pū'-a), n. 1. The long tail feathers of a bird. 2. A streamer.
- Puapua** (pū-ā'-pū-ā'), v. 1. To force; to urge on; to compel. 2. To collect into bundles and bind.
- Puapua** (pū-ā'-pū'-a), v. 1. To hang down like the tail of an animal. 2. To project like the tail feathers of a cock.
- Puapua** (pū-ā'-pū-ā'), v. [*Puaa*, to bind tightly.] To gather up into a bundle, as fagots or sticks for kindling a fire.
- Puapuaa** (pū-ā'-pū-ā-ā'), n. A luminous cloud.
- Puapuaa** (pū-ā'-pu-ā-ā'), v. Collected; gathered together: me he ao puapuaa la ke aloha e kau nei, as a thick cloud love settles upon me. Laieik. p. 205.
- Puapuai** (pū-ā'-pū'-a'i), n. The ebullition of water; a spring or fountain of water.

- Puapuai** (pū'ā-pū'a'i), v. [**Puai**, to flow out.] To bubble or spring up, as water from a spring or fountain. Syn: Huahuai.
- Puapuaia** (pū'ā-pū'ā-i'a), adj. Collected and tied up in bundles; brought to a common point.
- Puapuala** (pū'ā-pū'ā-la), v. [**Puala**, to bind in sheaves.] To collect together in small heaps.
- Puapuamoa** (pū'ā-pū'ā-mō'a), n. [**Puapua**, tail feathers, and **moa**, a fowl.] 1. A long skirted coat. 2. The tail feather of a cock.
- Puapuawa** (pū'ā-pū'ā-wā), n. A long, thin shell out of which awa was drunk.
- Puauu** (pū'ā-u'u), n. Onanism.
- Puauu** (pū'ā-u'u), v. To masturbate.
- Puawa** (pū'ā-wā), n. [The Hawaiian pronunciation of guava.] 1. The guava tree and its fruit. 2. The young of the awa fish.
- Puawa** (pū'ā-wā), n. 1. The root of the awa plant; a small awa plant: he wahi puaa, he moa lawa, me ka puawa. 2. Bitterness; a bitter medicine.
- Puawaawa** (pū'ā-wā-ā-wā), n. Pandanus leaves prepared for wearing, as a cloak.
- Puawai** (pu'a-wā'i), n. 1. The spittle of one with a sore mouth. 2. A slobbering, dirty mouthed child. 3. Spray carried upward by the wind.
- Puawe** (pū'ā-wē), adj. Thin; soft; fine, like the threads of a spider's web. Syn: Kuweluwelu.
- Puaweawe** (pū'ā-wē-ā-wē), n. Thinness; fineness; smallness.
- Pue** (pu'e), n. 1. A round heap of dirt or mud for planting taro or potatoes; a potato hill. 2. Meeting of opposite currents of water. Syn: Puewai.
- Pue** (pū'e), v. To be chilled, as one shaking with cold.
- Pue** (pu'e), v. 1. To thrust, as with a spear; to make an attack, as in battle; to make an onset. 2. To crowd on; to gain what is another's; to force; to compel; A lohe no kanaka, ua make kekahi alii, pue lakou e kaula, When the people heard that one of their chiefs was dead, they were urgent to fight; to urge: E pue analakou ia Kamehameha, they were urging Kamehameha. 3. To solicit strongly. 4. To manage so as to make it necessary for one to do a thing: A pue iho la o Poki ia Kaahumanu e kaula, Poki urged Kaahumanu to war, that is, he planned to make a war unavoidable. 5. To force; to compel, that is, to commit rape. 6. To make a round elevated hill, as in weeding out and hilling up potatoes.
- Puea** (pū'ē'a), n. The name of a god worshiped in the night; a god of torchlight fishermen; he akua kii Puela: Ma ia po ana iho, hoaiia ke ahi o Puela: maikai ka po o Puela. Quiet is the night of Puela.
- Pueeke** (pū'ē-ē-ke), v. To shorten; to cut off or cut short; to wrinkle up; to contract.
- Puehu** (pū'ē-hu), n. 1. A dispersion; a scattering; a flurry of wind when it strikes suddenly anything and puts in motion whatever cannot resist it, as small dust or bits of paper before the shake of a fan. 2. The remainder; the remnant of a thing; what is over and above.
- Puehu** (pū'ē-hu), v. 1. To blow away; to scatter; to disperse. 2. To be scattered, as dust or light substances by the wind. 2. To be routed, as an army. 3. To be scattered or separated, as a fleet of canoes in a storm.
- Puehuehu** (pū'ē-hū-ē-hu), adj. [**Puehu**, to scatter.] 1. Scattered; dispersed. 2. Rough; ragged, as the skin after drinking awa; mahuna ka ili, nakaka puehuehu inoino loa ke nana aku. 3. Small; fine, as dust; mealy.
- Pueia** (pu'e-i'a), v. [Passive of **pue**.] To be forced, compelled or urged to do a thing.
- Puekolea** (pu'ē-kō-lē'a), adj. Round and plump, as a kolea or plover.
- Puelehu** (pu'e-lē-hu), v. [**Pue**, to force, and **lehu**, ashes.] To push into the embers.
- Puelewa** (pu'e-lē-wā), adj. Going here and there; unsteady; unsettled.
- Puelewa** (pu'e-lē-wā), v. [**Pue** and **lewa**, swinging.] To be wandering about; to be unfixed; not settled.
- Pueo** (pū'ē-o), n. 1. An owl, he manu lele hihii. (The pueo was

- formerly worshiped as a god, one of the *poe akua mana*.) 2. A shroud of a ship. 3. The pole to which the uppermost ends of the rafters of the early Hawaiian house were lashed.
- Pueone** (pu'e-ō'ne), n. The place in the sea outside of where the surf breaks; also called *poana kai*.
- Puepue** (pu'e-pu'e), adj. Spherical.
- Puepue** (pu'e-pu'e), n. A rounded pile of earth in which plants are set.
- Puepue** (pu'e-pu'e), v. To draw earth together in small circular mounds; to hill, as in heaping earth around plants. Syn: *Apoapo*.
- Puepuehu** (pū'ē-pū'ē'hu), v. To be scattered; to be dispersed.
- Puepuelu** (pu'e-pu'e-lū'), adj. Powdery; mealy.
- Puewa** (pū'ē-wā), v. To float about; to be carried hither and thither by the wind or current and scattered. Syn: *Pulewa*.
- Puewai** (pu'e-wā'i), n. [*Pue*, to crowd, and *wai*, water.] The waves at the mouth of a stream as the stream rushes into the sea; disturbance created by opposing ocean currents.
- Puewale** (pu'e-wā'le), n. A rape; ravishment; assault.
- Puewale** (pu'e-wā'le), v. [*Pue*, to compel, and *wale*, without cause.] To ravish; to force, as a woman; to commit lewdness; to commit a rape.
- Puha** (pū'hā'), adj. Broken or burst open, as a sore or boil; *mai puha*, an issue; a running sore.
- Puha** (pū'hā'), n. 1. An abscess. 2. A decayed spot in a tree or in timber. *Puha laau*, a hollow tree. *Laieik*. p. 77. 3. The disease gonorrhoea. Syn: *Kaokao*.
- Puha** (pū'hā'), v. 1. To burst or break open, as a sore or boil; to pass through or out; to burst forth. 2. To hawk as a means of raising phlegm from the lungs. 3. To be loathsome, as a running sore. 4. To breathe like a sea-turtle; *e hanu me he honu la*; to belch.
- Puhaaa** (pū'hā'a'a), adj. 1. Having large light spots; applied to taro or potatoes when partly roasted, that is, the uncooked part having a white appearance distinct from the cooked. 2. Applied to the light spots of the *leho*, a cowrie. 3. White, as the uncommon whiteness of the eye of men or women: *he maka puhaaa kona*; *he leho puhaaa*, *aole e aina ka hee*. *Aole leho*, *he puhaaa wale no*.
- Puhaaa** (pū'hā'ā-ā'), v. 1. To be clear; to be light colored; to be white; to appear distinct, as a thing by itself. 2. To burst forth as light; flash.
- Puhaha** (pu-hā'hā'), v. To wish evil to one; to speak to one; to speak loudly. Syn: *Leoleoa* and *leoleowa*.
- Puhahalu** (pū'hā'hā'lu), adj. Soft; not valid; not compact; defective.
- Puhainana** (pū'hā'i-nā'nā'), v. To look only instead of answering a request.
- Puhaka** (pū'hā'ka), n. The loin; the reins.
- Puhakahaka** (pū'hā'kā'hā'ka), v. To be vacant; empty; to be wanting: *He lohe ma Kuapehu nei a ma Kailua, a puhakahaka mai o a o mawaena*, We hear (preaching) here at Kuapehu and at Kailua, but all between is empty.
- Puhakakaiea** (pū'hā'kā'kā'i-ē'a), n. A sea fowl; the booby, also called *noio*.
- Puhala** (pu-hā'la), n. The trunk of the *hala* or *pandanus* tree.
- Puhalaau** (pū'hā'lā-āu), n. [*Puha*, decayed; *laau*, tree.] A cavity in a tree. *Laieik*. p. 129.
- Puhalalu** (pū'hā'lā-lū'), adj. Large; plump; fat and weak, as men or beasts.
- Puhalalu** (pū'hā'lā-lū'), v. 1. To burst forth in sound. Syn: *Palalu*. 2. To imitate the voice of a bird. Syn: *Palalu*.
- Puhalaau** (pū'hā'lā-ū'o), adj. Stingy; parsimonious; *he awa*, *he pi*.
- Puhali** (pū'hā'li), n. 1. Stinginess; covetousness. 2. A small, delicate sea-shell.
- Puhaluhalu** (pū'hā'lū'hā'lu), adj. Gazing; staring at; open-eyed.
- Puhanihani** (pū'hā'ni-hā'ni), v. Same as *punihaniha*.
- Puhanuiki** (pū'hā'nū-ī-ki), v. [*Hanu*, to breathe; *iki*, little.] To breathe easier; to rest a little.
- Puhauhau** (pū'ha'u-hā'u), adj. 1. Loose; not bound tightly. 2. Large; fat, as men; *puhauhau o mea*.

Puhee (pū'-he'e), n. [For poohee.] The head of the hee or squid.

Puhee (pū'-he'e), v. [Hee, to flee.] To be dispersed; to be scattered.

Puheemiki (pū'-he'e-mī'-ki), n. A taking without ceremony.

Puheuanuu (pū'-he'e-ū'a-nu'u), adj. [Pu for puu, and hee, squid. Lit. The large bunch on the head of the squid.] 1. A large-headed man. 2. Swelling; strutting, as a dandy. 3. Fig. Great; big; ponderous, etc.

Ka puheuanuu o Kahai
Na ke Kamakama Iuahaku,
Ina. lo ka poni alii.

Puhemo (pū'-hē'-mo), v. 1. To be loosened; to be set free; to be released. 2. To be off or absent.

Puhene (pū'-hē'-ne), n. 1. A bundle made in the form of a nest, for food; a nest-like bundle of food. 2. Basket.

Puhene (pū'-hē'-ne), v. 1. To use lascivious words and actions slyly; to tempt to wickedness, especially to adultery. 2. To tie or bundle up food (pia-ai) in the shape of a nest.

Puhenehene (pū'-hē'-nē'-hē'-ne), n. A game performed by hiding a stone called noa under a tapa. The game consists in guessing where to find the stone.

Puhenu (pū'-hē'-nū), v. Same as puhanuiki.

Puhoheo (pū'-hē'-ō'-hē'-o), n. A sport of children.

Puhi (pū'-hi), n. 1. A puffing; a blowing; puhi baka, tobacco smoking. 2. An eel. 3. A current of air driven through a narrow aperture; a blow-hole. 4. The spouting of a whale.

Puhi (pū'-hi), n. An uncut foreskin.

Puhi (pū'-hi), v. 1. To blow or puff wind; to breathe hard. 2. To blow, as to blow the fire; e puhi i ke ahi; to burn in the fire; to set on fire; to burn up; e puhi i ke kukui, to blow out the lamp. 3. To blow the (conch) shell or trumpet. 4. To blow, as the wind; as a strong wind. 5. To blow up; to spout water. 6. To puff tobacco smoke. 7. To puff at one in a way of contempt; to treat insolently. 8. To extract by distillation, as in the distilling of liquor from the root of the ti plant.

Puhiahi (pū'-hi-ā'-hi), n. A man who tends the fires of a steam-engine, etc.

Puhihio (pū'-hi-hī'-o), v. To sound, as a pipe or wind instrument.

Puhikaokao (pū'-hi-kā'-o-kā'-o), v. To burst open or break the skin, as the kaokao, a venereal disease.

Puhikapa (pū'-hi-kā-pā'), n. 1. A species of fierce eel, that coils and strikes. 2. Name applied to Kamehameha because he was victorious over all.

Puhikii (pū'-hī-ki'i), v. A species of small flying-fish (Parexocoetus brachypterus), called also kaawili-puhikii; they swim on the surface of the sea.

Puhikole (pū'-hi-kō'-le), v. To act the spendthrift; to lounge about idly; to waste one's property; to become poor, used opprobriously.

Puhiohio (pū'-hī-ō'-hī'-o), n. A whirlwind.

Puhiohio (pū'-hī-ō'-hī'-o), v. To blow spirally, as a cyclone.

Puhili (pū'-hī-li), n. Trailing plants.

Puhioilo (pū'-hi-ō'-ī'-lo), n. [Puhi, eel, and oilo, small.] A small eel.

Puhiomole (pū'-hi-ō'-mō'-le), n. 1. A belching up of wind. 2. A white eel; he puhi keokeo.

Puhionio (pū'-hī-ō'-ni'o), n. A spotted eel.

Puhionio (pū'-hi-ō'-ni'o), v. To paint or color in a spotted manner; to stamp with different colors, as tapa in former times.

Puhiopule (pū'-hi-ō'-pū'-le), n. A short spotted eel.

Puhipaka (pū'-hi-pā'-ka), n. 1. A species of eel. 2. Same as puhi-baka, tobacco smoking.

Puhipaka (pū'-hi-pā'-ka), v. [Puhi, to puff.] For puhibaka. To smoke tobacco.

Puhipalahoana (pū'-hi-pā'-lā-hō'-ā'-na), n. A species of eel.

Puhipalalu (pū'-hi-pā'-lā-lū'), v. 1. To flatter and amuse one who has property in order to obtain; e puhipalalu ia kekahi poe waiwai. 2. To blow uncertainly.

Puhipalila (pū'-hi-pā'-lī-lā'), n. A tall, slim man with little flesh; he like me he kolu la ka linalina.

Puhipau (pū'-hi-pā'u), v. To regret.

Puhipuhi (pū'-hi-pū'-hi), v. 1. To

blow over after anointing with anything medicinal. 2. To blow bait into the sea in order to decoy or intoxicate fish. 3. To spread by the force of compressed air.

Puhipuhiahi (pū'hi-pū'hi-ā'hi), n. A cross, overbearing person.

Puhiu (pū'hi'u), v. [Contraction of puhi hihiu.] 1. To go wrong; to get out of the right path; to go far off. 2. To break wind.

Puhiuhiu (pū'hi'u-hi'u), v. To break wind; he pumakani, e hookani i ka okole.

Puho (pū'hō'), v. To be broken out in ulcers, as scrofulous legs; he mai puho. See puha.

Puholo (pū'hō-lo), v. To roast blood; puholo koko.

Puholoholo (pū'hō-lō-hō-lo), n. A steam bath; a perspiration produced by the steam of leaves covering over a fire. The patient sits covered with a tapa over him: a o ka puholoholo kekahi mea e pono ai, a o ka laau naha kekahi.

Puholu (pū'hō-lū'), v. To cook with hot stones.

Puhookani (pū'ho'o-kā-ni), n. A conch-shell.

Puhuehue (pū'hū'e-hū'e), n. A species of the convolvulus.

Puhulalu (pū'hū-lā-lū'), adj. Same as puhalalu. 1. Large; plump. 2. Fat and weak, as an over-fleshy man.

Puhuli (pū'hū-li), v. To be so advanced in growth as to shelter the ground, said of growing plants where they protect the soil with their leafy stalks.

Puhuluhulu (pū'hū-lū-hū-lu), adj. Full grown; full sized, as an animal; as fruit.

Pui (pu'i), adj. Large; swelled out, as a fat person.

Puia (pū-i'a), adj. Beautiful; grand; full of sweet-scented flowers; sweet smelling.

Puia (pū-i'a), v. To be spread; to be diffused abroad, as an odor; to fill with odor or perfume; e ala, e kuhinia.

Puiho (pū-i'ho), v. 1. To start suddenly; to be frightened. Syn: Puiwa, puoho. 2. To cry out suddenly; to shout.

Puikaika (pū-i'ka-i'ka), adj. Close or crooked in dealing; unyielding to the wish or opinion of another.

Puikaika (pū-i'ka-i'ka), v. 1. To be close or crooked in dealing; to be unyielding to another's judgment or opinion: Mai noho oe a puikaika mai ia'u, Don't be hard upon me. 2. To strive for the best end in dealing with others.

Puili (pū-i-li), adj. Seizing; holding fast with the hand.

Puili ka ohelo ai a ka manu,
A ka hala i willa e ka makani,
A ka lehua nee i ka papa.

Puili (pū-i-li), n. 1. A musical instrument made of a small coconut or gourd. 2. A game played with the puili. 3. The cord used in swinging the puili. 4. A carved design on a tapa beater, composed of parallel waves with apices not in line.

Puili (pū-i-li), v. To gird round; to embrace; to clasp; e puili a paa: e puili me ka lima, to hold fast with the hand.

Puili-paa (pū-i-li-pa'a), adj. Taking strong hold; holding tightly.

Puipui (pu'i-pu'i), adj. Fat; plump; flourishing; stout: aole i pau ke kino puipui o ke akamai ia'u i ola-honua; large; corpulent.

Puipui (pu'i-pu'i), n. 1. A fat or plump person or animal. 2. Plumpness; fullness of person: liki i kona mau puipui iho.

Puipui (pu'i-pu'i), v. To be fat; to be full; to be large; to be corpulent; to be thick set, as the body of a person.

Puiwa (pū-i-wā), n. Amazement; a surprise; a stupefaction on account of wonder; a starting from fright; sudden excitement.

Puiwa (pū-i-wā), v. To be taken by surprise; to be startled suddenly, as a horse when frightened; to be affrighted, as from sleep; to meet with sudden surprise from any cause.

Puka (pū-ka), n. 1. A doorway; a gateway; an entrance; a hole; any place of entrance or egress; puka o ke kui, puka o ke kuikele, the eye of a needle; puka lou, a loop hole; puka pepeiao, the ear; i hoakakaia 'ku ma ka puka o ko oukou mau pepeiao. (Puka as a noun takes various forms: aipuka, ipuka, upuka and amipuka.) 2. The art of making spears, ropes, etc., that appear well but really are

- good for nothing and vice versa.
3. A trap or snare used in the practice of legerdemain. 4. A winning or profit. Syn: Hoopiopio.
- Puka** (pū'-ka), v. To pass through any open way, crevice, or doorway. 2. To issue; to appear. 3. To be uttered; to be proclaimed. 4. To pass from one state or condition to another. 5. To gain; to win; to arrive at.
- Pukaaki** (pū'-kā-ā'-ki), n. 1. The act of distributing in just proportions the shares in a common stock.
- Pukaaki** (pū'-kā-ā'-ki), v. To divide out or apportion anything owned in common; to divide out fish according to the shares of several; to share according to a rule agreed on.
- Pukahale** (pū'-kā-hā'-le), n. [**Puka**, opening, and **hale**, house.] 1. A window of a house. 2. A gate or doorway of a house; a place for going out and coming in.
- Pukai** (pū'-kā'i), adj. Stained or colored with the pukai: a ike oia i ka wahine pukai maikai, when he saw a woman beautifully painted.
- Pukai** (pū'-kā'i), n. 1. A wash used in painting. 2. A species of fish, called also oopukai.
- Pukai** (pū'-kā'i), v. To paint or color with the pukai, a practice of former times.
- Pukaihu** (pū'-kā-i'-hu), n. [**Puka**, hole, and **ihu**, the nose.] The nostril: ka puka o ka ihu, he mau puka hanu.
- Pukaikai** (pū'-ka'i-ka'i), v. 1. To lift, as in lifting the feet in dancing. 2. To lift and swing backward and forward, as in quieting a restless infant; to fondle.
- Pukaikaika** (pū'-kā-i-kā'-i-ka), v. To rise suddenly or quickly, as smoke, fog or flood.
- Pukaka** (pū'-kā-ka'), v. To cluck, as a hen; to cackle in sympathy, as a cock with a hen when she has laid: e koko (pukaka) e like me ka moa kane i ka manawa e hoo-hemo ai ka moa wahine i ka hua. Syn: Pukoko.
- Pukaka** (pū'-kā-kā'), v. To run or flee in disorder, as from fright.
- Pukaka** (pū'-kā-kā'), v. To go here and there; to go about without object.
- Pukaka** na lehua o Mana,
Atuwana wale iho no i ka auwai,
He ole ka launa me Makalii,
Ike i na muliwai holo a ka ia,
E holo ana ka oopu, he ia iki-e.
- Pukakala** (pū'-kā-kā'-la), v. [**Pu** and **kala**, rough] To be rough; to be jagged; to have sharp points.
- Pukaku** (pū'-kā-kū'), v. 1. To go out of a straight line; to run here and there, said of overflowing water. 2. To overflow, as water over a bank. 3. To lean over out of a perpendicular line; to wander out of the way.
- Pukamakani** (pū'-kā-mā-kā'-ni), n. [**Puka**, hole, and **makani**, wind.] A window; a place for ventilation.
- Pukamole** (pū'-kā-mō'-le), n. A shrub found in miry places; the flowers of which are used as medicine for infants.
- Pukanaenae** (pū'-kā-nāe'-nāe'), n. An open spot near the summit of Mauna Waialeale on Kauai.
- Pukani** (pū'-kā'-ni), adj. Hard; severe; unfeeling for others.
- Pukani** (pū'-kā'-ni), n. [**Pu** and **kani**, to sound.] A sounding instrument; a trumpet.
- Pukanilua** (pū'-kā-ni-lū'-a), n. The contention of two parties for the prevalence of their respective opinions.
- Pukanilua** (pū'-kā-ni-lū'-a), v. [**Pu**, kani and **lua** for **loa**, very.] 1. To be strong; to be energetic. 2. To be hard; to be severe in exactions. 3. To be large; to be plump; to be full fed. (The qualities of [1], [2] and [3] were often united in the same person, especially in the second, third and fourth grade of chiefs.) 4. To oppose, as the authority of a chief or head man. 5. To contend, as from anger.
- Pukanui** (pū'-kā-nū'-i), n. 1. A basket used in catching fish: hinai pukanui. 2. Basket made of the ieie vine used as a receptacle for a fisher's nets, hooks and lines.
- Pukapa** (pū'-kā-pā'), n. [**Puka**, gateway; **pa**, an enclosure.] The gate of a yard; the gate of a city.
- Pukapaa** (pū'-kā-pā'a), n. [**Puka**, opening, and **paa**, fast; concealed.] The ossa vagina; he ulapaa, he puupaa.
- Pukapahale** (pū'-kā-pā'-hā'-le), n. The gate of a city or village.

- Pukapakaha** (pū'kā-pā'kā'ha), n. A window barred with sticks.
- Pukapaki** (pū'kā-pā-kī'), v. [**Puka**, hole, and **paki**, to drop, as tears.] 1. To shed tears; to drop, as water from holes. 2. To perspire.
- Pukapuka** (pū'kā-pū'ka), adj. Full of holes, chinks, cracks, etc.; network: *mea ulana pukapuka*, network; *eke pukapuka*, a bag full of holes.
- Pukapuka** (pū'kā-pū'ka), n. 1. A window having sticks across for a defense. 2. Whatever is full of holes, not joined well together.
- Pukapuka** (pū'kā-pū'ka), v. [Freq. of **puka**.] To get through frequently.
- Pukaua** (pū'kā'u-a), n. An officer in an army; a general; *he luna kaua*; a champion of a company. *Laieik.* p. 45.
- Pukaula** (pū'kā'u-la), n. A playing of cards; gambling; the name of a game.
- Pukaula** (pū'kā'u-la), v. In gambling, to stake, as a man his wife, or a wife her husband, to be won or lost; *e puukaula mai oe ia lakou, e Iehova*.
- Pukaupoohiwi** (pū'kā'u-po'o-hī'wī), n. [**Pu**, gun; **kau**, to place, and **po-hiwi**, shoulder.] A gun carried on the shoulder; any firearm carried on the shoulder.
- Pukawa** (pū'kā-wā'), n. A door or window projecting outward.
- Puke** (pū'kē'), v. [**Pu** and **ke**, to force.] To hit; to strike, as one calabash against another; to strike together, as the knees of one in trepidation.
- Pukeawe** (pū'kē-ā'wē), n. A small branching shrub (*Styphelia tameiameia*) 4 to 6 feet high, but in higher elevations often attaining a height of 10 to 15 feet.
- Puki** (pū'kī'), v. To check; to curb; to draw back, as in an effort to hold an unruly animal.
- Pukii** (pū'kī'i), n. Same as **puhikii**, the young malolo or flying fish.
- Pukiki** (pū'kī-kī'), adj. 1. Strong; furious; stormy, as the wind. 2. Sewed tightly: *akamai i ka humu-humu papale pua, me ka papale pukiki*.
- Pukiki** (pū'kī-kī'), n. 1. A strong boisterous wind; a heavy storm. 2. A tight-waisted dress for women.
- Pukiki** (pū'kī-kī'), v. To blow strongly or furiously, as the wind; to be stormy or very rough, as the weather.
- Puko** (pū'kō'), v. 1. To be rough like the sea. 2. To be separated; to be scattered; to be driven away. 3. To be daring, able to conquer: *puko momona*, a strong man. *Laieik.* p. 41.
- Pukoa** (pū'ko'a), n. 1. Rocks hidden or sunken under water, such as ships may strike upon. 2. The coral rocks of the ocean: *Ka pukoa nui e nee ae nei-e!* Oh, the great rocks of the reef all coming this way! 3. Smoke united in a column and ascending as from a volcano.
- Pukoa** (pū'ko'a), v. 1. To ascend; to rise up, as smoke: *Hal.* 18:8. *Pukoa ae la ka uahi o ka luapele*. 2. To mix and mingle, as smoke; to collect together.
- Pukoawawahiwa** (pū'ko'a-wā-wā'hī-wa'a), n. A tree-like coral growing in the sea, to the great annoyance of fishermen with their nets and canoes.
- Pukohukohu** (pū'kō'hū-kō'hu), adj. Red: *e hawele ana me kona aahu pukohukohu*. *Laieik.* p. 40.
- Pukohukohu** (pū'kō'hū-kō'hu), n. A thick red loincloth (*malo*).
- Pukoko** (pū'kō-kō'), n. Sound uttered by a cock or a hen; the coo of a dove.
- Pukoko** (pū'kō-kō'), v. To cackle like a cock: *ka uwe ana a ka moa kane me ka pukoko*.
- Pukolu** (pū'kō'lu), n. [**Kolu**, three.] Three persons in a canoe.
- Pukonakona** (pū'kō-nā-kō'na), adj. 1. Strong; brave; making a great show.
- Pukonakona** (pū'kō-nā-kō'na), v. To be brave; to manifest unusual strength or courage.
- Puku** (pū'ku), n. 1. Property given by a chief into the charge of his servants. 2. The final act in a series of propitiatory offerings to a god.
- Puku** (pū'ku), v. 1. To finish; to end; to put out, as fire; *e hoopulu ahi*. 2. To scrape together in small parts.

- Pukuawa** (pū'-kū-ā'-wā), n. 1. The fear of the anger of the gods. 2. A sacrifice or offering in which awa is the essential thing.
- Pukuawa** (pū'-kū-ā'-wā), v. To sacrifice with the awa root or where the awa occupies the first place in the offering: E pukuawa ia Kane. Pacify Kane with awa.
- Pukui** (pū'-ku'i), n. 1. An assembly or collection of the gods at the highest temple (luakini). 2. A line of gods arranged according to rank: O Waka, o ka wahine i ka pukui, Waka, woman in the line of the pukui.
- Pukui** (pū'-ku'i), v. To sit doubled up; to be bent up; to fold together, as the arms.
- Pukuikui** (pū'-ku'i-ku'i), v. To be gathered thickly together; to be assembled; to become a multitude.
- Pukukalina** (pū'-kū-kā'-lī'-na), adj. Wild; whirling, sweeping, as a small whirling wind that removes light things: makani pukukalina o Mahikihihi. (Used in songs.)
- Pukuniahī** (pū'-kū-nī-ā'-hī), n. [Pu, gun; kuni, to kindle, and ahi, fire.] A cannon so called from the manner of firing.
- P u k u p u k u** (pū'-kū-pū'-ku), adj. Wrinkled, as the skin by age or otherwise.
- Pukupuku** (pū'-kū-pū'-ku), n. A crimping; a folding in fine plaits; a wrinkling; wrinkles.
- Pukupuku** (pū'-kū-pū'-ku), v. To wrinkle the forehead; to draw down the eyebrows; to frown, as in anger; to become wrinkled.
- Pukupukukuemaka** (pū'-kū-pū'-kū-ku'e-mā'-ka), n. The wrinkles between the eyebrows.
- Pula** (pū'-la), n. 1. A small particle of anything, as dust; a mote in the eye: aole e ike ka maka i kona pula iho; mucus in the corner of the eye. 2. The leaves of the hala tree when used for sweeping with a net in catching fish. 3. The coconut leaf used in driving fish into a net. Uluulu is the general name for these sweepers.
- Pulale** (pū'-lā'-le), n. 1. Quickness; dispatch; hurry in doing a thing. 2. An instrument used to scare fish into a net. Also called ululu.
- Pulale** (pū'-lā'-le), v. To hurry; to hasten; to excite to do a thing quickly.
- Pulama** (pū'-lā'-ma), n. [Pu and lama, a torch.] A light, generally made from kukui nuts; a flambeau.
- Pulama** (pū'-lā'-ma), v. To care for; to be careful; to save; to be economical.
- Pulapula** (pū'-lā-pū'-la), n. 1. Progeny; offspring. 2. Seedlings used for propagating their kind; sprouts used for seed, as the tops of sugarcane. 3. A devotee; one who follows another about.
- Pulawa** (pū'-lā'-wā), v. To surround, as with a cloud or fog; to be foggy; to cover the heavens with thick fog or clouds; to render the land and mountains invisible.
- Pulawalawa** (pū'-lā'-wā-lā'-wā), adj. 1. Furnished; having a supply of what is necessary; prepared; ready for an emergency. 2. Bound tightly or firmly, as a thatched house with cords from post to post; braced firmly, as a building. 3. Strong and active in work, as a man; pulawalawa ka hale; pulawalawa ke kanaka.
- Pule** (pū'-le), n. The act of worshipping some god; conversation with an invisible being; religious service; asking some favor from heaven.
- Pule** (pū'-le), v. To pray; to supplicate; to worship; to call, with adoration, upon some invisible being; e kahea aku, me ka mahalo aku i ka mea ike maka ole ia.
- Pulehe** (pū'-lē'-he), adj. Loose; not fast; not bound tightly; vibrating. Syn: Ulehelehe.
- Pulehe** (pū'-lē'-he), v. To be loose, as a bundle loosely bound; to hang loosely; to vibrate.
- Pulehe** (pū'-lē'-he), v. To be accustomed to do anything; to know how to do a thing, as a skilled mechanic.
- Puleho** (pū'-lē'-ho), n. [Leho, a shellfish.] A small cowrie, which is often strung and worn as personal adornment.
- Puleholeho** (pū'-lē'-hō-lē'-hō), n. [Leho, a shellfish.] 1. A string of leho or cowrie shells for beads. 2. A knot or callous place on the shoulder from carrying burdens.

- Pulehu** (pū-lē'-hu), n. 1. A roasting on coals or embers; cooking food in a hurry by wrapping it in leaves and laying it on the fire, whether it be coals, hot ashes, flame or smoke. 2. A roast; anything roasted for food.
- Pulehu** (pū-lē'-hu), n. [Pu, to draw water into the mouth and blow it out, and lehu, ash-like, broken.] A water-spout.
- Pulehu** (pū-lē'-hu), v. 1. To roast on coals or embers; to bake on the fire; to roast in the blaze and smoke; hence, 2. To burn; to consume by fire.
- Pulehulehu** (pū-lē'-hū-lē'-hu), v. To bring several different things together in one place.
- Puleipulu** (pū-lē'-i-pū'-lu), v. 1. To have an offensive smell; to stink. 2. Rancid. Syn: Hauna.
- Pulele** (pu-lē'-le), n. A disease of the neck; scrofula; king's evil. Syn: Pahaha.
- Pulelehua** (pū-lē'-lē-hū'-a), n. A butterfly; he peelua i hoomaluleia a lilo i kino lele me he manu la.
- Pulelehua** (pū-lē'-lē-hū'-a), v. To be scattered, as water into spray by falling from a great height, or from being blown by the wind.
- Pulelo** (pū-lē'-lo), adj. 1. Floating, said of anything that floats in the air and is moved rapidly by the wind. 2. Changeable; uncertain; inconstant.
- Pulelo** (pū-lē'-lo), v. 1. To float in the air, as a flag; to wave to and fro in the wind; to hang loosely; i kapa i pulelo mai ka lua. 2. To change, as one's opinion: e ake e pulelo iki ae na manao o kakou.
- Pulena** (pū-lē'-na), adj. Softly blowing, as a gentle wind.
- Pulena** (pū-lē'-na), n. The soft, southeast wind at Hilo, Waimea, and some other places.
- Pulepe** (pū-lē'-pe), v. To reverse; to turn upside down.
- Pulepule** (pū-lē'-pū'-le), adj. Spotted; speckled; of different colors.
- Pulewa** (pū-lē'-wā), v. [Lewa, swinging.] To be changeable; to turn this way and that; to float here and there, as one of unstable opinion; to be varying; to be tremulous, as a quagmire; to be unfixed.
- Pulewalewa** (pū-lē'-wā-lē'-wā), adj. Weak; feeble from hunger; inconstant: pulewalewa wale no ka noho ana, aole noho paa.
- Pulewalewa** (pū-lē'-wā-lē'-wā), v. 1. To be open; to be porous; to be full of holes. 2. To be empty; to be hungry.
- Pulihi** (pū-lī'-hi), n. 1. A whirlwind. 2. Unsteady or changeable wind.
- Pulihiihi** (pū-lī'-hī-lī'-hi), n. A trailing shrub (*Vigna lutea*) found near the sea shore. Also called nanua.
- Puliki** (pū-lī'-ki), n. A vest; any garment girded around the body.
- Puliki** (pū-lī'-ki), v. [Pu and liki, to bind up.] 1. To gird up tightly; to wrap around, as a vest or armor. 2. To embrace or fold in one's arms, as an infant. 3. To gird or tie round. 4. To embrace with affection. 5. To hold fast; to make tight.
- Pulikikaua** (pū-lī'-kī-ka'u-a), n. [Mod.] A habergeon; a war dress.
- Pulikikoa** (pū-lī'-kī-kō'-a), n. [Mod.] A habergeon; a war dress.
- Pulima** (pū-lī'-ma), adj. Pertaining to the wrist; iwi pulima, the wrist bones.
- Pulima** (pū-lī'-ma), n. [Pu for puu, and lima, hand.] 1. The wrist bones; the wrist: pulima palule, wristbands of a shirt. 2. A folding or bringing of the palms of the hands together in front of a fire in the act of prayer, a practice of the ancient physicians in the treatment of their patients: Ma ke ao ana o ua po la, alaia hoai ke ahi, he pulima ka inoa o ia ahi, In the early dawn following that night, then the fire was kindled. That fire was called pulima.
- Puliulu** (pū-lī'-u-lī'-u), n. A small gourd in which the laau waiki (a medicine) was made.
- Pulio** (pū-lō'), v. To pass by; to pass on; to go about.
- Puloa** (pū-lō'-a), n. A species of red squid; he hee.
- Pulohiwa** (pū-lō'-hī'-wa), adj. Exceedingly black; shining black. Same as polohiwa.
- Pulohiwa** (pū-lō'-hī'-wā), n. Shining black tapa.

- Puloku** (pū-lō'-ku), adj. Tender; soft; delicate; fine looking, as a woman; comely.
- Pulolia** (pū-lō-lī'-a), adj. Wandering; going about aimlessly; without friends.
- Pulolia** (pū-lō-lī'-a), v. [Passive of pulo.] To be unstable; going here and there.
- Pulou** (pū-lo'u), adj. Bound up; covered out of sight.
- Pulou** (pū-lo'u), n. 1. A veil; a covering for the head. 2. A black tapa; a tapa of any dark color. 3. The act of putting a black tapa over one for the purpose of concealment. 4. The prepuce.
- Pulou** (pū-lo'u), v. 1. To cover the head; to veil the eyes. 2. To hide or conceal from view: pulou iho la ia i ke kapa. Laieik. p. 174.
- Puloulou** (pū-lo'u-lo'u), n. [Pulou, a dark tapa, a veil.] 1. Bunches or bundles of black tapa. (Laieik. p. 112.) 2. An arch constructed of fine tapa and used as a symbol of high rank. 3. A veil; a covering, as of a canoe: me ka puloulou ali iluna o na waa. 4. A tapa on a stick (called pahu) erected as a sign of tabu.
- Pulu** (pū-lu), adj. Wet, as clothes; moist; softened.
- Pulu** (pū-lu), n. 1. Any substance partly liquid and soft. 2. That which is soft, as cotton. 3. The soft matter of which tapa is made; so called when made soft by soaking: me he pulu kapa i ka hale. 4. Specifically, the material that grows on and is collected from a species of large fern; it was formerly an article of export. 5. Any decayed organic matter, especially if used as a fertilizer; vegetable mold.
- Pulu** (pū-lu), v. 1. To be wet. 2. To be soft as that which is soaked in water.
- Pulua** (pū-lū'-a), n. [Pu and lua, two.] 1. A couple of men in a canoe: he pulua na kanaka ma ka waa. 2. Two men giving mutual assistance to each other; he mau kokoolua elua.
- Pululu** (pū-lū-lū), adj. Same as puluhalalu.
- Pululuhi** (pū-lū-lū'-hi), adj. 1. Hazy; foggy; cloudy; dull, as the weather. 2. Dull, as a person just waking from sleep. Syn: Poluhiluhi.
- Puluna** (pū-lū'-na), n. The relation of the parents of married persons to each other.
- Pulunaluna** (pū-lū-nā-lū'-na), adj. Scattered, said of things thrown carelessly together.
- Pulupe** (pū-lu-pē'), v. 1. To be very wet; to be soaked or drenched. 2. To be intoxicated. Syn: Ulupe.
- Pulupulu** (pū-lū-pū-lu), adj. Wet, soft.
- Pulupulu** (pū-lū-pū-lu), n. 1. Cotton: he mala pulupulu, a field of cotton. See huluhulu. 2. Tinder. 3. Fine linen.
- Pulupulu** (pū-lū-pū-lu), v. 1. To be warmed. 2. To be brooded over; to be cherished, as the offspring of a bird are covered by the mother-bird.
- Pumahana** (pū-mā-hā'-na), adj. Warm; not cold.
- Pumahana** (pū-mā-hā'-na), n. Physical warmth.
- Pumahana** (pū-mā-hā'-na), v. To be warm, said of material things.
- Pumaia** (pū-mā'-i-a), n. Body or trunk of the banana tree.
- Pumakani** (pū-mā-kā'-ni), v. Same as puhū, to break wind.
- Pumehana** (pū-mē-hā'-na), adj. Warm-hearted; affectionate.
- Pumehana** (pū-mē-hā'-na), n. Warmth of feeling, of love or attachment.
- Pumehana** (pū-mē-hā'-na), v. To be warm, said of the tender passions, as love, devotion, affection, etc.
- Puna** (pū'-na), adj. Of or belonging to a spring.
- Puna** (pū'-na), n. 1. The stone coral (Porites); unburnt lime; mortar. 2. Name of a district on the island of Hawaii. 3. A place where water percolates through rock or clay; a spring. 4. That part of the stem of a plant between the joints; said of the spaces between the joints of sugar-cane, bamboo and all reed plants. Syn: Pona. 5. The motion of the hand in starting a surf-board on its run from the crest of a wave. Syn: Kioe. 6. [Mod.] A spoon.
- Puna** (pū'-na), v. Contraction of punalua.
- Punahale** (pū-nā-hē'-le), adj. Beloved, as a child; honored, as a favorite.
- Punahale** (pū-nā-hē'-le), n. A friend; a favorite; a beloved one.

- Punahale** (pū'-nā-hē'-le), v. To be or become an intimate friend.
- Punahelu** (pū'-nā-hē'-lu), adj. Mouldy.
- Punahelu** (pū'-nā-hē'-lu), n. Mould; mildew.
- Punahelu** (pū'-nā-hē'-lu), v. 1. To have a strong and somewhat rancid smell like that of a variety of articles in a close, damp room. 2. To be obscure; to be intricate. 3. To be mouldy and full of cobwebs, as a closed, empty room.
- Punakea** (pū'-nā-kē'-a), n. The white coral that a high surf throws up on the beach: ku ka punakea iuka. Laieik. p. 167.
- Punalua** (pū'-nā-lū'-a), n. 1. The two husbands of one wife, or the two wives of one husband; he mau kane na ka wahine, he mau wahine na ke kane hookahi; one of two wives, or favorites of the same chief. Laieik. p. 118. 2. The relationship between two sisters or two brothers and their respective husbands or wives.
- Punalua** (pū'-nā-lū'-a), v. 1. To be interchangeable; to be on terms of reciprocity. 2. To be two to one, said of any two persons who are the common property of one of the other sex. 3. To be or to have one for illicit purposes.
- Punana** (pū'-nā'-na), n. 1. A bird's nest: punana manu. 2. Fig. The enjoyment of comforts. 3. A place of residence. 4. The process of cleaning soiled white tapa.
- Punana** (pū'-nā'-na), v. To be hatched but still in the nest; to be recently hatched, as a nestling.
- Punanana** (pū'-nā-nā'-na), n. 1. A species of spider. Also called nanana. 2. A spider's web.
- Punapuna** (pū'-nā-pū'-na), adj. 1. comminuted; scattered; blown away. 2. Dry and mealy.
- Punapuna** (pū'-nā-pū'-na), v. To be made fine; to be pulverized, as dust.
- Punawai** (pu'-nā-wā'i), n. [Puna, spring, and wai, water.] A spring of water; a well; a fountain.
- Punawe** (pū'-nā'-we), v. Same as puunaue.
- Punawele** (pū'-nā-wē'-le), v. [Pu and nawele, to be fine or small.] To be small in size; to be fine as threads of spider's webs.
- Punawelewele** (pū'-nā-wē'-lē-wē'-le), n. A spider's web.
- Punee** (pū'-ne'e), n. 1. A drawing toward one; a riding; a moving. 2. A table. Mar. 7:4. 3. A couch; a settee.
- Punee** (pū'-ne'e), v. [Pu and nee, to move along.] To come to one; to approach one for the purpose of asking a favor. (This was done in ancient times, in the case of a common person approaching a chief, on the hands and knees, in a slow, hitching manner.)
- Puneenee** (pū'-ne'e-ne'e), v. 1. To move along gradually as a shower of rain.
Puneenee ka ua o Hilo.
E nee mai ana i ka hapapa.
E kui mai ana i ka lehua—e.
2. To come toward.
- Puni** (pū'-ni), adv. 1. Around; on every side; around about. 2. Greatly; exceedingly; hotly, as in anger: Mai ulu puni mai kou huhu; Be not exceedingly angry.
- Puni** (pū'-ni), n. 1. A process of fishing with the lau. 2. The termination of a fixed period: ka puni o ka makahiki, the end of the year. 3. The termination of the period of gestation, etc. 4. A desire; a strong inclination for the possession of a thing, or a particular course of conduct: He kii ka puni o ua wahine la, A picture was the great desire of that woman.
- Puni** (pū'-ni), v. 1. To be surrounded, as an island with water; to be hemmed in. 2. To deceive. 3. To be deceived.
- Punia** (pū'-nī'-a), n. 1. A pain in the head above the eye. 2. A cold in the head.
- Punihai** (pū'-nī-hā'i), adj. [Puni, an inclination, and hai, to run.] Addicted to running; cowardly; full of fear.
- Punihaniha** (pū'-nī-hā-nī'-ha), adj. Stingy; close; difficult to trade with.
- Punihaniha** (pū'-nī-hā-nī'-ha), n. Stinginess; closeness in a bargain.
- Punihaniha** (pū'-nī-hā-nī'-ha), v. 1. To refuse; to be stingy; to be close and little in a bargain; to be hard to trade with. 2. To regret; to be sorry for the loss of something.
- Punihei** (pū'-nī-hēi), v. [Puni, deceive and hei, snare.] To be en-

- snared. To be entangled with a snare; to be led into a trap.
- Punihele** (pū'ni-hē'le), adj. [**Puni**, inclination, and **hele**, to go.] Fond of traveling; given to going about.
- Punihi** (pū-nī'hi), adj. Lofty; majestic; dignified.
- Puniho** (pū-nī'ho), v. To bristle like a sea urchin; to be full of prickles.
- Punikala** (pū'ni-kā'lā'), n. [Mod.] One greedy for money; love of money.
- Punikala** (pū'ni-kā'lā'), v. [**Puni**, desire, and **kala**, or **dala** (Eng.), money.] To have a strong desire for money; to have a covetous disposition. (This is a modern word, come into use with civilization. Before the introduction of money, the idea of covetousness was expressed by **puniwaiwai**.)
- Punikihi** (pū'ni-kī'hi), n. Name of a game, also called **pahiuhiu**.
- Punikoko** (pū'ni-kō'ko), adj. Greedy for blood; reckless of murder.
- Punikoko** (pū'ni-kō'ko), n. [**Puni**, desire, and **koko**, blood.] A blood-thirsty person; one reckless of murder.
- Punikuala** (pū'ni-kū-ā'la), adj. Longing for the payment of a debt; expecting gain for something lent or given.
- Punikuala** (pū'ni-kū-ā'la), n. Extortion.
- Punikuala** (pū'ni-ku-ā'la), v. [**Puni**, desire, and **kuala**, usury.] To long for the time set for payment (of money or a debt); to expect gain for something lent or given.
- Punilealea** (pū'ni-le'a-le'a), n. [**Puni**, given to, engaged in, and **lealea** pleasure.] The practice of pleasure; being given or devoted to sensual gratifications.
- Punini** (pū'ni-ni), v. To go here and there out of a straight course; to tack, as a ship; to sail crookedly; to float here and there.
- Punipeki** (pū'ni-pē'ki), n. A game like fox and geese. The fox was called **Bonepate** or **Punipeki**: a o ka **punipeki**, ua kokoke like me ka hana ana o ke **pahiuhiu**. Same as **pahiuhiu**.
- Punipuni** (pū'ni-pū'ni), adj. False; deceitful; hypocritical; vain.
- Punipuni** (pū'ni-pū'ni), n. A falsehood; a lie; a deceit.
- Punipuni** (pū'ni-pū'ni), v. 1. To be deceived. 2. To be a deceiver; to be treacherous.
- Puniu** (pū'ni-u), n. [**Pu** and **niu**, a coconut.] 1. The shell of a coconut; hence, 2. A small calabash for food. 3. The skull of a man, from some resemblance to a coconut. 4. One who achieves distinction.
- Puniu** (pū'ni-u), v. To spin round; to turn, as a top; to be dizzy; to have a vertigo. Syn: **Oniu**.
- Punihui** (pū'ni-ū-hū'i) n. [**Puniu**, the skull, and **hui**, to unite.] The place on the top of the head where the bones unite; ka huina o ka **puniu**, the joint of the **puniu** or skull.
- Puniwaiwai** (pū'ni-wā'i-wā'i), adj. Covetous; greedy after property.
- Puniwaiwai** (pū'ni-wā'i-wā'i), n. Covetousness; the strong desire of wealth.
- Puniwaiwai** (pū'ni-wā'i-wā'i), v. [**Puni** and **waiwai**, property.] To desire unduly the acquisition of property; hence, to be covetous; to devote one's self to accumulation. (**Puniwaiwai** was anciently what **punikala** later became.)
- Puniwale** (pū'ni-wā'le), adj. 1. Deceived; ensnared. 2. Changeable; capricious; emotional; apt to be influenced by some hasty mental apprehension, as of anger, love, fear, etc.
- Puniwale** (pū'ni-wā'le), v. [**Puni**, deceive, and **wale**, easily.] 1. To be overtaken by treachery; to be the subject of deceit; to be ensnared by anything. 2. To be easily influenced or swayed.
- Punohu** (pū'nō'hu), n. The volume or coils of ascending smoke; he hina me he uahi la no ka lua o Pele; the gray-like smoke of the volcano; smoke arising from a fire: **punohu uwahi**.
- Punohu** (pū'nō'hu), v. 1. To arise or ascend, as smoke; to arise, as ume or coils of ascending smoke; 2. To make a white rising appearance, as the sails of a ship quickly set up; me he moku la i pau na pea i ka huki iluna.

- Punoni** (pū'-nō'-ni), n. 1. A dye, probably of the noni, for coloring tapa. 2. The tapa so colored.
- Punono** (pū'-nō'-no), v. 1. To be dressed gorgeously. 2. To be red, as tapa.
- Punonohu** (pū'-nō-nō'-hu), v. 1. To swell out; to be large like the sails of a ship. Syn: Punohu. 2. To be handsome, fine, beautiful.
- Punonohuula** (pū'-nō-nō'-hū-ū'-la), adj. Blowing the dust; raising the dust, as a strong wind: ka willi-koi ula punonohuula i ka lani.
- Punonono** (pū'-nō-nō'-no), adj. Fast in color.
- Punonoula** (pū'-nō-nō'-ū'-la), v. To be spotted, as the skin in some diseases; to be colored white and red.
- Punonu** (pū'-nō'-nu), adj. Spoiled; rotten; addled, as eggs.
- Punonunonu** (pū'-nō'-nū-nō'-nu), v. To be spoiled; to be unfit for use; to be addled, as eggs. Syn: Kewai.
- Punua** (pū-nū'-ā), n. Fledgling; a young bird.
- Punua** (pū-nū'-ā), v. To be without feathers, as young birds.
- Punuhu** (pū-nū'-hu), n., v. Same as punohu.
- Punuku** (pū'-nū'-ku), n. A halter; a noose passed over the nose of an animal.
- Puo** (pū-ō'), v. 1. To mix up; to mix thoroughly. 2. To strike or clasp the hands together. 3. To lash, as the sea lashes the shore. 4. To bend, as a coconut leaf in the wind; to yield to the wind, as the spread sails of a ship. 5. To be wind-swept, as leaves blown together in a certain mass.
*I puo lani i ke kai o Peapea a ka manu,
 O kaioe o Maui ka hookalakua,
 He kupua ka lani no ka moku—e.*
- Puoa** (pū-o'a), n. [Pu, to tie, and oa, a rafter.]. 1. Place where the rafters of a house are tied. 2. A house built with the poles uniting at the top in the shape of a pyramid; hence, 3. In geometry, a pyramid. 4. A temporary residence; a small house, hastily put up; a tent. 5. A small inclosure of poles. 6. A plant choked with weeds; a thicket. 7. A house for depositing a corpse.
- Puohai** (pū'-ō-hā'i), n. 1. The root and trunk of the ohai shrub; kumuohai. 2. A bunch of the ohai flowers; opuohai. 3. The ohai tree.
*He kumuohai, he opuohai,
 Akua pee puohai o ke kaha,
 I walea wale ia i ke a
 I ka ulu kanu a Kahai,
 Haina oe e ka oo e ka manu o
 Kanehill.*
- Puoho** (pū-ō'-ho), n. A sudden start from fright; a fright.
- Puoho** (pū-ō'-ho), v. 1. To start and cry out; to start in a fright; to jump suddenly, as from a sleep. Laieik. p. 26. 2. To cry out or sound together.
- Puoko** (pū'-ō'-ko), v. To rage; to be hot.
- Puokooko** (pū-ō'-kō-ō'-ko), n. [Pu and okooko, a red heat.] A great hot fire: i ka onohi pono o ka la, i ka puokooko hoi o ka wela loa. Laieik. p. 176.
- Puolani** (pū'-ō-lā'-ni), adj. Set up on high; raised up; set apart.
- Puolani** (pū'-ō-lā'-ni), v. 1. To place upon a consecrated place, as an altar; to lay by as sacred; to bind or tie up, as a sacrifice. 2. To lay aside that which is consecrated; to lay by for future disposition.
- Puolo** (pū-ō'-lo), n. 1. A bundle of tapa folded and bound up so as to appear like a pillow. 2. A bundle tied at the top for carrying on a stick. 3. A scrip; a bag; a container.
- Puolo** (pū-ō'-lo), v. To tie up, as a bundle tied on top; to bundle up: Alaila, puolo ae la a paa, awe mai la; Then he tied up a bundle tightly and brought it.
- Puoloolohee** (pū'-ō-lō-ō'-lō-he'e), n. A species of grass having a furzed top, also the flower.
- Puone** (pū'-ō'-ne), n. Same as puone, a pile of sand.
- Puoni** (pū-ō'-ni), v. To lay up for the future; to lay up for a long life or for a future age; e kau i ka puaneane ola; to lay up the means of living forever.
- Puopelu** (pū'-ō-pē'-lu), n. Name of a local resting place ("oiaina") on the road to Lahainaluna.
- Puopuo** (pū-ō'-pū-ō'), n. A hollow reverberating sound.

- Puopuo** (pū-ō'-pū-ō'), v. To clap together the hollow hands with a sound.
- Puowaina** (pū-ō-wā'i-na), n. Native name of Punchbowl hill in Honolulu. Also called Puuwaina, Puuwaena, Puu o Waina.
- Pupaakai** (pū'-pa'a-kā'i), v. To eat when there is only vegetable food, and salt the only relish.
- Pupanapana** (pū'-pā'-nā-pā'-na), n. [Mod. Pu, gun, and pana, to shoot.] A pistol.
- Pupu** (pū-pū'), adv. Roughly; heavily; disagreeably; hele pupu, hele mamau, hele luuluu.
- Pupu** (pū-pū'), n. An old man or woman who walks feebly and carefully for want of strength.
- Pupu** (pū-pū'), n. 1. A species of snail, the meat of which is eaten by Hawaiians. (Pupu is the general name for shells, both sea and land, though not often applied to large ones.) 2. A bunch, as of grass, leaves or flowers. Syn: Puu. 3. A bundle or something bound up, as of grass. 4. A glass bead. 5. A motif in the carving on tapa beaters, consisting of round depressions resembling shells.
- Pupu** (pū-pū'), v. 1. To be rough; to be uneven, as a road. 2. To drag heavily, as in heavy hauling, hence being slow or lagging behind.
- Pupu** (pū-pū'), v. To gather and bind in bundles.
- Pupua** (pū'-pū'-a), n. The rump or tail feathers of a fowl. Syn: Pua-pua.
- Pupua** (pū-pū'-a), v. [Pua, a blossom.] To open; to unfold, as a blossom; to spread out; ua pupua, mohola wale i ke awakea.
- Pupuahulu** (pū'-pū-ā'-hū'-lu), adj. Bustling; in a hurry; not prepared for a duty.
- Pupuahulu** (pū'-pū-ā'-hū'-lu), v. To be in a fluster; to be in a flutter or bustle, as those going but not ready for want of preparation; to get ready in a hurry.
- Pupuamoā** (pū'-pū-ā'-mō'-a), n. [Pupua, tail feathers, and moa, a fowl.] A long skirted coat; so called from its resemblance to the tail of a fowl.
- Pupuawa** (pū'-pū-ā'-wā), n. A species of shell-fish
- Pupue** (pū'-pū'-e), n. A crouching; the action of a cat in preparing to seize a mouse; a lying in wait for one; a bodily posture preparatory to springing or pouncing.
- Pupue** (pū'-pū'-e), v. To lie in wait; to watch for one to injure or murder him; to be ready for any sudden attack upon one; o pupue i ka hao e alii la.
- Pupuhi** (pū'-pū'-hi), n. 1. A blowing. 2. Persons who blow, that is, trumpeters.
- Pupuhi** (pū'-pū'-hi), n. A trumpet; a conch shell when used as a trumpet.
- Pupuhi** (pū'-pū'-hi), v. [Pu and puhī, to blow.] 1. To blow violently, as a strong wind: Ua pupuhi wale ia na waa i holo ma ka moana; to blow, as from the mouth. 2. To spout water, as a whale. 3. To burn with fire, as incense, to consume in the fire: Pupuhi aku la lakou i kona io i ke ahi, they burnt (consumed) his flesh in the fire. 4. To blow, as a trumpet.
- Pupuhoaka** (pū'-pū'-hō-ā'-ka), n. [Pupu, shell, and hoaka, a crescent.] A bracelet; an ornament for the wrist made of small shells.
- Pupuhu** (pū-pū'-hu), adj. Large; plump; round; full.
- Pupui** (pū'-pu'i), adj. Swelled; enlarged: pupui ka maka, the eye is enlarged.
- Pupuka** (pū-pū'-ka), adj. Lit. Full of holes; hence, vain; without substance; worthless; having an unsightly appearance; of no value.
- Pupuka** (pū-pū'-ka), n. An epithet of reproach, signifying good for nothing.
- Pupukahuli** (pū'-pū'-kā'-hū'-li), n. A class of small land shells. Also called pupukanioe.
- Pupukanioe** (pū'-pū'-kā'-nī-ō'e), n. [Pupu, a snail; kani, to sound, and oe, murmur.] The pupukahuli class of mountain snails, the Achatinella. The Hawaiians declare this snail sings.
- Pupukeawe** (pū'-pū'-kē-ā'-wē), n. The name applied in common to all small plants found on the tops of the mountains.
- Pupuku** (pū'-pū'-ku), adj. Wrinkled; shortened; contracted; curled, as hair. Syn: Pukupuku.
- Pupuku** (pū'-pū'-ku), v. 1. To be

- curled, as the hair. 2. To be shrunken. 3. To be startled.
- Pupule** (pū'-pū'-le), adj. Crazy; insane; bereft of reason.
- Pupule** (pū'-pū'-le), n. Insanity; madness; extravagant conduct.
- Pupule** (pū'-pū'-le), v. To be mad; to be crazy; to act insanely; to be infatuated.
- Pupuloloa** (pū'-pū'-lō-lō'-a), n. A spike-shell.
- Pupulu** (pū'-pū'-lu), adj. Assembled; thick together.
- Pupulu** (pū'-pū'-lu), n. A great company; a multitude; a great collection of individual things.
- Pupulu** (pū'-pū'-lu), v. To be assembled together; to be crowded, said of a collection of persons or things.
- Pupuni** (pū'-pū'-ni), adj. Puni, to desire.] 1. Greedy; desirous of something and laboring to obtain it, as property, pleasure, grandeur, power. 2. Ambitious.
- Pupupu** (pū'-pū'-pu), adj. Small; frail; temporary. Applied to any temporary and frail structure for shelter.
- Pupupu** (pū'-pū'-pu), n. 1. A small out-house; a shelter from the sun; a small house such as is used for heating tapa; a temporary shed. Syn: Kamala. 2. A kind of pa-u. 3. A heap of refuse; worthless tapa.
- Pupupu** (pū'-pū'-pu), v. To be numerous, crowded or closely set, said of growing plants in a seed bed; to be planted closely.
- Pupuu** (pū'-pu'u), v. [Puu, a bunch.] To draw one's limbs together, as in lying down; to double up; to cringe.
- Pupuanu** (pū'-pu'u-ā'-nu), v. [Pupuu, to curl up; anu, cold.] To curl up because of the cold.
- Pupuwa** (pū'-pū'-wa), v. To unfold; to open, as a blossom. Same as pupua.
- Puu** (pu'u), n. 1. Any round protuberance belonging to a larger substance. 2. A small round hill; a bunch; a peak; a pimple; a wart; the knuckles; the ankle joints; the Adam's apple of the throat; hence, the throat; a knob; an ornament of a candle-stick. 3. The heart. 4. A heap; he puu opala, a heap of rubbish; na puu huapalaoa, shocks of grain. 5. A tower; a citadel; a substance; a portion; a lot in casting lots. 6. A quantity; part; property; destiny; appointment; fortune. 7. Any defect, material, moral or mental; a blemish. 8. A hand, that is, the cards held at a game. 9. A bulk; a mass; an aggregation. 10. Same as moepuu.
- Puu** (pu'u), v. 1. To collect together; to lay by, particularly in heaps. 2. To boll; to form a round seed, as flax; to swell and break, as a boil. 3. To cast or draw lots (a Hawaiian custom formerly in practice) by using a knotted string. 4. To gather or dip up water in the hands. 5. To cast lots; to divide a country by lot.
- Puua** (pū'-ū'-a), n. Difficulty in swallowing.
- Puua** (pū'-ū'-a), v. 1. To be full; to be choked or suffocated, as in swallowing food; to stick in the throat; to strangle. 2. To be in difficult labor, as in childbirth.
- Puualu** (pu'u-ā'-lu), v. To carry on the hips or on the back. Syn: Pualau.
- Puuhau** (pu'u-hā'u), n. A hard lump growing on the flesh, particularly on the joints. Syn: Ohakulai, haupuu.
- Puuhole** (pu'u-hō'-le), n. Same as puukole.
- Puuhonua** (pu'u-hō-nū'-a), n. [Puu, a tower, and honua, flat land.] A place of refuge for one pursued; a place of safety in time of war; a refuge.
- Puuhoomaha** (pu'u-ho'o-mā'-ha), n. [Puu, heap, and hoomaha, to rest.] A resting place for travelers. Syn: Puuoioina.
- Puukaa** (pu'u-ka'a), n. A rolling hill.
- Puukani** (pu'u-kā'-ni), adj. 1. Pleasant; sweet, as the sound of a pleasant voice in singing. 2. Sweet, as the tones of a flute or other instrument. 3. Fig. Handsome, as a person.
- Puukanilua** (pu'u-kā'-ni-lū'-a), adj. Drawn straight and tight, as a rope. Descriptive of admiration denoting excellency of quality or person.

- Puukapele** (pu'u-kā-pē'-le), n. A place on the island of Kauai noted for its forest of kauwila trees.
- Puukapu** (pu'u-kā'-pu), n. 1. A tabu or quarantined place: Kukuluaia na puukapu elima mawaena o na pae kanaka elua. 2. A hand of cards dealt out and left untouched until the other hands are all played out.
- Puukaua** (pu'u-kā'u-a), n. [Puu, a heap, and kaua, war.] A fortification; a hold; a stronghold; a fort; he mau puu e kaua ai e like me Kauiki.
- Puukie** (pu'u-kī'-e), v. To ensnare; to entrap; to get one into difficulty.
- Puukiuki** (pū-ū'-kī-ū'-ki), n. The spots of water damned by uki, a water plant; he wai no ke uki na ka mahu i hookiokio i ka lau o ka uki; he opu uki.
- Puukiuki** (pū-ū'-kī-ū'-ki), v. To stand closely together, as people in a crowd or trees in a forest; to be thickset.
- Puukoa** (pu'u-kō'-a), adj. Slender. (A figurative use, meaning slender as the puukoa grass.)
- Puukoa** (pu'u-kō'-a), n. 1. A species of sedge-like grass (*Rhynchospora laxa*), of the ahuawa class. 2. Medicine from the seeds of the puukoa.
- Puukoko** (pu'u-kō'-ko), n. [Puu, bunch, and koko, blood.] 1. The heart. 2. A clot of blood.
- Puukole** (pu'u-kō'-le), n. In the anatomy of the human body, the mons pubis.
- Puuku** (pu'u-kū'), n. 1. One entrusted with the care of goods; a steward; a provider. 2. The office of a steward; stewardship.
- Puukukui** (pu'u-kū'-kū'-i), n. Tapa colored with dye made of the bread fruit flower and the bark of the kukui tree.
- Puukuuku** (pū-ū'-kū-ū'-ku), v. To be thinly scattered; to be set widely apart.
- Puulaula** (pū-ū'-lā-ū'-la), n. [Puu, a heap, and ulaula, red.] 1. A bank or mass of red earth. 2. Redness; the color of red earth.
- Puulele** (pu'u-lē'-le), n. [Puu, a swelling, and lele, to fly.] A rupture; a hernia; so called because it disappears suddenly.
- Puulena** (pu'u-lē'-na), n. A cold wind on the mountains or at the Kilauea volcano: ka ahe puulena o ka lua. Laieik. p. 34.
- Puulepo** (pu'u-lē'-po), n. [Puu, a heap; lepo, earth.] 1. A mound of earth. 2. A lump of earth or spot designated in the game of papua.
- Puulima** (pu'u-lī'-ma), n. [Puu, bunch, and lima, hand.] The wrist joints; the knuckles and wrist bones; the palm of the hand.
- Puuliuli** (pū-ū'-lī-ū'-li), adj. Dark; black; dark colored.
- Puuliuli** (pū-ū'-lī-ū'-li), v. To stain with some dark color: e puuliuli i ka waa; paint the canoe black.
- Puulu** (pū-ū'-lu), n. A great number of men or things; a multitude; an army of soldiers.
- Puulukaua** (pū-ū'-lū-kā'u-a), n. A division of an army prepared for battle.
- Puuluulu** (pū-ū'-lū-ū'-lu), n. To be thick together; to be multitudinous; to be numerous or many.
- Puumana** (pu'u-mā'-na), n. 1. A special pattern of cast-net. 2. A caret (^) or sign of omission in writing.
- Puunaue** (pu'u-nā'u-e), v. To divide into parcels or parts; to give out; to separate; to divide, as spoil or property; to distribute: e puunaue ma ka hailona, to divide by
- Puunaue** (pu'u-nā'ū-ē), n. A game, also called umeume.
- Puunohu** (pu'u-nō'-hu), n. Same as punohu.
- Puuoā** (pu'u-o'a), n. Same as puoa.
- Puuoioi** (pu'u-ō'i-ō'i), n. [Puu, hill, and oioi, sharp.] Sharp point of a summit; a sharp pointed hill.
- Puuoioina** (pu'u-ō'i-ō-i'-na), n. [Puu, heap, and oioina, a resting place for travelers.] An elevated spot by the roadside; a heap of stones; a shady tree, or any resting place for travelers.
- Puune** (pu'u-ō'-ne), n. [Puu, heap, and one, sand.] A mound of sand; a heap of earth.
- Puupala** (pu'u-ō-pā'-la), n. [Puu, heap, and opala, dirt; dust.] Dust, litter, dirt, trash, piled up into a heap.
- Puupa** (pu'u-pā'), n. A kind of stone from which maika stones were made.

- Puupa** (pu'u-pā'), v. 1. To receive freely or gratuitously; to give freely or gratuitously; **puupa**, hio lo wale no i ka leo. 2. To gain advantage simply by talking.
- Puupaa** (pu'u-pa'a), adj. In a virgin state; free from impurity. *Laleik.* p. 115.
- Puupaa** (pu'u-pa'a), n. 1. The reins; the kidneys. 2. Fig. The affections; the principles of action. 3. Female purity; virginity; a virgin: **puupaa ana**, the state of virginity.
- Puupau** (pu'u-pā'u), n. [**Puu**, throat, and **pau**, to destroy.] Cancer of the throat.
- Puupoola** (pu'u-po'o-lā'), v. To eat in a hurry; to choke; to strangle. *Syn:* **Alpoala**.
- Puupuu** (pu'u-pu'u), adj. 1. Full of blotches or pimples; rough with uneven places. 2. Lumpy.
- Puupuu** (pu'u-pu'u), adv. Roughly; unevenly. *Syn:* **Pupu**, which is in more general use.
- Puupuu** (pu'u-pu'u), n. 1. Pimple or pimples; scurfy appearance of the skin, as seen in the itch or scurvy. 2. A protuberance; a knot; a knuckle joint. 3. Little lumps.
- Puupuu** (pu'u-pu'u), v. 1. To be full of lumps; to be knotty. 2. To be pimpled.
- Puupuu** (pu'u-pu'u), v. [**Puu**, a swelling.] 1. To break out into boils and blisters. 2. To be heaped up; to be piled up in heaps. 3. To be or become lumpy; not smoothly soft as good poi.
- Puupuuone** (pu'u-pu'u-ō'ne), adj. Fortune telling; living in a strange house called **hale puuone**: **kukulu oia i hale puupuuone**.
- Puupuuone** (pu'u-pu'u-ō'ne), n. 1. A game with small flat stones hidden in little mounds of sand which resembled **noa**. 2. A fisher's hut on the sand.
- Puupuwawae** (pu'u-pu'u-wā-wā'e), n. [**Puu**, a knob, and **wawae**, feet.] The ankle bones; the ankles.
- Puuwa** (pū-ū'wa), v. Same as **puua**. to be choked.
- Puuwai** (pu'u-wā'i), n. [**Puu**, a swelling, a bunch, and **wai**, liquid.] 1. The heart. (The ancient Hawaiians supposed that there was nothing but water in the heart, hence the name **puuwai**.) 2. Food of different kinds of vegetables tied up in bunches and put into the oven. 3. The very small **oha** or suckers of the taro.
- Puuwaiu** (pu'u-wā'i-ū'), n. [**Puu**, a mound, and **waiu**, milk.] The breast; a milk breast or breast of milk.
- Puwa** (pū-wā'), n. A shining appearance; reflected brightness.
- Puwa** (pū-wā'), v. 1. To shine; to glitter, as the surface of a thing. 2. To reflect brightness, as a red garment, as clouds, or as a bright fire by night.
- Puwai** (pū-wā'i), n. 1. A sentinel's call. 2. The fountain head of a stream of water; hence, 3. The heart; **Mea e hoi ka haalulu o kona puwai**, Strange was the beating of his heart. *Laleik.* p. 165.
- Puwaikaua** (pū-wā'i-kā'u-a), n. [**Puwai**, alarm, and **kaua**, war.] An alarm of war; a proclamation of war.
- Puwalu** (pū-wā'-lu), n. 1. The ancient flag of the Hawaiians, placed on the triangular sails of canoes. *Syn:* **Lepa**. 2. A signal and the pole or stick that holds the signal.
- Puwalu** (pū-wā'-lu), v. Same as **pualu**, to act in concert. 1. To work together, as in lifting; to make a united effort. 2. To cry out all together. 3. To rehearse, speak, or recite in concert, as a class in school. (This was the general practice in the first schools of the islands, and helped much to keep up the enthusiasm. **Pualu** is the preferable form.) 4. An acting in concert. *Syn:* **Puala**.

U

- U** (ū). The eleventh letter of the Hawaiian alphabet. All common nouns beginning with **u** take the article **ka**.
- U** (ū), n. 1. Grief; sorrow; expression of affection; like me ke aloha, ame ka u, ame ka uwe ana. 2. The breast; the pap; the udder.