

- conjecture: He wahi huoi ko'u, I have a little suspicion.
- Huoi (hū'ō'i), v. 1. To be inquisitive. 2. To suspect; to surmise; to imagine.
- Huole (hū'ō'le), adj. [Hu, leaven, and ole, none.] 1. Unfermented; not pungent. 2. Without leaven; unleavened; berena huole, unleavened bread. 3. Within limits of.
- Huonoole (hū'ō'nō-ō'nō-ō'le), n. [Hu, something fermented; ono, to taste good; ole, not.] A ferment that does not taste good; an unpalatable brew. The brews of the ancient Hawaiians were made of the sweet potato, ki or ti root, ohia or mountain apple and sugar cane.
- Hupe (hū'pē'), n. Mucus from the nose. Same as upe.
- Hupekohola (hū'pē'kō'hō-lā'), n. [Hupe, mucus, and kohola, whale.] A slimy substance found in the ocean, so called because supposed to be from the nose of the whale. 2. Spermaceti. 3. The spawn which produces the ohua and the manini.
- Hupi (hū'pī'), v. To squeeze moisture out of; to wring. Syn: Uwi.
- Hupo (hū'pō'), adj. Savage; ignorant; barbarous; dark; idiot like: he nui ka poe hupo loa ma kuaaina.
- Hupo (hū'pō'), v. 1. To be ignorant; to be in mental darkness. 2. To be a natural fool; to be destitute of common sense.
- Hupokarito (hū'pō-kā'rī-to), n. [Gr.] A hypocrite. [This word was used by the translators of the New Testament, but later hookamani took its place.]
- Hupu (hū'pu), adj. Moved by disguised anger or hostility.
- Hupu (hū'pu), n. 1. Suppressed or concealed anger. 2. Secret resentment.
- Hupuna (hū'pū'na), n. [Hu, to overflow and puna, a spring.] A collection or overflow of spring water in a hollow place.
- Hupunawai (hū'pū'nā-wā'i), n. Same as hupuna. 1. Standing water; a collection of water. 2. The overflow of a spring.
- Hupupu (hū'pū'pu), n. An insect that bores into wood, also called huhu.
- Husopa (hū'kō'pa), adj. Similar to hyssop.
- Husopa (hū'kō'pa), n. [Eng.] Hyssop, an herb.
- Huwa (hū'wā'), n. Envy.
- Huwa (hū'wā'), v. To be envious; to be jealous.
- Huwelo (hū'wē'lo), n. Same as huelo. The tail of a beast.

I

- I (i). The fourth letter in the Hawaiian alphabet.
- I (i). 1. A sign of the imperfect tense of verbs. 2. A sign of the subjunctive mood, being a contraction of ina. 3. A sign of the potential mood; that; as: Ua hai aku au i lohe oukou; I have spoken that you might hear. 4. A sign of the imperative mood, with the verb (to bring) understood. I kukui; (bring) a lamp.
- I (i), adj. Stingy; close; niggardly.
- I (i), conj. [A contraction of ina.] If; that.
- I (i), n. The name of a select class or company of soldiers under Kamehameha I.
- I (i), prep. 1. To; towards. 2. In; at; unto. 3. By; for; in respect of. 4. Above; more than; on account of. (Used before common nouns.)
- I (i), v. 1. To speak; to say, in connection with the thing spoken or said. 2. To address one; to make a speech to one. 3. To give an appellation; to designate a name. 4. To adopt, as a child.
- Ia (i'a), pron. 1. This, referring to the person or thing present. 2. That, referring to the person or thing absent.
- Ia (i'ā). The sign of the passive voice in the conjugation of verbs: Ua alohala mai kakou, We are beloved. It may be annexed to the verb, forming one word, or it may be separated by one or more intervening words: Ua lawe malu ia ke dala; the money was taken secretly. In some cases a letter is inserted before it for the sake of

- euphony: awahia (for awaia), bitter.
- ia** (iā'), conj. During the time that; as long as; while: *ia lakou i noho ai ilaila*; while they lived there.
- ia** (i-ā'), n. 1. A yard: the standard English measure of length. 2. A long slender spar, suspended from a mast and used to support sails.
- ia** (i'a), n. 1. Fish: a general name for all vertebrate animals with gills retained through life, living in water. 2. Meat of any kind, as distinguished from *ai* (food). 3. The galaxy; the Milky Way.
- ia** (i'a), n. Same as *ie*.
- ia** (iā'), prep. To; of; for; by; with; on account of; in respect of. Used before proper names of persons and before pronouns.
- ia** (i'ā), pron. He; she; it. The third person singular number of the personal pronoun. *E uwe ana ia (keiki)*; it (the child) is crying.
- ia** (i'a), v. Same as *ie*.
- lagua** (i'a-gū'a), n. A leopard-like mammal; a jaguar; the American tiger.
- laha** (i-ā'hā), pron. [I, to, and aha, what.] To what; for what: properly written as two separate words, as, *i aha, to what. I aha ka make-make?* For what is the desire?
- lahona** (iā-hō'nā). [Properly *i ahona*, a part of a phrase.] See *ahona*.
- iako** (i-ā-kō), n. 1. The arched sticks which connect a canoe with its outrigger. *Ka iako o ka waa, o ka hau ka iako paa*. 2. The number forty: used generally in counting *tapas*: *A me na iako kapa he nui loa*; and the very many forties of *tapas*.
- iako** (i-ā-kō'), n. One skilled in clearing, emptying and refitting a damaged canoe. *He iako, he mea i aoia i ka holo moara a me ka luu kai*.
- ialoa** (i'a-lō'a), n. A dead body embalmed and dried, or otherwise preserved from putrefaction.
- ialoa** (i'a-lō'a), v. To preserve dead bodies by salting them; to bury dead bodies with perfumes; to embalm.
- ialoko** (i-ā-lō'-kō), n. 1. The side or part that is within; the inner surface or space; inside. 2. That which is contained; contents; inward parts; entrails. 3. Inner thoughts or feelings. *ialoko o ke kanaka*; the inner thoughts of man.
- iamo** (i-ā'-mo), v. To leap into the water from a height without splash or spatter. Also called *iomo*, erroneously. (The acme of a Hawaiian's skill in leaping into the water is not only to cause no splash at entry, but to glide (*pahi'a*), under water a distance so as not to disturb the bubbling or ebullating effect of his leap.)
- iana** (i-a'nā), n. The owl.
- lanei** (i'a-ne'i), adv. Here; at this place.
- lanuari** (i-ā-nū-ā'-ri), n. January, the name of the first month in the year. *Kaelo* was one name of the corresponding month in the old Hawaiian calendar, though it varied in different localities.
- iao** (i-ā'o), n. A species of small fish generally used for bait.
- lasepi** (i'a-sē'-pī), n. [Biblical.] A precious stone, probably a dark-green opalescent stone; a jasper.
- iau** (i-ā'ū), n. See *iao*.
- iau** (i-ā'ū), pron. [A contraction of *ia au*, the objective case of the personal pronoun of the first person singular number.] To me; for me; by me.
- lawi** (i-ā-wī'), n. A drepanidine bird (*Himatione sanguinea*). See *apapane*.
- ibeka** (pronounced i-pē'ka), n. The ibex, the wild goat mentioned in the Bible. The Hawaiian word for goat is *kao*.
- ie** (i'e), adj. 1. Made of canvas, cotton, or linen; made of braided material: *lole ie*; cloth made of linen; *papale ie*; hat made of braided material. 2. Flexible; limber. 3. Of coarse texture.
- ie** (i'e), adj. Provoking; insulting.
- ie** (i'e), n. 1. Canvas; cotton; linen. 2. A tall woody climber (*Freycinetia arnotti*), a tough, wiry vine used in tying and in basketwork. See *ieie*. 3. The material used in braiding or weaving, as rushes, pandanus leaves, bamboo, etc. 4. (Mod.) A braid so made: *ie papale*, a braid for a hat, that is, material for a hat. 5. (Mod.) A woven basket: *ie pepa*, a waste

- basket. 6. The stick used in beating tapa: he ie kuku.
- ie** (i'e), v. To insult; to provoke; to pick a quarrel.
- iehova** (i-ě'-hō'-vā), n. Lord; Jehovah: the name of the one eternal, living and true God.
- ieie** (i'e-i'e), adj. Decorated or covered with the leaves of the ie. He poo ieie.
- ieie** (i'e-i'e), adj. Proud; haughty; arrogant; manifesting self-esteem.
- ieie** (i'e-i'e), n. 1. A tall woody climber (*Freycinetia arnotti*). Syn: ie. 2. The leaves of the ieie, generally made into wreaths and formerly used in decorating the gods of Hawaii: He ieie hula.
- ieie** (i'e-i'e), v. To be decorated with leaves; to be dressed in wreaths.
- ieiewaho** (i'e-i'e-wa'-hō), n. The name of the channel between Kauai and Oahu: more generally known as Kaieiewaho Channel: Kahulilua na ale o Kaieiewaho.
- ieiewe** (i-ě'-i-ě'-wě), n. (Obstetrics.) 1. The secundine. 2. The placenta.
- iekuku** (i'e-kū'-ku), n. The wooden mallet used in finishing tapa. Also called kukukapa.
- iele** (i-ě'-lě), n. A chief; a king: a distinctive appellation.
- iesuruna** (i-ě'-sū-rū'-nā), n. Jeshurun: a term applied to Israel.
- iewe** (i-ě'-wě), n. 1. The navel string. 2. The afterbirth. 3. A new born infant.
- iha** (i-hā'), v. To be intent upon; to have the mind earnestly fixed; to devote one's attention: Ua iha wale no; he gives his whole attention.
- ihaiha** (i'-hā-i'-hā), adj. Hard-drawn; stretched tight; tense; taut: Iha iha ke kaula; the rope is taut.
- ihaiha** (i'-hā-i'-hā), adj. Strained to a state of great physical or mental tension.
- ihe** (i'-hě), n. 1. A spear. 2. A short, light spear; a javelin: he ihe hulali. 3. A light lance, javelin, or spear; a dart. He ihe pakelo, ihe pahee, a me na ihe o.
- ihea** (i-hě'a), adv. To what place; whither; where: Ihea oukou? Where were you?
- ihee** (i-he'e), adj. Still; quiet; calm: Ihee ka la malie.
- ihee** (i-he'e), v. To escape; to run away from.
- iheehee** (i'-he'e-he'e), v. To cause to flow in a continuous stream of dense liquid substance, as oil; to pour out in a dense volume. E iheehee ana i ka aila iloko o ka huewai.
- iheihe** (i-hě-i'-hě), n. A species of fish (*Hemiramphus depauperatus*); the halfbeak. Same as meeme.
- ihi** (i'-hī), adj. 1. Sacred; hallowed. 2. Majestic; dignified.
- ihi** (i'-hī), n. 1. A species of plant (*Portulaca oleracea*) widely used as medicine. 2. The common purslane.
- ihi** (i'-hi), n. A crown-like headpiece marking distinctive rank. Same as i'-hi.
- ihi** (i'-hi), v. 1. To strip off the bark or skin of; to bark, flay, or decorticate; to peel. 2. To tear or strip off; to remove. Ua ihi ka la, ua wela ke pahoehoe. Syn: Maihi. 3. To cover or wrap the head, as in the ceremony of covering the head of a chief or an idol.
- ihlawaawa** (i'-hī-ā'-wā-ā'-wa), n. 1. A storm with lightning and thunder. 2. Also said to be the name of a god of thunder and lightning.
- ihihi** (i-hī-hī'), adj. Unduly or meanly sparing in the use or expenditure of money; close; niggardly; parsimonious; stingy.
- ihihi** (i-hī-hī'), v. To neigh, as a horse.
- ihihi** (i'-hī-i'-hī), adj. See ihi.
- ihihi** (i'-hī-i'-hī), interj. An exclamation expressing surprise, or wonder mingled with delight.
- ihihi** (i'-hī-i'-hī), n. 1. See ihi. 2. A fish, also called aha and kekee.
- ihilani** (i'-hī-lā-ni), n. 1. The heavenly splendor; auroral brilliancy. 2. A god of lightning.
- ihimanu** (i'-hī-mā-nū), n. The stingray. See hihimanu.
- iho** (i'-hō), adv. 1. At that time; then. (In English it is generally understood, as: Uwe iho la ia; he (then) cried.) 2. Just; exactly; precisely: ano iho nei, just now.
- iho** (i'-hō), n. 1. The soft tissue in the center of the stems and branches of oxogenous plants; the

- pith. 2. The axis of the earth. 3. The axle or axle-tree, as of a wheel. See *paepaekomo*. 4. An inferior grade of *tapa*; the superior being known as *kilohana*. 5. The medial sheet of a set of *kuina tapa*.
- Iho** (ĩ'hõ), prep. To or towards a lower place; down: *Lele iho oe*; you jump down.
- Iho** (ĩ'hõ), pron. 1. Self used with nouns or pronouns. *Eia ko'u manao no'u iho*; here is my opinion of myself. 2. Own: used after a possessive. *Kona iho*; his own.
- Iho** (ĩ'hõ), v. To go down; to descend, as from a higher to a lower place.
- Ihoiho** (ĩ'hõ-ĩ'hõ), n. 1. The solid, heavy part of timber; the heart of a tree. 2. A torch or torch-light; a flambeau. 4. A candle.
- Ihoihokukui** (ĩ'hõ-ĩ'hõ-kũ-kũ'i), n. One or more strings of *kukui* nuts, used for torches.
- Iholena** (ĩ'hõ-lẽ'nã), n. A variety of the banana (*Musa sapientum*), having light green leaves and stems of light green with black streaks: formerly permitted to be eaten under the *tabu* system: *Eia na maia a Papa e ai ai, o ka populu, o ka iholena*.
- Ihona** (ĩ'hõ'nã), n. A descending; a going down; a descent.
- Ihope** (ĩ'hõ'pẽ), adv. To or toward the rear; in the direction of the back; backward: *E nee ihope*; move back.
- Ihu** (ĩ'hũ), n. 1. The nose of a person. 2. The bill of a bird. 3. The snout of an animal. 4. The bowsprit of a ship. 5. The fore part of a canoe. 6. A form of affectionate salutation expressed by the contact with pressure of the noses; hence, a kiss. *Homai ka ihu*; give me (the nose) a kiss.
- Ihuanu** (ĩ'hũ-ã'nũ), n. 1. An upland wind of *Kawela*. *O ka ihuanu he makani ia no Kawela mauka mai*. 2. The name of an odoriferous tree or shrub growing in *Kawela*.
- Ihuanunu** (ĩ'hũ-hã-nũ'nũ), adj. Hard breathing; snoring.
- Ihuihu** (ĩ'hũ-ĩ'hũ), adj. Standing up straight; directed upward; erect.
- Ihuku** (ĩ'hũ-kũ'), n. 1. The act of holding up one's nose, as in pride or anger. 2. Anger. 3. Contempt.
- Ihuku** (ĩ'hũ-kũ'), v. To turn up the nose, as in anger or contempt. See *ihupii*.
- Ihukukani** (ĩ'hũ-kũ-kã'ni), adj. Hard breathing; snorting.
- Ihukukani** (ĩ'hũ-kũ-kã'ni), n. The act of snorting; a snort.
- Ihumaa** (ĩ'hũma'a), adj. Disobedient; mischievous.
- Ihuna** (ĩ'hũ-nã'), adj. 1. Inclined to snore. 2. Inclined or given to mischief; mischievous.
- Ihunana** (ĩ'hũ-nã-nã'), adj. 1. Hard breathing; snoring. 2. Venturesome; confident; bold.
- Ihunono** (ĩ'hũ-nõ-nõ'), adj. See *ihunana*.
- Ihunono** (ĩ'hũ-nõ-nõ'), n. 1. The act of snoring; a snore.
- Ihunono** (ĩ'hũ-nõ-nõ'), v. To snore, as in one's sleep. See *nono, nonoo, none*.
- Ihuolaola** (ĩ'hũ-õ-lã'-õ-lã'), n. 1. A snoring nose. 2. A hard breathing; a snoring.
- Ihupapa** (ĩ'hũ-pã'pã), adj. Same as *ihupepe*.
- Ihupepe** (ĩ'hũ-pẽ-pẽ), adj. Flat-nosed.
- Ihupepe** (ĩ'hũ-pẽ-pẽ), n. 1. A flat nose. 2. A flat-nosed person.
- Ihupii** (ĩ'hũ-pi'i), n. The act of turning up one's nose, as in pride; hence, anger; contempt.
- Ihupii** (ĩ'hũ-pi'i), v. To turn up the nose, as in contempt.
- Ii** (ĩ-ĩ'), adj. 1. Sour; mouldy; musty. Syn: *Punahelu*. 2. Covetous; close; niggardly. 3. Cruel; selfish. 4. Hard to lift or carry; weighty; heavy.
- Ii** (i'i), adj. 1. Stinted; unthrifty. 2. Stiff; tight, as a rope. 3. Close; parsimonious.
- Ii** (i'i), n. 1. A gathering together; a collecting, as of small things: *Ua ike lakou i ka ii o na kanaka i ka poaaha*; they saw the gathering of the mulberry bark by the people. 2. A gurgling of the voice from throat, as in chanting: *O ka mea lea i ke olioli, aia a loa ka ii iloko o ka puu*. 3. Something heavy or difficult to lift; a heavy weight. 4. A drepanidine bird (*Himatione sanguinea*). See *apani*. 5. A species of fish.
- Ii** (ĩ-ĩ'), n. Selfishness; cruelty; stinginess.

- li (i'ī'), n. Mould; rust; anything indicating rust or decay.
- li (i'i), v. To collect; to gather up; to bring together. Ke ii nei ka aha. Syn: Noii.
- li (i'ī'), v. 1. To be mouldy or musty. Ua ii ka ai; the food is musty. 2. To be lost; to be forgotten. Ua ii na olelo kahiko.
- liaao (i-ī-ā-ā'o), n. Hard, mouldy food, such as dried taro or potato.
- lii (i-i'i), adj. Below the ordinary size; diminutive; stunted; dwarfish.
- lii (i-i'i), n. 1. A child of slow growth; a person of small stature. 2. A person, animal, or plant that is unnaturally small or has been stunted in development; a dwarf. 3. Smallness in stature; the condition of being stunted in development; dwarfishness. 4. A plant, formerly used as food in time of scarcity.
- lii (i-i'i), v. To choke; to restrain; to hedge up.
- liika (i'ī-i'kā), n. 1. The mark left on the skin after the healing of a wound or sore; a scar. 2. A cicatrix.
- lina (i'ī-i'nā), v. To desire strongly. Syn: Iini.
- lika (i'ī-kā), adj. Wanting in flesh or substance; lean; shrunken; thin; lank.
- like (i'ī-kē), adj. Marked by keen perception or discernment; keen-witted; shrewd; sharp.
- limo (i'ī-mō), v. To close and open the eyelids quickly; also, to draw the eyelids together, as in conveying a hint or making a sign; to wink.
- lini (i'ī-nī), n. The act or feeling of one who yearns; a strong emotion of longing or desire, especially with tenderness; a yearning.
- lini (i'ī-nī), v. To desire; to wish for; to long after.
- liwi (i'ī-wī), n. A species of bird (*Vestiaria coccinea*).
- liwipolena (i'ī-wī-pō-lē-nā), n. A bird; same as liwi; also called polena.
- ika (i'kā'), adj. Carried along by a current; floating; drifting.
- ika (i-kā'), n. 1. Goods cast or swept from a vessel into the sea and found floating; flotsam; jetsam. 2. The sides of a taro patch, or of a mala (garden) where the grass is thrown.
- ika (i-kā'), v. 1. To float ashore; to be driven on shore by the surf. 2. To be turned aside from a straight course, as a vessel by the wind and current; to drift.
- ikai (i-kā'i), adv. Towards the sea; opposed to iuka, inland.
- ikaika (i-kā'i-kā), adj. Strong; powerful; energetic.
- ikaika (i-kā'i-kā), adv. Strongly; powerfully; energetically.
- ikaika (i-kā'i-kā), n. Strength; power; energy.
- ikaika (i-kā'i-kā), v. 1. To exercise muscular strength; to be strong. 2. To become powerful. 3. To be energetic.
- ike (i'kē), n. Knowledge; instruction; understanding.
- ike (i'kē), v. 1. To see; to perceive by the eye. 2. To perceive mentally; to know; to understand. 3. To receive, as a caller. 4. To have carnal knowledge of.
- ikea (i-kē'a), v. [A contraction of ikeia, the passive form of the verb ike.] To be seen; to be known; to be understood.
- ikeakaka (i'kē-ā-kā-ko), n. A positive knowledge; a clear vision; a perfect understanding.
- ikeakaka (i'kē-ā-kā-ka), v. To know clearly; to perceive distinctly; to understand plainly.
- ikeike (i'kē-i'kē), v. See ike.
- ikemaka (i'kē-mā-kā), n. One that sees with his own eyes, or knows a thing of his own knowledge; an eye-witness; a witness.
- ikemaka (i'kē-mā-ka), v. To see with the eyes; to know by sight.
- iki (i'kī), adj. Small; little. A diminutive often used as a compound element; as, kamaiki, the little one.
- iki (i'kī), adv. 1. Almost; nearly. 2. Not much; slightly.
- ikiiki (i'kī-i'kī), adj. 1. Close and hot, as the air of a crowded room. 2. Tight, as a bandage or clothes.
- ikiiki (i'kī-i'kī), n. 1. Closeness; lack of air. 2. The act of strangling, or the state of being strangled. 3. Severe pain. 4. The pangs of death. 5. Lassitude caused by heat. 6. A panting for breath. 7. The name of the sixth month of the Hawaiian calendar, corresponding to May. (The names and or-

- der of the months varied, however, in different localities.)
- Ikiiki** (i'-ki-i'-ki), v. 1. To be pressed; to be compelled to do a thing. 2. to be harassed; to be vexed. 3. To be weary of refraining from. 4. To pant for breath, as one dying.
- Ikiki** (i'-ki'-ki), n. Same as ikiiki.
- Ikimakua** (i'-ki-mā-kū'a), n. The name of a stone out of which the maika, bowling, stones were made.
- Iko** (i'-kō'), v. To imitate; to copy.
- Ikoī** (i'-kō'i), n. A buoy; a float, as of a net; usually made of hau or wiliwili wood.
- Iku** (i'-kū), interj. All at once! All together! An exclamation giving encouragement to persons about to exert themselves in some physical effort.
- Ikuā** (i'-kū-ā'), n. The eleventh month in the Hawaiian calendar, corresponding to October; also written Ikuwa. (This varied according to locality.)
- Ikuiku** (i'-kū-i'-kū), n. An offensive smell. Syn: Okaoka.
- Ikuwa** (i'-kū-wā'), adj. 1. Clamorous; vociferous. 2. Making a confused noise; chirping noisily.
- Ikuwa** (i'-kū-wā'), n. 1. Any loud, repeated outcry; a clamor. 2. A confusion of cheerful notes made by birds; a vociferous chirping. 3. An echo. 4. Same as ikua, the name of a month.
- Ikuwa** (i'-kū-wā'), v. 1. To utter loud outcries; to vociferate; to clamor. 2. To give the short, high-pitched, cheerful sound of a bird; to chirp noisily. Ka leo o na kahuli e ikuwa ana.
- Ila** (i'-lā), n. A small permanent spot on the skin; a birthmark; a mole.
- Ilaīa** (i'-lā'i-lā), adv. In that place; there.
- Ilaīau** (i'-lā'i-lā'u), n. See laulele.
- Ilo** (i'-lā-lō), adv. In a lower place; down; downwards; below.
- Ilamuku** (i'-lā-mū-kū), n. 1. An officer who enforces the orders of a chief or of a judge; an executive officer. 2. An executioner; a destroyer. 3. A marshal; a sheriff.
- Ili** (i'-li), n. 1. The stranding of a ship on a shore or rock. 2. The descent of property to the heir of the last holder; an inheritance. 3. The skin of a person or animal.
4. The bark of a tree; the outer layer of any vegetable or fruit.
5. The surface of any substance. Elua no ano o na ili, o ka ili laumania a o ka ili hualala. 6. A small district of land, next smaller than an ahupuaa: He kanakolu-kumamakolu mau ili iloko o ke ahupuaa o Honolulu; there are thirty-three ilis in the ahupuaa of Honolulu. (An ili was not necessarily all in one piece, but might consist of a number of detached lele or "jumps." The ili of Puna-hou was of this kind.) 7. A small, smooth stone worn by the water; a pebble. 8. A side; a surface: ili o ka wai, surface of the water.
- Ili** (i'-li), v. 1. To strike or run aground, as a boat; to strike a shoal or rock. 2. To be cast away; to be stranded: Ua ili ka moku a nahaha; the ship was stranded and was broken up. 3. To rest on land, as a boat when the water subsides; to stick fast. 4. To lay the responsibility upon one; to make one responsible. 5. To come upon one, as a blessing or a curse; to inherit.
- Iliahi** (i'-li-ā-hi), n. A sandalwood tree (*Santalum freycinetianum*). Its timber, known in commerce as yellow sandalwood, commands a high price now on account of its scarcity. Its wood is deeply scented, whence the name laau ala (scented wood).
- Iliaina** (i'-li-ā'i-na), n. A division of land smaller than an ahupuaa; subdivided in turn into moo-aina.
- Iliāu** (i'-li-ā'u), n. A species of shrub (*Wilkesia gymnoxiphium*) having medicinal properties.
- Iliee** (i'-li-e'e), n. Same as hilee.
- Ilihau** (i'-li-hā'u), n. The bark of the hau tree, of which ropes are made: He ilihau ke kaula.
- Ilihee** (i'-li-he'e), n. A shrub. The root is very acrid and is used as a medicine. Also called hilee.
- Ilihelo** (i'-li-hē-lo), n. Farmers who worked but little; that is, who tilled the soil in an unsystematic manner, doing here a little and there a little, with no fixed purpose, as distinguished from ilipilo, industrious and systematic cultivators: o ka poe mahiai liliū ua kapaia lakou he ilihelo. (Not now in use.)

- Iihia** (i'-li-hi'a), adj. Awful; reverential; sublime.
- Iihia** (i'-li-hi'a), n. Fear; awe; reverence.
- Iihia** (i'-li-hi'a), v. To be overcome with awe and reverence.
- Iihilauna** (i-li-hi-la-u-na), v. See **ihilauna**.
- Iiholo** (i'-li-ho-lo), n. Same as **ihelo**.
- Iihune** (i'-li-hu-ne), adj. Poor; destitute of property; indigent.
- Iihune** (i'-li-hu-ne), v. To be poor; to be in need; to be without means.
- Iiili** (i'-li-i-li), n. 1. Small, smooth stones worn by the water; pebbles. 2. Small stones used in the game of **konane** (checkers).
- Iikai** (i'-li-ka-i), adj. Horizontal: **kaha iikai**, horizontal line.
- Iikai** (i'-li-ka-i), n. The surface of the sea.
- Iikala** (i'-li-ka-la), n. A shark skin; especially, the skin stretched over and fastened to a coconut shell, which formed a kind of drum.
- Iikani** (i'-li-ka-ni), n. Same as **ilikala**.
- Iikea** (i-li-ke-a), n. 1. Light colored skin. 2. A person with a clear, light skin.
- Iiki** (i-li-ki), n. 1. A rapid onset; a dash, as with a weapon; a heavy downpour, as a rainstorm. 2. Same as **iki**, which see.
- Iiki** (i-li-ki), v. To dash; to strike against, as a weapon; to pour down in a torrent, as a rainstorm.
- Iikole** (i'-li-ko-le), adj. 1. Not full-grown; not mature or ripe; immature. **He niu iikole**. 2. Being completely without something regarded as necessary or desirable; poverty-stricken; poor; destitute.
- Iikona** (i'-li-ko-na), n. A small, hard protuberance on the skin; a wart.
- Iikone** (i'-li-ko-ne), adj. Same as **ilikole**.
- Iiku** (i'-li-ku), n. [Contraction of **ili kupono**.] A nearly independent **ili** or division of land within an **ahupuaa**, tributary directly to the king and not, or only slightly, to the chief of the **ahupuaa**. **Honohonou** on the island of Hawaii, was an **iliku**.
- Iilihia** (i-li-hi-hi'a), adj. See **ilihia**.
- Iilua** (i-li-lu-a), n. [**Ili**, skin, and **lua**, second.] 1. The second skin or new skin that follows on the healing of a sore. 2. The outside corrugated bark of a plant. 3. The wrinkly skin incident to old age. Same as **ilipakalua**. 4. Hence, old age; an aged person.
- Iiluna** (i'-li-lu-na), n. 1. The upper skin; hence, the surface; the top. 2. The outer bark which is scraped off in making **tapa**.
- Iilima** (i-li-ma), n. 1. A green and yellow-flowered plant of the genus **Sida**, the blossoms of which are woven into garlands for personal adornment. 2. The region on the side of a mountain next below the **apaa**, said to abound with **ilima**.
- Iimano** (i'-li-ma-no), n. The shark skin; used for making drum heads.
- Iilina** (i-li-na), n. 1. An enclosure devoted to the burial of the dead; a graveyard. 2. A place where many are buried, as distinguished from a **hunakele**, where only one is buried. 3. A sepulchre; a tomb or vault; a grave.
- Iinawai** (i-li-na-wa-i), n. A place where a brook loses itself in the ground.
- Iio** (i-li-o), adv. Hypocritically; falsely.
- Iio** (i-li-o), n. 1. A dog: **iio hihii**, a wild dog—a wolf; **iio hahai**, a pursuing dog—a greyhound. 2. The brace that holds the rafter to the cross beam. 3. A catamite. 4. Poetical for cloud. (The Hawaiian poet personified the clouds as **iio**, dogs, as he had no nobler animals. With the term he coupled some descriptive adjective, as: **uli**, dark; **ehu**, red; **hakeakea**, pink, etc.)
- Iioeha** (i-li-o-eha), n. A species of fish of the **acanthuroid** family.
- Iioehu** (i-li-o-eh-hu), n. A cloud having a ruddy tint.
- Iiohae** (i-li-o-ha-e), n. 1. A fierce dog. 2. A wolf.
- Iiohe** (i-li-o-he), n. 1. A common weed (**Erigeron canadensis**). 2. A certain species of the algae, having broad leaves.
- Iiohihiihae** (i-li-o-hi-hi-ha-e), n. 1. A fierce, wild dog. 2. A wolf.
- Iiolelo** (i-li-o-le-lo), n. One who tattles or gossips; a talebearer; a tattler.
- Iiolelo** (i'-li-o-le-lo), v. To tell tales; to gossip; to tattle.
- Iiomaka** (i'-li-o-ma-ka), n. The fore-skin.

- Iiomea** (i-lī-ō-mē'-a), n. A light gray or white cloud.
- Iiouli** (i-lī'-ō-ū-li), n. A dark cloud; a rain cloud.
- Iipakalua** (i-lī-pā'-ka-lū'a), n. Same as *ililua*, and more modern. 1. Wrinkled skin. 2. The rough outer bark of a plant or fruit.
- Iipalapala** (i'-lī-pā'-lā-pā'-lā), n. The skin of animals prepared for writing; a parchment.
- Iipilo** (i'-lī-pī'-lo), n. An efficient farmer; one who cultivated industriously and systematically, working all day, as distinguished from *ilihelo*, a shiftless and unsystematic farmer who worked but little: o ka poe mahiai a po ka la ua kapaiia lakou he iipilo. (Not now in use).
- Iiwahi** (i'-lī-wā-hī'), n. The sheath of a sword or similar bladed weapon; any sheath; a case or covering, as for a sword; a scabbard.
- Iiwai** (i'-lī-wā'i), adj. 1. Lying in a plane; level; even; plane. 2. Horizontal: he kaha iiwai, a horizontal line. Syn: *Iikai*.
- Iiwai** (i'-lī-wā'i), n. 1. A horizontal line, plane, surface, or position; a level. 2. A leveling instrument. 3. A flexible tube or pipe of rubber, etc., for conveying water; a hose.
- Ilo** (i'-lō), n. 1. The larva of a fly; a maggot. 2. Any creeping or crawling animal, whether large or small, as a grub, caterpillar, or the like; a worm. See *enuhe*.
- Iloilo** (i'-lō-i'-lō), adj. Full of worms or maggots; wormy.
- Iloilo** (i'-lō-i'-lō), v. To be full of worms; to be wormy. Ua iloilo ka ia, ua kauia nae e ka iloilo lili.
- Iloko** (i'-lō-kō), prep. In; inside; within.
- Ioli** (i'-lō-lī), n. 1. A strong smell; an offensive odor: Ka ioli o ka mano. 2. The unpleasant sensations of pregnancy.
- Iluna** (i-lū'-nā), adv. Toward a higher place or level; upward; up.
- Iluna** (i-lū'-nā), prep. Up; upon; above.
- Imaka** (i'-mā-ka), n. A watchtower.
- Imi** (i'-mī), v. 1. To search for; to explore thoroughly; to look for; to go in search or quest of; to try to discover; to seek. E imi hala; to seek evil. 2. To try or examine, as by probing or testing; to examine with close attention to detail.
- Imihala** (i'-mī-hā'-lā), v. To find fault with; to blame.
- Imihale** (i'-mī-hā'-lē), n. One who is a seeker of property; a heritage seeker, in distinction from one who is to possess it, known as the *noho hale*: O Kamehameha ka imihale, o Liholiho ka noho hale.
- Imihale** (i'-mī-hā'-lē), v. To seek an inheritance for one's children.
- Imihia** (i'-mī-hī'a), v. The passive form of the verb *imi*. (The "h" being inserted in *imihia* for the sake of euphony).
- Imiimi** (i'-mī-i'-mī), v. Freq. of *imi*.
- Imiolelo** (i'-mī-ō-lē'-lō), v. 1. To lie. 2. To obtain a thing by false statements. 3. To prattle; to tell tales; to slander. 4. To find words to accomplish a purpose.
- Imo** (i'-mō), n. A wink; a winking; a twinkling.
- Imo** (i'-mō), v. 1. To wink. Syn: *Amo*. 2. To snap, as the eyes on drinking something very acid. 3. To twinkle, as a star.
- Imoimo** (i'-mō-i'-mō), adv. At a great distance; very far off.
- Imoimo** (i'-mō-i'-mō), v. See *imo*.
- Imu** (i'-mū), n. A place for baking food; a pit for roasting meat; an oven. Syn: *Umu*.
- Imua** (i-mū'a), prep. Before; in front of; in the presence of. Imua no o Kekuokalani a make.
- Imuli** (i-mū-lī), prep. At the back of; in the rear; behind.
- Imuloa** (i'-mū-lō'a), n. A long oven or imu; a shallow, oblong pit for sweating the sick. In preparing the *imuloa*, *uhaloa* and *lama* were used for fuel to produce live coals, over which were spread a thick layer of ape leaves. Upon this bed of green leaves the naked patient was laid and covered up with enough *tapa* to confine the steam. Then the practice of exorcism was performed with prayers to *Lono* and *Hina*.
- Imuloa** (i'-mū-lō'a), v. To perform the practice of sweating in the *imuloa*; to cause to sweat by steam, especially in an oven, or *imu*.
- Ina** (i-nā'), adv. In truth; in fact; indeed.
- Ina** (i-nā'), adv. At this place; right here. It is always followed by the

- verbal directive iho: Ina iho ke ala; here is the way.
- Ina (i-nā'), conj. Provided or on condition that; if.
- Ina (i-nā'), interj. An exclamation expressive of a wish. O that! Would that! Ina no au i make nou! O that I had died for thee!
- Ina (i'-nā), n. A sea egg; a sea-urchin.
- Ina (i-nā'), n. The presence of a person, place or thing.
- Ina (i'-nā), v. 1. To raise by means of a lever; to pry up. 2. To vary in utterance for the sake of the expression; to modulate: E ina ka leo; modulate the voice.
- Ina (i-nā'), v. To go; to do (something): used imperatively. Ina kakou; let us go. 2. To make speed; to be quick: used in exhortation: Ina hoi: let us be quick.
- Inahea (i'-nā-hē'a), adv. At what time? When? Inahea oe i hele mai ai? When did you come?
- Inai (i-na'i), n. A relish; a condiment.
- Inaina (i-nā'i-nā), adj. 1. Moved with anger; full of wrath; wrathful; angry. 2. Feeling or manifesting hatred; malignant; hateful.
- Inaina (i-nā'i-nā), n. 1. Anger; rage; wrath. 2. Malice; hatred.
- Inaina (i'-nā-i'-nā), n. The reddish evacuation which precedes labor in childbirth. Ua hemo ka inaina o ke keiki, ua kokoke paha i ka manawa e hanau ai.
- Inaina (i-nā'i-nā), v. 1. To be angry with; to be affected with anger. 2. To dislike; to abhor; to hate.
- Inaina (i'-nā-i'-nā), v. To shake; to move; to disturb; to stir.
- Inainaia (i-nā'i-nā-i'a), adj. Regarded with aversion; held in disfavor; disliked; hated.
- Inaleo (i'-nā-lē'o), n. A preposition; a word which denotes the relation of an object to an action or thing, so called because it is usually placed before its object.
- Inalua (i'-nā-lū'a), n. A trap-like basket used in catching fish. He inalua, he huehue, he laau hihi, he mea hopu ia.
- Inamona (i'-nā-mō'-nā), n. The meat of the kukui nut roasted and pounded up with salt as a relish for food.
- Inana (i-nā'-nā), v. To walk about idly, without any definite object; to roam about; to loaf.
- Inana (i-nā-nā'), -v. Let me see; show me, etc. Used only imperatively.
- Inane (i-nā'-nē), v. Same as inana.
- Ine (i'-nē), conj. A corruption of ina.
- Inea (i'-nē'a), adj. 1. Unfortunate; unsuccessful; calamitous. 2. Without reward; useless; vain: He hana inea ka hewa; Sin is labor without reward. 3. (Rare, applied to persons.) True, staunch, steadfast: hoa inea, a true friend, that is, one who is a companion in hardship or misfortune.
- Inea (i-nē'a), n. Hard toil with little reward; fruitless labor: Na hoa o keia inea, o ka poe nana e waele.
- Inehinei (i-nē'-hī-nē'i), adv. Yesterday; on the day last past: inehinei kela la aku, day before yesterday.
- Inei (i-ne'i), adv. Here; at this place. Syn: Ianei.
- Inehinei (i-nē'-hī-nē'i), adv. Same as inehinei.
- Ineka (i-nē'-kā), n. See inika.
- Iniha (i-nī'-hā), n. An inch, the twelfth part of a foot.
- Iniiniki (i'-nī-i-nī'-kī), v. To pinch often or frequently; to nip a little. See iniki.
- Inika (i-nī'-kā), n. 1. Ink; a colored liquid used in writing; hence, the Hawaiian equivalent waielele (black water). 2. A species of plant (*Basella rubra*).
- Iniki (i-nī'-kī), v. 1. To squeeze between two hard edges, as between a thumb and a finger; to pinch. 2. To snatch away; to carry off; to nip off.
- Inikini (i'-nī-kī-nī), n. Indians, the aborigines of America: He nui na lahui inikini e noho ana ma Amerika; many are the tribes of Indians in America.
- Ino (i'-nō), adj. Bad; wicked; vile; sinful.
- Ino (i'-nō), adv. 1. In a bad manner; improperly; wickedly; badly. 2. Much; very; exceedingly: an intensive word: aloha ino; exceedingly loving.
- Ino (i'-nō), n. 1. Iniquity; depravity; wickedness. 2. A poor grade, character, or quality: Ke ino o ka

- pepa a me ka inika; the poor quality of the paper and ink. 3. A gale; a storm of wind and rain; a tempest: he ino huhu, a horrible tempest. 4. The commotion, disturbance, or agitation of a multitude; a tumult: He ino o uka, ke lele ino mai nei ke ao.
- Ino** (i'no), v. 1. To be or become worthless; to become bad. 2. To be infected or contaminated; to become corrupt. 3. To injure; to hurt: Oia ka mea e ino ai ke kino; that is what injures the body.
- Inoa** (i-no'a), n. A name, the distinctive appellation by which a person or thing is known.
- Inoino** (i'no-i'no), adj. 1. Bad; worthless. 2. Despicable. 3. Poor in quality. 4. In poor condition. 5. Disorderly.
- Inoino** (i'no-i'no), n. 1. Badness; worthlessness. 2. Indecency. 3. A bad disposition.
- Inoino** (i'no-i'no), v. 1. To be bad; to be worthless. 2. To be displeasing. (Antonym for maikai). 3. To be sad; to be grieved: No ke aha la i inoino ai kou maka? Why is your countenance sad? 4. To be tempestuous. Inoino ke kai; the sea is tempestuous. (The meaning is distinguished by intonation.)
- Inu** (i'nu), n. 1. Any liquid for drinking; a beverage; a drink. 2. The act or habit of taking spirituous liquors, especially to excess; drinking: ka ino o ka inu; the act of drinking.
- Inu** (i'nu), v. 1. To take a liquid into the stomach through the mouth; to drink. 2. To drink or take in, as intoxicating liquors; to imbibe.
- Inuwai** (i'nu-wa'i), n. 1. The name of a sea breeze which blows over the island of Lehua, near Kauai. 2. The name of a temperance society that once existed among the Hawaiians.
- Io** (i'o), adj. Not imaginary; true; real: Ua paa ka manao o na kanaka he akua io no o Lono; the minds of the people were firm (in the belief that) that Lono (Captain Cook) was a real god.
- Io** (i'o), adv. Truly; really; verily; certainly: Ua hana io no oia pela; he really did so.
- Io** (i-o'), adv. In that place; at a distance; yonder: Aia no ia io; there he is yonder.
- Io** (i'o), n. A bundle, package or parcel made up for transportation or storing. (Applies only to food-stuffs). He io paakai; a bundle of salt. 2. One who announces the approach of a chief; a forerunner. 3. A large buteonine hawk (*Buteo solitarius*); a buzzard. 4. A sport in which the object of the players is to keep from being caught or touched by the one who chases them for that purpose, similar to the game of tag.
- Io** (i'o), n. 1. Lean flesh; the animal muscle: He io kue; an antagonistic muscle. 2. Flesh in general. 3. One's person. 4. Kindred; relatives. 5. Reality; truth; verity. 6. The substance of a matter; the main point; the gist.
- Io** (i-o'), prep. To; towards: used before proper names and pronouns. See ia.
- Io** (i'o), v. To hasten away with fear; to flee.
- Io** (i'o), v. To be loaded down with bundles. See laulau.
- Ioena** (i-o-e-na), adj. 1. Wild; savage; untamed. 2. Not sociable; averse to companionship.
- Ioio** (i'o-i'o), adj. Chirping; peeping: He manu ioio; a peeping bird (swallow).
- Ioio** (i'o-i'o), n. The clitoris.
- Ioio** (i'o-i'o), v. 1. To utter a low sharp sound; to chirp; to cheep; to peep. 2. To project upward, as the peak of a mountain: Ioio ae ana o Puuonioni e oni ae ana e like me Maunakea. 3. To taper.
- Ioio** (i'o-i'o'), v. To look here and there, as a thief who is about to steal.
- Ioiolea** (i'o-i'o-le'a), adj. 1. Brisk; spirited; lively. 2. Quick tempered; angry. 3. Lean; feeble. 4. Shabby.
- Ioiolepo** (i'o-i'o-le-pō), n. 1. A bearer of tidings; a messenger to carry news. 2. A tattler; an idle talker.
- Iokupu** (i'o-kū-pū), n. 1. A polypus, a disease of the nose. 2. A gum boil. A small boil formed on the gum. 3. The lampers, a disease in the roof of a horse's mouth.
- Iolana** (i'o-lā-nā), v. To float in the air, as a bird.

- Iole** (i-ō'-le), n. A mouse or rat: Iole nui; a wharf rat, a rabbit, or a mole.
- Iolea** (i'ō-lē'a), adj. 1. Wild; savage; untamed. 2. Not sociable; averse to companionship.
- Iolenui** (i-ō'-lē-nū'i), n. A rat, especially the large wharf-rat. Properly written as two separate words, iole nui.
- Iolerabati** (i-ō'-lē-la-pa-ki), n. A rabbit. Properly written as two separate words, iole rabati.
- Ioliu** (i'ō-lī'u), n. The lean flesh inside the backbone of beef, etc., adjoining the ribs. The flesh outside of it is called uhau.
- Iomaha** (i'ō-mā'hā), n. The temple muscle. Properly written as two separate words, io maha.
- Iomo** (i-ō'-mō), v. 1. To drop suddenly into the water without a splash. 2. To leap into the water without a spatter, as a frog. Also written iamo.
- Iopono** (i'ō-pō'-nō), n. 1. A class of persons, generally high chiefs, who were formerly entrusted with the care of the person and effects of the king. 2. A relative or friend whose faithfulness may be trusted: He hoahanau iopono no kela nou, ua make no oe he iopono.
- Ipo** (i'-pō), n. 1. A sweetheart. 2. A paramour.
- Ipo** (i'-pō), v. 1. To become a sweetheart or a paramour.
- Ipoipo** (i'-pō-i'-pō), v. See ipo.
- Ipu** (i'-pū), n. 1. Any cucurbitaceous plant, and its fruit, as melon, pumpkin, etc. 2. A general name for a vessel or container, as dish, cup, mug, etc., each kind being designated by some additional word expressive of its use.
- Ipuahi** (i'-pū-ā'-hī), n. A vessel for burning incense, especially in religious ceremonies; a thurible; a censer.
- Ipuai** (i'-pū-ā'i), n. A calabash or vessel for containing food.
- Ipuaimaka** (i'-pū-ā'i-mā'-kā), n. The fruit of certain species of plant of the gourd family (Cucurbitaceae), especially the muskmelon or the watermelon, which is eaten raw.
- Ipuala** (i'-pū-ā'-lā), n. 1. A box for containing the several articles used in making one's toilet. 2. The aromatic fruit of a certain species of the melon, as the muskmelon, the cantaloupe, nutmeg, or citron.
- Ipuauau** (i'-pū-ā'u-ā'u), n. A large basin or other receptacle to wash in: a washbasin; a laver.
- Ipuawa** (i'-pū-ā'-wā), n. The bitter calabash.
- Ipuawaawa** (i'-pū-ā'-wā-ā'-wā), n. Same as ipuawa.
- Ipubaka** (i'-pū-bā'-kā), n. A tobacco pipe.
- Ipuhao** (i'-pū-hā'o), n. An iron pot.
- Ipuhaole** (i'-pū-hā'-ō-lē), n. A foreign ipu; hence, a watermelon.
- Ipuholoholona** (i'-pū-hō'-lō-hō'-lō'-nā), n. 1. A vessel or calabash for bait. 2. A long upright calabash for holding a fisherman's outfit, as lines, hooks, bait, etc.
- Ipuholoi** (i'-pū-hō'-lō'i), n. A wash basin. Syn: Ipuauau.
- Ipuia** (i'-pū-i'a), n. A vessel or dish for containing fish or meat.
- Ipuinika** (i'-pū-i-nī'-kā), n. An inkwell; an inkstand.
- Ipuka** (i'-pū'-kā), n. 1. Any means or avenue of exit or entrance; a passageway; a door. 2. A movable barrier closing a passage or an opening; a gate. 3. An opening in the wall for the admission of light and air; a window.
- Ipukai** (i'-pū-kā'i), n. A calabash or vessel in which fish or meat is kept or preserved.
- Ipukalua** (i'-pū-kā'-lūa), n. The edible fruit of any one of the various trailing plants of the genus Cucurbita, as the pumpkin, squash, or melon when baked.
- Ipukapuahi** (i'-pū-kā'-pū-ā'-hī), n. A censer; a thurible. See ipuahi.
- Ipukukui** (i'-pū-kū-kū'i), n. 1. A support with a socket or sockets for holding a candle or candles; a candlestick; also, a candelabra. 2. Any device employing a flame for furnishing an artificial light; a lamp.
- Ipukuniala** (i'-pū-kū-nī-ā'-lā), n. A censer; a thurible. See ipuala.
- Ipulaaui** (i'-pū-lā-ā'u), n. A wooden vessel.
- Ipulei** (i'-pū-lē'i), n. 1. A decorated calabash used as a receptacle for leis and choice tapas. 2. A person with a large body and small legs: a term of reproach to the people of Kohala. Ipulei Kohala na ka moae ku.

Ipulepo (i'pū-lē'-pō), n. A potter's vessel; an earthenware pot.

Ipunui (i'pū-nū'i), n. 1. The great bronze laver in Solomon's temple at Jerusalem. 2. A large container (ipu).

Ipupu (i'pū-pū'), n. Pumpkin or squash.

Iputi (i'pū-tī'), n. A teapot.

Ipuwaiuau (i'pū-wā'i-ā'u-ā'u), n. 1. A washbasin. Syn: Ipuauau. 2. (Biblical.) A laver. Syn: Ipuauau. 3. A class of ancient Hawaiian people who kept the genealogies of the chiefs, because they washed the characters of the chiefs so far as their pedigrees were concerned. Ua kapaia ka poe kuauhau he ipuwaiuau no na alii.

Iu (i'u), adj. Sacred; entitled to reverence or respect; not to be profaned or lightly treated; inviolable. Iu kahī o ke alii; sacred is the place of the chief.

Iu (i'u), n. 1. A tabu enforced on women after childbirth, or during the period of menstruation. 2. A sacred place; a consecrated spot: Noho ke alii i ka iu; the king sits in the sacred place.

Iubile (iū-bī-lē'), adj. Of or pertaining to jubilee; jubilant; exulting.

Iubile (iū-bī-lē'), n. The fiftieth anniversary of any event; jubilee.

Iudaio (iū-kāi'-ō), n. A descendant of Abraham; a Jew.

Iuiu (i'u-i'u), adj. Majestic; lofty; stately. See poiuiu.

Iuiu (i'u-i'u), n. A place supposed to be afar off or high up above the earth or beneath the ocean, sacred as the dwelling place of gods: Ke Akua noho i ka iuiu; the God that dwells in a place afar off.

Iuiu (i'u-i'u), v. To be afar off; to be high up; to be in a sacred place.

Iuka (i-ū'-kā), adv. Toward the interior of a land; inland.

Iulai (iū-lā'i), n. July, the seventh month of the year.

Iunipera (iū-nī-pē'-lā), n. An evergreen shrub or tree, the juniper.

Iupita (iū-pī'-kā), n. The planet Jupiter. Syn: Kaawela.

Iwa (i-wā), adj. Ninth; one of nine equal parts.

Iwa (i-wā), n. The frigate-bird (*Fregata aquila*); the man-of-war bird.

Ke ike i ka iwa,
He ia ko lalo.

Iwa (i-wa'), n. 1. A thief: named after Iwahue, a notorious thief who lived long ago.

Iwaena (i-wā'e-nā), prep. In the midst of; between; among.

Iwaenakonu (i-wā'e-nā-kō'-nū), n. The middle, the center of a circle; the middle point of a closed curve or surface; the point equally distant from the extremities, or from the different sides of anything.

Iwaho (i-wā'-hō), adv. 1. From the inside or within; out. E hele oe iwaho; you go out. 2. On the exterior; without; outside: Ua hele oia iwaho; he went outside.

Iwaiwa (i-wā-i'-wā), n. A species of fern (*Adiantum capillus-veneris*); a very delicate and graceful fern with an erect black stem, common in damp rocky woods; the maiden-hair, maiden's-hair or Venus' hair.

Iwakalua (i-wā-kā'-lū'a), adj. Twice ten; twenty: a cardinal numeral.

Iwakalua (i-wā-kā'-lū'a), n. 1. The sum of ten and ten; twice ten; twenty: a cardinal number. 2. Any symbol representing this number; as, XX.

Iwi (i-wī), adj. 1. Crooked; curved. 2. Pointed; stiffly bearded; bristled. Ina i ehuehu ma ke kikala, he hulu iwi ia puaa.

Iwi (i-wī), n. 1. A bone. 2. The midrib of a vegetable leaf. 3. The side of an upland field of taro. 4. A coconut shell. 5. The stones that mark the boundaries of lands, sometimes a low stone wall; the boundary stones or stone wall. Ka iwi o na wahi a ka poe kahiko i mahi ai; the boundary stones of the places where the ancients cultivated. 6. A corn-cob. 7. The remains of a lime-pit or lime-kiln. 8. A near kindred; a close relative: He iwi halua oe, he iwi kau i ka awaloa. 9. See iwi.

Iwi (i-wī), v. To look obliquely; to cast sidelong glances; to squint.

Iwia (i-wī-ā'), n. The jawbone; the maxillary bone.

Iwialalo (i-wī-ā'-lā'-lō), n. The lower jawbone; the inferior maxillary bone.

Iwialuna (i-wī-ā'-lū'-nā), n. The upper jawbone; the superior maxillary bone.

- Iwiaoao** (i'-wi-ā'o-ā'o), n. The rib, one of the bones attached to the spine and tending to encircle the body-cavity.
- Iwielelo** (i'-wi-ē-lē-lō), n. The hyoid bone, the bone in the base of the tongue.
- Iwihilo** (i'-wi-hī-lō), n. The thigh-bone; the femur.
- Iwihoehoe** (i'-wi-hō'e-hō'e), n. The shoulder-blade; the shoulder-bone; the scapula.
- Iwihope** (i'-wi-hō-pē), n. The occipital bone; the bone which forms the posterior segment of the skull.
- Iwihua** (i'-wi-hū'a), n. The hip-bone; a large irregular bone belonging to the pelvis, and forming the principal prominence of the hip.
- Iwiwi** (i'-wi-i'-wi), adj. 1. Showing the bones through the skin; thin; lean; bony. 2. Same as iwi.
- Iwika** (i'-wi-kā'), n. The ischium; the part of the hip-bone on which the body rests when sitting.
- Iwikaele** (i'-wi-kā-ē-lē), n. The keel of a ship; the body of a canoe: E kalai i ka iwikaele.
- Iwikala** (i'-wi-kā-lā), n. See iwikaele.
- Iwikalakua** (i'-wi-kā-lā-kū'a), n. The spines on the dorsal fin of a fish.
- Iwikalalo** (i'-wi-kā-lā-lō), n. The rays supporting the ventral fin of a fish.
- Iwikanaka** (i'-wi-kā-nā-kā), n. A human bone.
- Iwikanana** (i'-wi-kā-nā-nā), n. The frontal bone, the bone of the anterior part of the skull, forming the skeleton of the forehead.
- Iwikano** (i'-wi-kā-nō), n. The preaxial bone of the fore limb; one of the two long bones of the forearm; the radius.
- Iwikele** (i'-wi-kē-lē), n. See iwikaele.
- Iwiku** (i'-wi-kū'), n. [Iwi and ku, to stand.] One of the bones of the lower leg.
- Iwikuamoo** (i'-wi-kū-ā-mo'o), n. [Iwi and kuamo'o, lizard.] 1. The bones of the back; the backbone. 2. A near relative of a high chief whose office was to attend the person of the chief, execute his orders, etc.; ko ke ali mau iwikuamoo ponoī. Laieik. p. 35. See ilamuku and poelamuku.
- Iwilae** (i'-wi-la'e), n. The bone of the forehead.
- Iwilei** (i'-wi-le'i), n. 1. The shoulder bone; the collar bone. 2. The measure of a yard, that is, from the breast bone to the end of the longest finger.
- Iwimaha** (i'-wi-ma-ha), n. The cheek bone. He wahi iwi ewaewa ia.
- Iwiōle** (i'-wi-ō-lē), n. An adz, a tool having its blade at right angles with its handle and usually curved.
- Iwiopeapea** (i'-wi-ō-pe'a-pe'a), n. The two bones between the occipital and frontal bones that form a part of the top and sides of the cranium: the parietal bones.
- Iwipili** (i'-wi-pī-li), n. 1. The double or united bones of the arm or leg. 2. The longitudinal ridge in the pili grass that was used in thatching houses.
- Iwipona** (i'-wi-pō-na), n. [Iwi, bone, and pona, joint.] 1. A joint. 2. The bones of a person separated from each other and all jumbled together: hai pu ka iwipona i ka uwe.
- Iwipoo** (i'-wi-po'o), n. Skeleton of the head; the skull bones.
- Iwipuhaka** (i'-wi-pū-hā-ka), n. [Iwi, bone, and puhaka, loins.] The bones of the loins.
- Iwipuhi** (i'-wi-pū-hi), n. 1. A carved design on a tapa beater, consisting of a herring-bone figure with one or two long ridges in the center. 2. A variety of the banana plant and its fruit.
- Iwipuniu** (i'-wi-pū-ni-u), n. Same as iwipoo, the skull.
- Iwiuluna** (i'-wi-ū-lū-nā), n. The bone of the upper arm or fore limb; the humerus.
- Iwiūmauma** (i'-wi-ū-mā-ū-mā), n. The breastbone, the sternum.

K

K, the fifth letter of the Hawaiian alphabet. Its sound varies somewhat from the English K sound to that of the T, according as the

enunciation is made at the end of the tongue or near the root. The natives on the island of Hawaii generally pronounce the letter