

- kā mā.ua.** poss. Our, ours (*a*-form, dual, exclusive; Gram. 8.4, 9.6). (PNP *ta'a maaua*, PCP *ta maaua*.)
- kā.mau.əa.** v. To barely hold on to the breath of life, to endure unpleasant conditions in the hope of better to come; flickering of the breath. **ho'o.kā.mau.əa.** Same as above.
- kā.mauli.** n. Thank offering to the gods for abundant crops (Malo 199); ceremony to purify warriors returned from war. Cf. *mauli*, seat of life.
- kā.mau.lia.** Pas/imp. of *kāmau* 1, 2. (FS 87.)
- kama.wae.** vs. Selective, difficult to please. *Lit.*, person [who] chooses. *Keu kēlā a kahi kanaka kamawae*, what a finicky person that one is.
- kama.wahine.** n. Female person, feminine gender.
- kame.** n. Chamois. Eng.
- kā.mēha'i.** 1. n. A portion of the body (nail, hair, etc., the "bait") of a person believed killed by sorcery, placed in a spot where the supposed murderer will contact it and be killed, as in a bathing place; also used in *kuni* sorcery. (Kam. 64:126-7.) 2. vs. Unusual, surprising, astonishing. *He mea hou kāmēha'i kēlā*, that is surprising news. 3. n. Illegitimate child, since the identity of the father may be unknown.
- kā.mēha'i.kana.** n. A multitude of descendants; one of the names for the wondrous (*kāmēha'i*) goddess Hau-mea, who presided over childbirth. She was thought to have borne numerous children to one husband, then to have gone to Kahiki, later returning as a young woman to bear numerous more children; she did this for many generations; hence her name is synonymous with prolificness. *He hanauna kāmēha'ikana lākou*, they are a generation extremely numerous.
- kamēki.** nvs. Cement. Eng. *Puna kamēki*, cement.
- kamē.leona.** n. Chameleon (RSV), mole (KJV). (Oihk. 11.30.) Jackson's chameleon (*Chamaeleo jacksoni*) has been noted on O'ahu since 1972, the green anole lizard (*Anolis carolinensis porcatius*) since 1950; this is also commonly called chameleon. (McKeown 28-33.) Eng. See ex., *kohu* 1.
- kā.melo.** n. Camel. (Gr. *kamelos*.)
- kamelo.paki, kamelopadi.** n. Camelopard, giraffe. Eng.
- kamē.nā.** Rare var. of *kamanā*. (Zek. 1.20.)
- kameni.** Rare var. of *kamēki*. Eng.
- kameo.** n. Cameo. Eng.
- kamila.** n. Camellia. (Neal 583.) Eng.
- kami.pulu.** interj. Damn fool. Eng.
- Kā.moa.** 1. nvs. Samoa; Samoan (old name was *Ha'amoā*). 2. (*Not cap.*) n. A seashell, same as *moa*.
- kamoe.** See *pūpūkamoe*.
- kā.moē.** 1. vi. To go straight ahead; to recline, lie flat; flattened. *Ke kāmoe a'e o nā ao hā'ele'ele* (Kel. 17), the flat-lying dark clouds. *Kāmoe ka wa'a i ka lae*, the canoe headed straight for the point. *Kāmoe kāna kākau 'ana*, he writes with a slanting hand. 2. n. Recumbent weft of mat, so called because the strands lie horizontally (*moe*); overcasting stitches that lie neatly in the same direction. Cf. *lei kāmoe, kākū*.
- kā.moēna.** Short for *ka'a moēna*. Rare.
- kā.moko.** vi. To start a fight or quarrel; to interrupt or interfere when others are speaking. *Inā paha ua lele kāmoko kēlā maluna ou*, he would have leapt aggressively on you.
- kā.mō.koi.** Same as *kā mākoī*.
- kā.moku.** vt. To break, cut, as land. **ho'o.kā.moku.** Caus/sim.
- kā.moku.moku.** Redup. of *kāmoku*.
- kā.mola.** vt. To weave, entwine; to tie loosely, as twigs in a sluice gate. Cf. *mola*, to twist loosely.
- kā.mola.mola.** vi. To increase in numbers, as 'anae fish in schools.
- kamola.poki.** n. Smallpox. Eng. Cf. *kapuahikuni*.
- kā.mole.** n. 1. The primrose willow (*Ludwigia octovalvis* syn. *Jussiaea suffruticosa* var. *ligustraeifolia*), a perennial herb .6 to 1.2 m high, distributed through the tropics in wet places. Its yellow flowers develop singly at the axils of the narrow leaves. Fruiting capsules are cylindrical, many-seeded. The plant is used medicinally. (Neal 648.) This name may be qualified by the terms *lau li'i* and *lau nui*. See *alohalua*. 2. A kind of knotweed (*Polygonum glabrum*), an American perennial herb 30 to 90 cm high, with narrow pointed leaves 5 to 25 cm long and many small flowers and fruits borne in terminal panicles. It belongs in the buckwheat family and grows in damp spots.
- kamoli, kamori, samori.** n. Psalms (1823 translation; see *halelū*). (Perhaps Eng. *psalmody*.)
- kamu.** n. Gum. Eng.
- kā.mū.** Rare var. of *mū*, silent.
- kā.muku.** 1. vt. To diminish, decrease, lessen, use sparingly; less developed, decreased. 2. (*Cap.*) n. A *lua* fighting stroke.
- kā.muku.muku.** Redup. of *kāmuku* 1. *Kāmukumuku ka 'ai a kākou*, our taro is growing less thriftily.
- kamumu.** nvi. Crunching sound, thud, thump, as of footsteps; rumbling, clatter; to crackle, crunch; roar, as of approaching rain; rustling, as wind (see ex., *ahehe*). Cf. *mumu*.
- kā.mū.mumu.** Redup. of *kamumu*.
- kana.** 1. num. Tens (usually compounded with numbers from three to nine to indicate 30 to 90). (Gram. 10.3.) *Kanaiwa*, ninety. *Nā kana 'ekā* (Kep. 159), tens of banana hands. *'O ka wa'a kana ko'okahi* (Nak. 40), ten one-man canoes. 2. Idiom that follows perfective verb marker *i* and poss. *o*, and is followed by directionals; it is preceded by negatives. Also see *ka'e* 2. Extremely, beyond compare, without limit (in both favorable and pejorative senses). *'A'ohe i kana mai ka nui*, ever so huge. *'A'ole o kana mai kāu hana!* What a lot of work you have to do! There's no limit to your work! What dreadful things you do [in anger]. *'A'ole o kana mai ka u'i!* How perfectly beautiful! 3. n. Horizontal support in houses for carrying poles (*'auamo*). 4. (*Cap.*) n. A stroke in *lua* fighting, for chiefs. 5. (*Cap.*) A demigod (HM 464-77.) See *Kapua'i-o-Kana*. 6. Rare var. of *pana*, to shoot. 7. n. Ton. Eng. Also *kona*.
- kana.** Nominalizer noted in *pale*, to ward off, and *palekana*, safety; *pili*, to cling, and *pilikana*, relative. (PPN *-tanga*.)
- kāna.** 1. poss. His, hers, its (*a*-form; see Gram. 8.4, 9.6). (PNP *tana, ta'ana*; PEP *ta'ana*; PCP *taana*.) 2. Also **Sana.** (*Cap.*) n. Saint (in proper names). *Kāna Lui*, Saint Louis. 3. n. Canna. Eng.
- kanaaho, kanaho.** nvi. Relieved after a struggle; feeling of ease or relief after surviving sickness or danger; joy over escape; rest after violent exertion or danger; breathless arrival; refuge; one convalescing or resting after sickness or danger; to convalesce or rest; to find refuge. Cf. *aho*, breath, For. 4:71. *Wahi kanaaho*, sanctuary, place of refuge. *E kanaaho au ma ka ho'omalū 'ana o kou mau 'ēheu* (Hal. 61.4), I find refuge in the shelter of your wings. **ho'o.kanaaho.** Caus/sim.
- Kana.'ana.** n. Canaan. (Heb. *Kena'ana* or Gr. *Kana'an*; for Hawaiian glottal stop, Gram. 2.9.3.)
- kā.nā'e.** 1. vs. Very fragrant, as of the *na'ena'e*, shrubby composites. *Kāna'e ho'i ke 'ala o ka pua*, the fragrance of the flower is very sweet. 2. Var. of *kāla'e*, clear.
- kā.nae.nae.** nvt. Chanted supplicating prayer; chant of eulogy or praise (the chanter hesitates at regular intervals to recover breath; tone variation is greater and pitch may be higher than in the *olioli*); to pray thus; to sacrifice; dedication. *He kānaēnae aloha na'u iā'oe, ē Laka ē, ē Laka ē, e ho'oulu 'ia* (hula prayer), this is a prayer I lovingly offer to you, O Laka, O Laka, inspire! (See similar ex., *'ulāleo*.) *Pule kāneanae ola*, prayer supplicating restoration of life.
- kana.hā.** 1. num. Forty. 2. (*Cap.*) n. Star name (no data). (Kuhelani.)
- Kana.hai.** nvt. Shanghai; to shanghai. Eng.
- kana.ha'i.** vt. To diminish, lessen. *Kanaha'i anei ka inu lama?* Are fewer alcoholic drinks being drunk?