

- kaha.pō'ai.** n. Circumference of a circle. *Lit.*, mark surround.
- kaha po'o.hiwi.** n. Fat or muscle on the shoulder blade. *Lit.*, shoulder fat.
- kaha.pouli.** n. Taboo on menstruating women, restricting them to the menstruating house. *Lit.*, place of dark night.
- kaha pu'u.nauē.** n. Division sign.
- kahau.** 1. nv. The sport of hurling lightweight *hau* wood spears; to hurl such spears. *Lit.*, hurl *hau* wood. 2. v. To catch edible locusts by striking (*kā*) the dew (*hau*) on bushes.
- kā.hā'u.** vi. To diminish, abate, lessen, as a storm or sickness. *Ua kāhā'u mai ka 'eha*, the pain has grown less. *Ua kāhā'u ka wai o ke kahawai*, the water in the stream has subsided.
- Ka-hau-komo.** n. A *lua* fighting stroke. *Lit.*, the blow enters. (Also without *Ka-*.)
- kaha.'ula.** 1. nvi. Sensual dream (sickness or bad luck, as in fishing, was believed to follow shortly); to have sexual relations in a dream (Laie 459). *Aikaha'ula*, a dream of coition. *Moe kaha'ula*, lascivious dream. 2. (*Cap.*) n. Name of a sexual goddess.
- kaha ulē.** vt. To subincise or circumcise (less used than *kahe ulē* or Biblical '*oki poepoe*'). *Lit.*, slit penis.
- kaha.uli.** n. A kind of '*ahi*, a tuna. It is small, has a long pectoral fin, and reaches about 35 kilos in weight. *Lit.*, dark-striped.
- Ka-hau-palēmo.** n. A *lua* fighting stroke. *Lit.*, the drowned blow. (Also without *Ka-*.)
- kaha.wai.** n. Stream, creek, river; valley, ravine, gulch, whether wet or dry.
- kahe.** 1. nvi. To flow, trickle, drop, melt, menstruate; in heat, of a bitch; a run or school of fish. See ex., *kaea*. *Kahe ka hā'ae*, to drool at the mouth. *Kahe ka hu'a o ka waha*, to froth at the mouth. **ho'o.kahe.** To water or irrigate; to cause to flow, discharge, drain. (PPN *tafe*.) 2. vt. To cut or slit longitudinally; to subincise or circumcise. See *kahe ulē*. (PPN *tafa*.)
- kā.hē.** nvi. First appearance of young caterpillars on vines, especially of sweet potatoes; to be eaten by caterpillars. *Kā'ū*. Cf. *hē*, caterpillar. *Ua kāhē ka 'uala*, the caterpillars are beginning to eat the sweet-potato leaves.
- kā.hēa.** nvt. To call, cry out, invoke, greet, name; recital of the first lines of a stanza by the dancer as a cue to the chanter; to recite the *kāhea*; to give a military command; to summon; a call, alarm (*kā-*, caus. + *hea*, call).
- kā.hē'a.** nvs. Red stains or streaks, as at dawn; bloody. (Malo 13.)
- kā.hēa'ai.** nv. A call to come and eat; a prayer calling on the gods to come and share the food.
- kā.hēa kua.** vt. To call to someone who is leaving (this was believed to bring bad luck, because the departing person had to change his plans).
- kā.hēa pau ahi.** n. Fire alarm.
- kahe.ā.wai.** vi. To flow like water. *Fig.*, to move in great crowds. (Gram. 8.7.2.)
- kā.hē'e.** vi. 1. To pour. 2. To catch fish with a scoop or hand net. See '*upena kāhe'e*'. 3. To slip flowers from the stringing needle to the string. 4. To train or practice, as for foot races. (Malo 219.)
- Ka-hē'e-pā.laha.** n. A *lua* fighting stroke.
- kā.hēhi.** vi. To make a misstep, stumble. Cf. *hehi*.
- kā.hēi.** 1. nvt. Hurling, as firebrands at *Ka-maile*, *Kaua'i*; to hurl; to put on a lei. (PCP *taasei*.) 2. Var. of *kā'ai*.
- kā.hēka.** n. Pool, especially a rock basin where the sea washes in through an opening and salt forms; salt pan.
- kahe.kahe.** 1. Redup. of *kahe* 1. **ho'o.kahe.kahe.** Redup. of *ho'okahe*. (PPN *tafetafe*.) 2. nvt. Method of fishing with a large net placed in deep water where fish fed or where bait had been strewn; to fish thus. (Malo 212.) 3. nvi. A method of birdcatching: all save a few *lehua* blossoms were plucked and the remaining flowers were gummed so that birds would be stuck; to catch birds thus.
- kā.hēka.hēka.** Plural and diminutive of *kāheka*; small sea pool or pools; artificial salt pan.
- kahe.kahe wai.** Same as *na'ina'i mimi*. **ho'o.kahe.kahe wai.** Irrigation, to irrigate; also same as *na'ina'i mimi* (FS 35).
- kahe.kawai.** Similar to *kahe'awai*; abundance.
- kahe koko.** nv. Flow of blood, hemorrhage; to have such. **ho'o.kahe koko.** To shed blood; bloodshed.
- kā.hēla.** 1. vi. To lie spread out, as an individual or a wide expanse of land or sea; to sweep backward and forward, as great billows that do not break; prone, spread out, flat; summation of productive forces of land and sea (Kam. 76:30, 51). Cf. *lipi kāhela*. *He 'ai, e kāhela ai ka uha* (saying), eating, intestines inflate [said of one who has eaten a good meal]. *Kāhela ka nalu o ka pae lau hala, hō'a'i'a'i ke kai ko'o o Maliu ē*, waves sweep up to the leaves of pandanus rows; white-capped is the rough sea of Maliu. 2. See '*ami kāhela*, a hula step. 3. n. Gourd drumbeat: the gourd is thumped down on a pad; it is then raised with the left hand and is struck with two quick slaps of the fingers of the right hand. *Pā kāhela*, to perform this beat. 4. (*Cap.*) n. Name of a star, seen in the month '*Ikuwā*'.
- kā.hēla.hēla.** Redup. and intensifier of *kāhela* 1-3; to sprawl.
- kahele.** Adze. (And.)
- kā.hēle.** 1. nvi. Decorated for a journey, as with a lei. *He lei kāhele no ke ala*, a lei decoration for traveling the road. 2. vi. To flow.
- kā.hēle.hēle.** vi. To be entangled.
- kahele.lani.** n. 1. Species of small colored shells, found particularly on Ni'ihau; perhaps so called because the shells were used by chiefs. 2. (*Cap.*) Name of an ancient chief associated with Ni'ihau. *Lit.*, the royal going.
- kahēna.** n. Flowing. Cf. *kahe* 1. *Kahēna wai*, stream bed, stream. (PPN *tafenga*.)
- kā.hēu.** vt. To weed and stir up the soil.
- kahe ulē.** v. To subincise or circumcise. *Lit.*, cut penis. Cf. '*oki poepoe*'.
- kā.hēwa.** vi. To miss, fail, not succeed; to hit by mistake; foiled or thwarted in an attempt.
- kahi.** 1. nvt. To cut longitudinally, shave, plane, comb, press, rub or stroke, as in a massage, with gentle pressure of the open palm of the hand; to scrape; to run the fingers along the sides of a poi bowl so as to remove the poi clinging to the sides; comb; scraper, as for *olonā* fiber. *Hale kahi olonā* (Laie 607), fiber-combing house. **ho'o.kahi.** Caus/sim. (PPN *tafi*, but cf. Fijian *tasi*, to scrape.) 2. num. One, only one, alone, lone, some (sometimes following the numeral classifiers '*a-*' and '*e-*', or *ho'o-*); also, besides, too, single; fellow worker, wife, companion; someone, someone else, a certain (less common than *kekahi*); unit. See ex., *kāmau* 1. '*O au kahi e hele*, I'm going too. *Na'u kahi*, give me some. *Pehea kahi o 'olua?* How is your companion (wife, spouse, colleague)? *Ka 'aina o kahi* (Kep. 159), someone else's land. **ho'o.kahi.** One, one only, alone; oneness, separately, single, singular, solitude, sole; together as a unit, at the same time; to make one, unite; to be similar; same; a, an. *Noho ho'okahi*, to live alone. *Hele ho'okahi*, to go alone. *E 'imi kākou ma ka mea e ho'okahi ai ka mana'o 'ana*, let us seek to unite our thoughts into one. *Ho'okahi kō kāua noho pū 'ana*, let us live together. *Ho'okahi nō makua kāne*, the same father. *Ho'okahi nō 'ano*, of similar nature; synonym, synonymous. *O ia lā ho'okahi nō*, that very day. (PPN *taha* [cf. Pawley 1966:54], *tasi*.) 3. loc. n. Place, location (contraction of *ka wahi*, not preceded by *ke* with this meaning); duty; where; in case of, approximately, about. (For use of possessives *o* and *a* with *kahi*, see Gram. 8.6.) *Kahi 'ē*, elsewhere. *Ma kahi 'ē, ma kahi 'oko'a*, absent. *Hele ma kahi 'ē!* Go away!