

- burst on the mountain. 4. n. A premature infant, believed caused by a "sour" condition of the mother. 5. n. A kind of bitter seaweed.
- 'ā.wa'a. nvt. Long, narrow excavation, trench, ditch, gully; to dig a ditch or furrow.
- 'ā.wa'a.hia. Pas/imp. of 'āwa'a. *Papaioa 'āwa'ahia ka lani* (chant), the high chief is a furrowed reef.
- 'awa-a-Kāne. Same as 'awa li'i, a variety of kava. It is said that the god Kāne brought the first 'awa to Hawai'i.
- 'awa ā.kea. n. A variety of kava with long, light-green internodes and reddish nodes. Also 'awa maha kea, 'awa mākea.
- 'awa 'apu. n. A variety of kava.
- awa 'aua. n. A herring-like fish, sometimes called ten-pounder or tarpon (*Elops hawaiiensis*); according to some, a medium-sized awa fish.
- awaawa. Var. spelling of awāwa.
- 'awa.'awa. 1. Redup. of 'awa 2; bitter, sour, tart, acid, fermented, brackish; bitterness, sourness. *Fig.*, unpleasant, disagreeable, harsh, bad-tempered; unpleasant or tragic experience, anguish. (Ioba 7.11.) *Iā Makali'i lau 'awa'awa o Puna* (FS 217), during the Makali'i season, innumerable disasters in Puna. hō.'awa.'awa. To embitter, make bitter or sour; bitter tasting. (PPN *kawakawa*.) 2. Redup. of 'awa 3. *Pō Puna i ka ua a ka 'awa'awa* (FS 225), Puna is darkened in the bitterly cold rain.
- 'ā.wa'a.wa'a. vs. 1. Uneven, furrowed, craggy. 2. Muscular.
- 'awa.'awa.hia. Pas/imp. of 'awa'awa 1, 2. (PNP *kawakawasia*.)
- 'awa.'awa.hua. vs. Bitter, sour. *Fig.*, crabbed in nature, bitter, ungrateful.
- 'awa.'awa.ina. n. Bitterness.
- 'ā.waha. nvi. To speak in a rude, harsh manner; rudeness. *Pule 'āwaha*, a prayer to bring misfortune.
- 'awa.hia. Pas/imp. of 'awa 2, 3. 'Awahia noho'i ka 'ōlelo! What bitter words! (PPN *kawasia*.)
- 'awa hiwa. n. A variety of kava with long internodes.
- 'awa.hua. Similar to 'awa'awahua; ingratitude, meanness; to be mean, ungrateful, embittered, resentful. See *make 'awahua iho. Mana'o 'awahua o lākou* (Nak. 110), their bitter thoughts.
- 'ā.wai. 1. n. Rostrum, pulpit, speaker's platform, dais, scaffold. *Ka 'āwai lā'au* (Neh. 8.4), a pulpit of wood. 2. n. Bundle, bunch, cluster, as of tied objects. 3. See 'awaiāhiki.
- 'awai.ā.hiki. nvi. Swelling in the groin, bubo; to have such a swelling. Also 'auko'i, 'auwaihiki, 'āwai, 'ēwai, haha'i.
- awai.ā.ulu. vt. To bind securely, fasten, as of the marriage tie. *Ua awaiāulu 'ia nā 'ōpio*, the young people were united in one. *Awaiāulu 'ia ke aloha me ku'u lei pikake*, bound securely is my love for my pikake lei [my child].
- awai.kū. n. Good spirits, as the messengers of Kāne, who guarded people from evil ghosts and managed the rain, winds, and weather. (Malo 104.)
- 'awa-i-kū. n. Kava root dug ceremonially by a priest and held up (*kū*) towards heaven while chanting a prayer of consecration and eulogy, after which the root was termed 'awa-i-lani.
- awa kala.moho. n. A large awa, milkfish.
- 'awa Kana.loa. n. Same as *makou 1*, all kinds of buttercups.
- awa.kea. nvi. Noon, midday; to be at noon, to become noon. *E awīwī ke awakea maila kākou*, hurry, we are almost at noon. (PCP *awatea*.)
- 'awa ke'o.ke'o. Probably same as 'awa papa kea. (HP 202.)
- 'awa kua 'ea. Same as 'awa nēnē, a spotted variety of kava.
- 'awa-kū-ma-kua. n. A variety of kava with green internodes of medium length.
- awa kū moku. n. Ship harbor or anchorage, port.
- 'awa.kupoi. n. Avoirdupois. *Eng.*
- 'ā.wala. vt. 1. To throw a knife or stock with a back flip; to throw back the head so as to grab dangling food with an open mouth. Cf. *wala*, to tilt. 'O ka 'āwala 'ana me nā miki poi, throwing back the head to grab dabs of poi. 2. To pull back steadily, as a line. *Fig.*, to throw oneself into work.
- awa lau. See *awa 1*.
- 'awa lau. n. A young kava plant (root, stem, and leaves) used as an offering to the gods.
- 'awa-lau-a-Kāne. Same as 'ala'ala wai nui 1, a succulent related to kava.
- 'ā wale. vi. To burn for no particular reason; susceptible to combustion; spontaneous combustion; overcooked. *E 'ā wale loa auane'i ho'i ka i'a ā 'ono 'ole ka 'ai 'ana*, the fish may be cooked too much and not delicious to eat.
- 'awa.li'i. n. Type of hard stone from which adzes were made.
- 'awa li'i. Same as 'awa-a-Kāne, a variety of kava.
- awa.loa. n. Place where bones of chiefs were hidden, as in a cave. *Lit.*, eternal harbor.
- 'awalu. num. Eight (usually in counting in a series).
- 'awa maha kea. n. Name for 'awa ākea, 'awa mākea at Ka'ū, Hawai'i.
- 'awa mā.kea. n. A variety of kava.
- 'awa mamaka. n. A variety of kava with short internodes and light-green stalk, reported at Wai-niha, Kaua'i. (HP 202.)
- 'awa mā.nie.nie. n. A variety of kava with smooth, white stalk.
- 'awa mō.T. n. A variety of kava with short, dark-green internodes and whitish nodes, called 'awa papa mō'T at Ka'ū, Hawai'i.
- 'awa moki.hana. n. A variety of kava with short yellowish-green internodes and hairlike roots, named for the *mokihana* plant because of its fragrance, and yielding a strong brew; famous on Kaua'i. (HP 202.)
- 'awa nē.nē. n. A variety of kava with long, spotted internodes. Also 'awa kua 'ea.
- 'awa papa. n. A variety of kava with short internodes and spotted stalk. This name may be qualified by the terms 'ele'ele, mō'T, and kea (or ke'oke'o), the last being the commonest variety, and whitish in general appearance.
- 'awa.puhi. n. 1. Wild ginger (*Zingiber zerumbet*), a forest herb with narrow leaves arranged along a stalk 30 to 60 cm high, bearing on a separate stalk small yellowish flowers in an oblong head, and having aromatic underground stems; a native of India. (Neal 257.) The root was used to scent and dye tapa. Also 'awapuhi kuahiwi, 'ōpuhi. Several varieties are listed below. 'Awapuhi lau pala wale, ginger leaves yellow quickly [of things that pass too soon]. (PNP *kawapu(s)i*.) 2. A variety of sweet potato. 3. A type of taro (no data). (For. 5.683.)
- 'awa.puhi 'ai. Same as 'awapuhi Pākē. *Lit.*, edible ginger.
- 'awa.puhi-a-Kana.loa. n. *Liparis hawaiiensis*, a small, endemic orchid with two large ovate leaves and small flowers. (Neal 273, 274.)
- 'awa.puhi kā.hili. Same as *kāhili 4*.
- 'awa.puhi ke'o.ke'o. n. The white ginger (*Hedychium coronarium*), a large herb from India, both wild and cultivated in Hawai'i. White fragrant flowers, popular for leis and perfume, are borne in heads at tips of leafy stems. (Neal 252-3.)
- 'awa.puhi ko'o.ko'o. n. Torch ginger (*Phaeomeria speciosa*), a large herb, from the East Indies, grown in Hawai'i for its ornamental pink or red cone-shaped flower heads. These are borne on long stems separate from the longer leafy stems. (Neal 258-9.) *Lit.*, walking-stick ginger.
- 'awa.puhi kua.hiwi. See 'awapuhi.
- 'awa.puhi luhe.luhe. n. The shell ginger (*Catimbiium speciosum*), a large ornamental herb from East Indies.