

- 'apu'apu. 1. vs. Cup-shaped. (PPN *kapukapu*.) 2. n. Type of agricultural land, as for sweet potatoes, mentioned in 1848 land claims, perhaps a pocket-like area.
- apu.apu 'ā.nai makau. n. File or polisher for fishhook.
- 'apu 'au.huhu. n. Cup containing 'auhuhu plant concoction used for stupefying fish; poison cup.
- 'ā.pu'e. Same as 'āpu'epu'e.
- 'ā.pu'e.pu'e. nvt. Difficult; difficulty; to struggle, strive (preceded by *ke*). *Komo 'āpu'epu'e*, barely able to get in; to enter with difficulty. 'Āpu'epu'e nā kānaka i ka 'ai i ka wā wī, the people struggled to get food in time of famine. *Ke 'āpu'epu'e o ka loa'a 'ana mai o ka 'ike kāpono i ka 'ōlelo haole*, the difficulties of getting proper knowledge of English.
- 'apuhi. vt. To deceive, lie, cheat.
- apu.hihi. n. A shellfish resembling the *hithwai*, found in brackish water.
- 'ā.puka. 1. nvt. To swindle, cheat, defraud; forgery, embezzlement; fraudulent. *Kālā 'āpuka*, money gained through fraud or embezzlement. *Palapala 'āpuka*, false or forged document. ho'ā.puka. Caus/sim. 2. vi. To emerge, come into light. *Wai-'āpuka* (place name), water coming through a tunnel. ho'ā.puka. Caus/sim.
- 'ā.puka.puka. vs. Pitted. *Rare*.
- 'apuki. vs. Short. *Rare*.
- 'apu kō.heo.heo. n. Deadly poison, as given to prisoners.
- 'ā.puku. Same as *hāpuku*, to collect.
- 'ā.pulu. vs. Worn out, as a garment; to show wear and tear; rough, dingy. *Hale 'āpulu*, shack.
- 'ā.pulu.pulu. Redup. of 'āpulu.
- 'ā.puni. 1. nvi. Angry or noisy dispute, quarrel, wrangle, brawl; to brawl. 2. vs. Ill-omened, inauspicious.
- 'apu'u. n. 1. An endemic fern (*Sadleria squarrosa*), 30 to 60 cm high, with short trunk, narrow oblong leaves; related to 'ama'u. 2. Hill, mound. Cf. 'āpu'upu'u.
- 'ā.pu'u.pu'u. 1. vs. Lumpy, bumpy, pimply, rough, hilly, rugged. 2. n. Young stage of *hāpu'u* fish. Also *hāpu'upu'u*.
- 'apu.wai. n. A variety of taro: its corm is used for poi and table taro, its leaves for *lū'au*. Varieties are white (*kea*) and red (*'ula*).
- au. 1. nvi. Period of time, age, era, epoch, cycle, the passing of time. See *aumoe*, *au nele*. *I ke au o Ka-lani*, in the time of Ka-lani. *Ke au hou*, the new era. *O kēia au*, of this time, contemporary, current. *Au pau 'ole*, eternity, endless time. *Ua au wale ka pō*, the night has passed on. *E kala kahiko i au wale*, gone a long time ago, long past. *Na ke au o ka manawa e hō'ike mai*, the passing of time will tell. 2. nvi. Current; to flow, as a current. *Au kanai'i*, strong current; *fig.*, a strong warrior. *Au kō malalo*, undertow. (PPN 'au.) 3. nvi. Movement, eddy, tide, motion; to move, drift, float, walk, hurry, stir; succession or train, as of thought, trend. *Ke au nei ka mana'o, pehea 'o Niakala* (song), the thought comes to mind, how fares Niagara. *E au, ā e wiki mai*, hasten, hurry here. ho'ā. Caus/sim.; to cause to float, as timber. 4. n. Gall, bile (Oihk. 3.4); gall bladder. 'Awa ke au, bitter bile [rank ingratitude]. *Mālama o pakū ke au*, take care not to break the gall bladder [do not cause bitterness]. (PPN 'ahu.) 5. n. Weather. See ex., *Ko'olau I. Wānana i ke au o ka manawa*, forecast of weather. 6. n. Small sweet potatoes of poor quality that grow from the vine. 7. n. Pumice. 8. n. Grain of wood. 9. vt. To weed. 10. vt. To rub, massage, polish. 11. vt. To set, as a net or fish trap. ho'ā. Same as above; fishermen who set nets in *ku'u* fishing. 12. Same as *heau* (*Exocarpus* spp.) 13. n. *Hedyotis acuminata*, a native shrub (coffee family), with small green flowers, and unpleasant-smelling, ovate or narrower leaves. Cf. *pilo* 2. 14. Also *wau* pronoun. I. (Gram. 2.1.) 'O au pū, so do I; me too. (PPN au.)
- au. ho'ā. To dedicate, set apart, as in a housewarming. *Rare*.
- āu. poss. Your, yours (singular, *a*-form, zero-class; Gram. 9.6.3). (PPN *ha'au*.)
- a'u. 1. n. Swordfish, sailfish, marlin, spearfish (*Istiophoridae*). See sayings, *la'a* 2, 'olo'olo 3. (PPN *haku*.) 2. pronoun. Me (used after *e* and *me* and fusing with *iā* to form *ia'u*; Gram. 9.6.3). *Hana 'ia e a'u*, done by me. *Noho 'oia me a'u*, he stayed with me. *Nānā mai 'oia ia'u*, he looked at me. (PNP *aku*.) 3. poss. My, mine (*a*-form, zero-class; Gram. 9.6.3). (PPN *ha'aku*.)
- 'au. 1. vi. To swim, travel by sea. 'Au-i-ke-kai-loa (personal name), travel in the distant seas. *Ua 'au 'ia nā kai loa*, the distant seas were traveled. hō.'au. To teach to swim, learn to swim; to swim with a drowning person; to douse, as clothes being washed; the man who sets a *ku'u*, drop net. (PPN *kau*.) 2. vi. To jut out into the sea, as a land point; to project. *Aloha Maka-pu'u, 'au i ke kai*, greetings to Maka-pu'u [Point], reaching out into the sea. 3. n. Handle, staff, stem, stalk, shaft; bone of lower arm or leg. See 'au *kī*, 'au *lima*, 'au *wāwae*. 'Au loa, long bones in arm or leg; long-limbed, long-shanked. 'Au *kīpāpali* (For. 6:61), shaft-like cliff slope. (PPN *kau*.) 4. n. Group (followed by a qualifier, as *moku, wa'a*.) Cf. 'aumakua. (PPN *kau*.)
- aua. vi. To look, observe. *Rare*.
- 'aua. 1. Same as 'ā'aua; lean, as fish. *Lau 'aua*, wrinkled leaf; *fig.*, experienced, as warrior or strategist. 2. n. Cawing, as of the 'alalā, crow. 3 (Cap.) n. Name recorded for the star Betelgeuse.
- 'au'a. 1. nvi. Stingy, selfish, to withhold, detain, grudge, refuse to part with; stinginess; sparingly. *Home ho'opa'a 'au'a 'ia*, detention home. *Mai ho'i mai māua i nehinehi, 'o ka 'au'a ho'i o ka makamaka*, we would have returned yesterday, but were detained by friends. *Ua 'au'a ke kahuna*, the sorcerer refuses to part with his knowledge. 2. n. A kind of 'ōpelu fish said to be larger than others in a school and hence more visible. When net fishermen see an 'au'a they know a school is present; the 'au'a then can not be caught [he refuses].
- auahi, auwahi. This word is related to *uahi*, smoke. One source says it refers to lowly or humble persons. *Malo* 109 says it may refer to a distant relationship. (PPN 'ahu + *afi*.)
- aua.'ina. n. An unknown herb, the bark and leaves of which were used as medicine.
- aua.ke'e. vs. Dishonest. See *ke'e* 1.
- au.akua. nvs. Ghost-ridden; haunted or unfriendly land. *Lit.*, ghost bile. (Cf. Isa. 13.9.) 'A'ohe maika'i kānaka o kēia wahi, he auakua, the people of this place are not good, they are most unkind.
- auala.liha. n. A variety of 'o'opu goby fish found in both brackish and fresh water. Also *kāni'o*.
- auala.lo'i. n. Terraced taro patches.
- aua.li'i. vs. Royal, chiefly. *Ua noho aloha lāua me ka lani auali'i*, they lived in friendliness with the high chief.
- auā.lipo. vs. Overcome by intense emotion, as love, grief.
- 'au.amo. nvt. Pole or stick used for carrying burdens across the shoulders; yoke, palanquin, burden; to carry on the 'auamo. *Lit.*, carrying handle. Also 'aumaka and māmaka. See *amo*, *pipi 'auamo*. 'Auamo *ki'i*, carrying pole with carved heads near the ends. hō.'au.amo. Caus/sim. (PCP *kauamo*.)
- 'au.ana, 'auwana. vi. To wander, drift, ramble, go from place to place; to stray morally or mentally. Cf. *hula 'auana*. 'Auana ka no'ono'o, delirium. hō.'auana. To cause to wander, disperse, as a conqueror disperses an enemy.
- aua.ne'i. 1. postposed temporal part. Soon, by-and-by, presently, shortly, just. (Gram. 7.5.) 2. postposed dubitative part. Probably, merely, probably not, possibly, doubtful. See ex., 'ā wale. (Gram. 7.5.) *He lohe mai auane'i i ka makua!* Actually paying attention to [his] parent [implication that he is not]. 'O ka 'ike auane'i iāia, ua lawa ia i ka makemake, just seeing