

'ā.lohi.lohi. Redup. of 'alohi; radiant. *Maka 'ālohilohi, eyes bright and sparkling, blue or light brown eyes. Ka haole nui maka 'ālohilohi, ē Kama lepo pua'a* (FS 201), big stranger with bright eyes, O Kama with excreta of a pig [said to the pig-god, Kama-pua'a].

ā.lo'i. n. Mud puddle, pool. Cf. lo'i.

'ā.lo'i. Same as 'alo'ilo'i.

'ā.lo'i.lo'i. 1. n. A damselfish (*Dascyllus albisella*). Also lo'ilo'i. The young stage is 'ā or 'a'ā. *He 'ālo'ilo'i ka i'a waha iki o ke kai, a damsel, small-mouthed fish of the sea [one with little to say].* 2. vs. Humble. *Kū 'ālo'ilo'i i ka hale o ke akua* (prayer to Pele), standing humbly in the house of the god. 3. Same as lo'ilo'i 1.

alo.kahi. n. Single weft in plaiting; mat of a single thickness, with only one shiny side. Cf. alolua. *Lit.*, single side.

alo.kele. 1. vs. Attractive, of fine appearance. *Alokele ke 'ike aku i ke alo o ia kuahiwi* (hula song), a pleasure to see the face of that mountain. 2. n. A red bird reported by Kepelino (no data).

'alo.kio, alodio, 'alo.lio, arosio. nvs. Alodial title, alodium, fee simple. *Eng. Kuleana malalo o ke 'ano 'alokio, freehold less than alodial. 'Alolio i ke 'ano 'ae like, conditioned alodial. Ho'olimalima ma ke 'ano alolio, conditional lease.*

alo.lio. See limu alolio.

ā.lolo. Same as 'aikola.

alo.lua. 1. vs. Two-sided, two-faced; facing one another, as cliffs on opposite sides of a valley. 2. n. Double weft in plaiting; plaiting with a reversible side, with two thicknesses. Cf. alokahi.

'aloma, aroma. n. Aroma. *Eng.*

'alopa.lopā. vs. Shiftless, dependent on others for a livelihood. Cf. lōpā.

'alo.peke, alopeka. n. Fox. (Luka 13.32.) (Gr. *alopeks.*)

alo.pihe. n. Persons shouting, as in mourning. *Ua hiki aku i ke alopihe, went to the lamenting people.*

alo.piko. n. Belly of a fish, choice to Hawaiians.

alu. vs. Combined, acting together; to cooperate, act together. *Alu like mai! Work in unity! Work together! E alu, e alu, e kui lima! Cooperate! Cooperate! Join hands! E alu ka pule iā Hakalau, combine prayers to overcome Hakalau. He mau 'Ilio alu i ka hākākā, dogs that combine in fighting. (PPN 'alu.)*

'alu. vi. Depression, gutter, ravine; lines of the hand, loose skin over the eyeball; tuck in a garment, shirring, ruffling; descent, as of trail or road; of low rank (Kep. 125); to bend, duck, hang, sag, slacken, stoop; to relax; to ruff, as a mat. Cf. pū'alu. *Ho'ailona 'alu, tuck creaser, of a sewing machine. Ho'onoho 'alu, to make tucks, shirring; tucker on a sewing machine. Mea hana 'alu, tucker. Wela ka hao, 'alu ka uwea, the iron is hot, bend the wire [now is the time for fun, a saying originating at the Honolulu Iron Works]. Ua 'alu ihola ka paniolo e lālau i ka pū'olo, the cowboy leaned down to pick up the package. hō.'alu. To slacken, loosen, hang down, bend down, stoop; depression, slack. Kī hō'alu, slack key. (PPN kalu.)*

'alua. num. Two, twice. *Pō'alua, Tuesday; lit.*, second day. *'Alua a'u hele 'ana i kēlā wahi, I've been to that place twice.*

'ā.lu'a. vs. Old, worn-out, faded, dilapidated; old and wrinkled, as a person.

alu.alu. vi. To follow, pursue, chase; to run, as for political office. *Alualu loloa, to run after persistently. ho'ālu.alu. Caus/sim. (PPN 'alu'alu.)*

'alu.'alu. nvs. Loose, flabby; misshapen, as a premature baby; slack, as a rope; to sag; wrinkled, uneven, rough, lined; foetus; skin, rind, peel. *Hua 'alu'alu, egg with very soft shell. Keiki 'alu'alu, premature baby. Pala 'alu'alu ka 'ai a kamali'i, mostly peel when matured are the food crops of children [infants are not strong enough to make good farmers]. hō.'alu.'alu. To slacken, loosen; to make gathers, as in a skirt; a gatherer, as on sewing machines; yielding, loose, flexible, soft. (PPN kalukalu.)*

'ā.lua.lua. 1. vs. Rough, bumpy, as a road; full of knotholes, as a board; pitted with holes, as a reef. Cf. lua, hole. *He 'ālu'alu 'ino'ino ke alanui, the road is badly pitted.* 2. n. Multiplication tables. *Hua 'ālu'alu, code writing (with numbers).*

'alu.he'e. vs. Loose, as a bundle not securely tied; flabby, ill-fitting, loose-jointed.

'ā.luka. nvs. Crowd, heap; mixed, crowded, heaped. *'Āluka moku, group of irregular-lying islands. 'Āluka ka pala a ka 'ōhi'a, mountain apples ripen everywhere. Kaua 'āluka* (For. 5:151), widespread war. **hoā.luka.** Caus/sim.; to bring together, collect.

'ā.luku. vt. To destroy; destructive.

ā.lula. n. An endemic member of the lobelia family (*Brighamia* spp.), presently known only on Moloka'i and Kaua'i, believed extinct on Maui and Ni'ihau, an unbranched, succulent, thick-stemmed perennial about 1.5 m high, topped with a rosette of large oval leaves and racemes of long, white, fragrant flowers. (Neal 815-7.) Also hāhā. See pua 'ala, 'ōlulu.

'ā.luli. vi. To incline the head, sway.

alu like. See alu.

ā.lulu. vi. Quickly, hastily (used after *hele, hana, holo, holoholo, hopuhopu*). *Holo hopuhopu ālulu mākou, we grabbed and fled in great haste.*

'ā.luna. n. Descent, loosening, slackening, stooping. See 'alu 1.

'ā.luna.ahi.ahi. n. Late afternoon or early evening.

'ā.luna.awa.kea. n. Early afternoon (For. 6:379.)

'ā.lunu. nvs. Greedy, covetous, rapacious; greed, greedy person. Also 'ānunu.

ama. n. Outrigger float; port hull of a double canoe, so called because it replaces the float. Also iama. (PPN hama.)

'ama. 1. nvs. Talkative, prattling, tattling. Cf. 'a'ama. *He waha 'ama iā ha'i, a mouth prattling about others. (PCP kama.)* 2. vs. Light, bright. (Kep. 25.) Cf. mā'ama'ama. (PCP kama.), 3. n. Young 'ama'ama fish, usually called pua 'ama.

-'ama. hō.'ama. To begin to ripen. *Fig.*, adolescents beginning to mature. Usually called hā'ama.

'ama.'ama. 1. n. Mullet (*Mugil cephalus*), a very choice indigenous fish. Stages are (finger length) pua 'ama, pua 'ama'ama, pua po'olā, 'o'olā; (hand length) kahaha (or pahaha); (20 cm) 'ama'ama; (30 cm or more) 'anae. *Fig.*, an easy mark (modern slang). See 'ōpele 2. *Mai pi'ikoi i ka 'ama'ama! Don't strive for the 'ama'ama fish! [be satisfied with what you have, why look for a rich person?] (PCP kamakama.)* 2. Redup. of 'ama 1, 2.

'ā.ma'a.mau. vi. In rapid succession. Cf. ma'amau. *'Āma'amau ka holo o nā ka'a, the cars followed one behind the other very quickly.*

'ā.make. vt. To cause death, defeat.

'ama.kihi. n. A group of small endemic Hawaiian honey creepers, *Loxops virens*; abundant on Hawai'i (*L. v. v.*), Maui (*L. v. wilsoni*), and Kaua'i, uncommon on O'ahu (*L. v. chloris*) and Moloka'i, rare on Lā-na'i. The feathers are yellow and greenish, and were formerly used in feather capes. The Kaua'i form was also called *alawī kihi*. *'Amakihi 'awa'awa, sour 'amakihi [person with a sour disposition].*

'ā.mala, amara. n. Armorer, blacksmith. *Eng.*

'ā.mama. vt. Finished, of a pre-Christian prayer (said almost at the end of a prayer); to finish a prayer, to pray and sacrifice. *'Āmama, ua noa, the prayer is said, the taboo is over. Ua 'āmama aku 'o 'Umi i ke kino o Hākau i mua o Kā'ili, kona akua, 'Umi offered the body of Hākau in sacrifice to Kā'ili, his god.*

'ā.mana. n. Y-shaped crosspiece at the end of a pole (as of a lā'au kia); horizontal line on an upright; branches of a tree in the form of a Y; gallows; T-shaped; shaft of an octopus lure (Kam. 76:68). Cf. ke'a, ko'oko'o 'āmana, noho 'āmana, pe'a, and mana, branch.

-āmana. ho'ā.mana. To give authority, authorization; to empower, authorize, commission. *Na wai 'oe i ho'āmana mai? Who gave you permission?*